WEATHER
Probably fair Tuesday and Wednesday.

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ONE SECTION

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LATIN-AMERICA WILL NOT OFFER MEDIATION AT THE PRESENT TIME

Lansing Indicates That United States Does Not Consider This the Proper Time.

NEXT MOVE CARRANZA'S

Congress and War Department Put New Urgency in Their Preparations for War.

CONFER WITH RAILROADS

House Appropriates $25,000,000 for Emergency Purposes.

Washington, June 26. — Efforts toward Latin-American mediation in the Mexican crisis, favored by Carranza officials, collapsed today without having reached the stage of a formal proposal to the United States. It was made plain by Secretary Lansing to Ignacio Calderon, minister of Bolivia, who called with the intention of asking whether the United States would entertain an offer of the services of its southern neighbors to aid in averting war, that the Washington government see nothing in the situation that would warrant arbitration proceedings.

Lansing Talks With Calderon.

Mr. Lansing talked with the minister for half an hour and is understood to have told him that the blame for the grave outlook rested squarely upon General Carranza. The attitude of the United States was so fully outlined that Mr. Calderon did not mention directly the original purpose of his visit.

When the minister left the State Department he said the time "seemed inopportune", and that for the present the diplomatic representatives of six South and Central American countries who had approached the Mexican embassy on the subject of mediation and received assurances that the Carranza government was favorable to the principle, would not tender their good offices to the United States. He indicated that the attempt to arrange mediation might be renewed if General Carranza's reply to Secretary Lansing's last note furnished any basis on which the proposal could be founded.

Awaiting Carranza's Reply.

The United States now is waiting for Carranza's final word in reply to the note sent yesterday demanding release of the prisoners taken at Carrizal and a formal diplomatic announcement of intentions. The note reached Mexico City late last night. Special Agent Rodgers reported its receipt, adding that he had failed in his first efforts to place it in the hands of the Carranza minister of foreign relations. Undoubtedly it was delivered today. Officials looked for an answer within a day or two at most.

Meanwhile both Congress and the War Department put new urgency into their preparations for war. There were indications that should a formal break occur toward the end of the week, General Funston will be in position to defend the border adequately and reinforce Pershing's expedition, although aggressive action may be delayed somewhat.

War Department Active.

War Department activities during the day covered a wide field. Supplemental orders to departmental commanders called for greater haste in getting the National Guard to the border. Authorization went out to accept the men under the physical examinations on which they entered the state service, postponing final examination until they are en route or have reached the border. Those found unfit will be sent back at once.

Estimates to cover the pay and maintenance expense of the state troops, totaling $88,000,000 up to January 1, were laid before Congress. With them went figures of $13,000,000 for the purchase of horses and mules for army use. The total estimates of the Quartermaster General alone pass the $100,000,000 mark.

The House passed the annual Army Appropriation bill after adding $26,000,000 for emergency purposes, during the brief debate that preceded the vote. An urgent deficiency bill carrying $25,000,000 for National Guard pay, equipment and transportation was framed in committee for presentation to the House tomorrow.

Confer With Railroads.

Railroad representatives were called into conference at the War Department to hasten the shipment of troops and supplies to the border. A definite plan was mapped out, under which traffic experts of all lines will work with army quartermasters in routing trains. Cars with army supplies will have the right of way at all switching points.

Plans for military censorship over newspapers, magazines and other publications as well as over lines of communication were talked over. A resolution conferring broad powers in this regard upon the President was framed for submission to Congress.

In the Senate the National Guard draft resolution was passed with amendments which will necessitate its return to the House and possibly a conference before its final approval. Army officials await with impatience the authority it grants to consolidate

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CAPT. MOREY TELLS OF CARRIZAL FIGHT

Says Negro Troopers Faced Almost Certain Death Smiling and Singing

PAYS TRIBUTE TO BOYD

Men Finding Themselves Trapped, Fought for 45 Minutes, Joking Among Themselves—Adair Died Fighting.

Field Headquarters, June 26. (by wireless to Columbus, N. M.)—American negro troopers faced almost certain death at Carrizal with smiles on their lips, and they burst into song once or twice as they fought their grim fight against odds. This was the story told by Captain Lewis S. Morey, when he arrived at field headquarters today.

"For 45 minutes the men fought, joking among themselves all the while, even though they realized we had been trapped and had little chance of getting out alive," he said. Captain Morey paid high tribute to the valor displayed by Captain Boyd in leading a handful of dismounted skirmishers through the machine gun fire and into the ambush of death. He added that it was not until their ammunition was exhausted that the troop was finally cut to pieces, and told of the heroic death of Lieut. Henry R. Adair, of Portland, Ore., in an attempt to replenish it.

Lieutenant Adair died fighting, his last words being, "Go on, sergeant," to a non-commissioned officer at his side, Captain Morey said. The two were on their way to the pack animals, carrying the ammunition, when they were intercepted near a small irrigation ditch by a detail of the Mexicans. Lieutenant Adair had already been wounded and had lost his pistol in the previous fighting, but he had borrowed another and was fighting a hand to hand battle when he was killed. He fell unconscious and was caught by the negro sergeant as he slid toward the ditch which was deeply filled with water. The sergeant held Adair in his arms, his face above the water until he died, the wounded officer reviving only long enough to whisper orders to leave him and finish the mission.

Captain Morey said that Captain Boyd warned the men before the fight that they were advancing into the greatest danger. He reiterated that the Carranza soldiers opened fire first from their machine gun trenches and asserted that almost immediately afterward a detachment of the Mexicans circled to the rear and drove off numbers of the American horses, which a few men had been left to hold while the cavalrymen dismounted in line of skirmish.

Captain Morey was brought here by troopers of the 11th cavalry sent to rescue Carrizal survivors, after having led a handful of starving, panting troopers 40 miles over a sun-baked desert to relief.

TWO COMPANIES OF MILITIA TO ESCORT TO SNOW HILL.

Will Black to be Taken to Greene County on Special Train.

Raleigh, N. C., June 27.—Fearing that an attempt would be made to lynch Will Black, a negro, if unprotected, when placed on trial at Snow Hill tomorrow for criminal assault on a small white child, the prisoner, who has been in the penitentiary here for safe keeping, will be taken to Snow Hill this morning on a special train under escort of two companies of militia, which will be on guard during the trial.

110 PERSONS KILLED IN AIR RAID ON KARLSRUHE

Berlin, June 26 (Via London, June 27).—A report on the aeroplane raid on Karlsruhe, June 22, shows that 110 persons, including five women and 75 children, were killed and 147 persons injured, including 20 women and 79 children.

Because it was the Feast of Corpus Christi, the crowds in the streets were greater than usual, especially in the direction of the recreation grounds. At about 3 o'clock in the afternoon two explosions occurred in the western part of the town, and soon afterward enemy airmen were seen through powerful glasses flying very high. They hovered over the town for fifteen minutes and dropped 29 bombs, then withdrew to the southwest.

The material damage was unimportant.

ENTIRE VIRGINIA FORCE IS READY FOR BORDER TOMORROW

Richmond, Va., Jun 26.—Adjutant-General Sale announced today that Virginia troops, embodying the first and second infantry, the first battalion field artillery, and the hospital corps, will be ready to leave Richmond for the Mexican border on Wednesday night or Thursday morning. The entire military force of the state named in the War Departments mobilization orders will move to the mobilization camp tomorrow and units ordered to the front will leave from that point.

20,000 GUARDSMEN ARE EXPECTED AT EL PASO THIS WEEK

Hurried Preparations Under Way for Housing and Rationing at Least 25,000 Men.

5,000 REGULARS ARE THERE

Border Calm Last Night; Rumors of Further Clashes Denied by Americans and Mexicans.

El Paso, June 26.—Hurried preparations for the reception of thousands of National Guardsmen, were under way in El Paso tonight. Military authorities expect approximately 20,000 guardsmen to arrive here before the end of the week, and, with the 5,000 regular troops now stationed here, will make El Paso the largest military concentration camp in the United States.

With the entire Guard of Massachusetts, New Jersey and Connecticutt, approximating 10,000 men, under orders to entrain for El Paso, General Bell said that he was making preparations for the housing and rationing of 25,000, so he would be prepared to care for any additional troops sent him.

It is planned that about 5,000 state troops now on their way here will be stationed at Fort Bliss on the outskirts of the town while camp sites were laid within the corporate limits of the city for the remaining 5,000.

General Bell said that water mains had been laid, sewer connections made and the ground leveled, leaving nothing for the guardsmen to do upon their arrival but to set their canvas.

Arrangements have been made for the drilling of recruits by non-commissioned officers of the regular army on station here. It was estimated that a million dollars worth of supplies, equipment, food and forage is in transit to the quartermaster depot here.

Military authorities today compiled lists of motor cars and motor trucks in El Paso available for army use in emergency and arrangements were made with four local hospitals to care for overflow patients in the base hospital at Fort Bliss.

Border Calm Last Night.

The border was calm tonight. Rumors that American and Mexican troops had again clashed between Carrizal and Villa Ahumada were denied by American and Mexican military authorities.

Discussion on both sides of the river centered upon President Wilson's demands upon Carranza. Mexican officials and Mexicans of the better educated class said they did not believe there would be any objection to surrendering the American prisoners taken at Carrizal. This concession, they said, ought to satisfy American pride, but they expressed fear that it would not. In the Mexican view the Carrizal fight is simply an object lesson as to the danger of letting the American troops come into contact with the Mexicans.

FUNSTON EXPECTS 70,000 MORE MEN IN TEN DAYS.

San Antonio, Texas, June 26.—Twelve thousand National Guardsmen are expected to start for Texas points within the next few hours and preparation

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VILLA REPORTED SHOT FROM REAR BY MEXICAN

One Whom the Bandit Had Impressed Into His Gang.

However, His Fate is Still Unknown. Francisco Said to Have Exhibited Every Evidence of Terror in His Flight.

Field Headquarters, June 26 (by courier to Columbus, N. M., June 26)—Francisco Villa was shot from the rear by a Mexican he had impressed into his gang, during the battle with Carranza troops at Guerrero, but his fate still is unknown. The information was contained in a semi-official account obtained by Major Robert Howse, who was close on Villa's trail last April, and given out here today.

Major Howse learned the details of the wounding of the bandit chieftain from one of the Mexicans Villa drafted and who afterward deserted.

The details of the story agreed with facts American officers obtained in their pursuit of Villa and by their independent secret service work, but the account does not sa ywhether the bandit died or recovered.

Villa, the Mexican deserter said, exhibited every evidence of terror during the early stages of his flight, after the Americans had defeated his men at Guerrero. The informant said he believed Villa was dead, but if he still were alive, he was in the state of Durango, for which point he was heading during his flight from General Pershing's men.

AUSTRIANS HAVE WITHDRAWN FROM TRENTINO SECTOR

Italians at Home Rejoicing, While Forces in the Field Are Continuing Their Advance.

RECONQUERING POSITIONS

Capturing Men and Taking All Kinds of War Supplies Abandoned in Precipitate Retreat.

Rome, June 26.—Two Austrian transports have been sunk in the harbor of Durazzo by the Italians. The transports were loaded with troops, arms and ammunition.

Rome, June 26, (via Paris).—Reports from the front state that the Italians are advancing all long the Trentino sector, reconquering positions which the Austrians had occupied and capturing men, arms, ammunition, provisions and all kinds of supplies which the Austrians were obliged to abandon in precipitate retreat. All Italy is rejoicing over the withdrawal of the Austrians six weeks after their offensive movement on the Trentino front began.

The official statement of today reads:

"The enemy, incapable of overcoming our defense and under the energetic pressure which we have been conducting for several days, has been forced to begin a retreat north of the Mandrielle roads.

"We have captured the positions of Castel Gamberto, Melette, Mount Longara, Gallio, Asiago, Cesuna and Monte Cengio. Our advance continues vigorously closely at the heels of the enemy.

"We advanced from the Arsa valley to the Sette Communi plateau. In the Arsa valley we took Raossi and the slopes southwest of Mnte Lemerle. Our line detachments drove in the enemy at the head of the Monte Pruche ravine and began an advance to the Posina valley. The greatest progress was made on the right flank where we occupied Pria Fora and pushed to the outskirts of Ardero.

"On the Sette Comuni plateau we occupied the northern slopes of Monte Busibollo, Belmonte, Pannoccio, Bareo and Cengio, southwest of the line running through Monte Longara, Galloi, Asiago and Censuna on which we are firmly established. Northeast of the plateau we took Monte Cemine and Monte Castellaro and Monte Delle, west of Cimi di Caldiera.

"The enemy withdrew rapidly before our advance. He blew up the bridge at Foxi and set fire to Aspe, Stanna and Stainbri. Along the whole front were trenches of the enemy filled with corpses, large quantities of arms, ammunition, food and other material were left by the enemy. Sharp fighting is still going on.

"In Carina and on the Isonzo are artillery is activ eand especially in the upper But valley, where the enemy's trenches were damagd extensively by explosions and fires were caused.

"Hostile aircraft dropped bombs near Ala and on Padua, Fonzaso, Primolano and Grigno. There were no casualties and no damage was inflicted. Our aeroplanes bombarded positions of the enemy on Monte Bover, southeast of Caldonazzo, the railway station of Oberdrauburg, and depots at Dellach, in the Drave valley. At each of these places large fires were observed."

RUSSIAN CAVALRY SUCCEED IN OCCUPYING NEW POSITION

Petrograd, June 26 (Via London)—Russian cavalry after a battle with Austro-Hungarian troops, has occupied a position near Pezoritt, about five and a half miles west of Kimpolung, in Bukowina. The foregoing was announc-

(Continued on Page Two.)

GERMAN OFICIALS DENY TAKING HAND IN MEXICO

Berlin, June 26, (via London).—From a highly competent source, The Associated Press today received authority to deny completely tales which have reached here from the United States intimating that the German legation in Mexico City is inspiring General Carranza to hostility to the United States.

"That is an unmitigated lie," said an official when these reports were called to his attention. "We recognized Carranza because the United States asked us to and have no further interest. Once he was recognized, it was natural that our representative should keep on good terms with the head of the government and maintain friendly relations with him, but that is as far as our interests went."

THE DAY IN CONGRESS

SENATE

Met at noon.

Appropriations committee voted large increases for purchase of cannon in fortifications bill.

Passed Hay resolution providing for draft of National Guardsmen into Federal service.

Sub-committee amended Naval bill to provide completion of Navy General Board's 16-capital ship programme within three years instead of five.

Recessed at 7:10 p. m. until 10:30 a. m. Tuesday.

HOUSE

Met at 10:30 a. m.

Passed Army Appropriation bill carrying $180,000,000.

Adjourned at 6:15 p. m. until noon Tuesday.

HOUSE RESOLUTION ADOPTED IN SENATE AFTER LONG DEBATE

Measure Authorizes the President to Draft the National Guardsmen.

RELIEF IS STRICKEN OUT

Provision for Million Appropriation for the Dependents of Guardsmen Eliminated.

Washington, June 26.—The House resolution authorizing the President to draft National Guardsmen was adopted by the Senate today after a $1,000,000 appropriation to aid dependent families of the men so drafted had been stricken out and a provision substituted, under which Guardsmen having families dependent on them could be excused from service. A preamble declaring that an emergency now existed requiring the service of troops other than the regular army also was eliminated.

There was some confusion tonight over the exact meaning of the resolution as finally adopted. Senator Clark, of Wyoming, who moved to strike out the declaration of an emergency, included in his motion a proposal to eliminate also a qualifying clause hinging the draft authorization on section III, of the Army Reorganization bill.

The preamble and qualifying clause were stricken out by unanimous consent. The language of the resolution as adopted was construed in some quarters as giving the President an unqualified power of conscription over all National Guardsmen. It reads:

"Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of American, in Congress assembled:

"That the President be and he is hereby authorized to draft into the military service of the United States any or all members of the National Guard and of the organized militia of the several states, territories and District of Columbia, and any and all members of the National Guard and national militia reserves for a period not exceeding three years unless sooner discharged."

Senator Clark said tonight his motion did not contemplate giving a conscription power to the President and he did not construe the amended resolution as conferring such authority.

It was said tonight that should it be found that the amended resolution did give the President conscription power, it would be modified in conference, to which it probably will be referred tomorrow.

The million dollar appropriation for relief of dependent families of drafted Guardsmen was stricken out by a vote of 45 to 30 after an all day debate. Twenty-one Democrats and nine Republicans voted to retain the appropriation.

HOUSE UNANIMOUSLY PASSES ARMY APPROPRIATION BIIL.

Washington, June 26.—The House passed the army appropriation bill today by a unanimous vote after it had increased its total to $190,000,000 through the addition of $26,000,000 for many separate items. While it was

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BOTH A PEACEFUL AND PERMISSIBLE MISSION

On Which Capt. Boyd's Men Were Engaged at Carrizal.

Expeditionary Forces Were Gradually Moving North, But Sending Out Patrols for Protective and Observatory Purposes.

Field Headquarters, June 26, (via wireless to Columbus, N. M.)—It was both a peaceful and permissible mission on which the troops of the Tenth cavalry, commanded by Captain Boyd, were engaged when they fought Carranza troops at Carrizal last Wednesday, according to the view expressed today by officers with General Pershing's column.

It was peaceful, they declared, because all the Pnited States troops' campaigning had been done in expectation of co-operation by Carranza soldiers and permissible because no limitation had been agreed upon by the two governments which would restrict patrolling by the Americans.

When General Trevino's warning, that he would fire upon American troops moving in any direction except north, reached the expeditionary forces they were moving north gradually, in expectation that Carranza's forces would occupy the territory evacuated and police it.

In the meantime, patrols were sent out on each side of the American columns for protective and observatory purposes. They moved in whatever direction their immediate duties required. The Carrizal patrol was one of them.

Reports that General Pershing occupied Nuevo Casas Grandes and Cases Grandes, when the Mexicans evacuated these towns, are erroneous.

PROGRESSIVE PARTY'S NATIONAL COMMITTEE ENDORSES MR. HUGHES

HUGHES WELCOMES SUPPORT OF MOOSE

Arraigns the Present Administration for Its "Weakness and Incertitude."

LAUDS ROOSEVELT'S WORK

In Letter to Roosevelt He Declares Nation is Indebted to the Colonel for "the Quickening of the National Spirit."

New York, June 26.—Charles E. Hughes, Republican nominee for president, sent a telegram to O. K. Davis, secretary of the Progressive National committee, tonight, welcoming the support of the Progressive party and arraigning the present administration for its "weakness and incertitude."

In making public the contents of the telegram, Mr. Hughes also gave out a letter he had written to Colonel Roosevelt in which he declared that the Nation was indebted to the Colonel "for the quickening of national spirit and for the demand for an out-and-out 100 per cent Americanism."

The candidate told Colonel Roosevelt that he "had sounded forth the trumpet that shall never call retreat, and I want you to feel that I wish to have all the aid you are able and willing to give."

The letter closed with an expression of a wish by Mr. Hughes to see the Colonel soon.

The telegram to Secretary Davis was in response to a telegram from the secretary notifying Mr. Hughes that the Progressives had endorsed him.

Welcomes Progressive Support.

"I welcome the support of Progressives," Mr. Hughes' message read, "we make common cause in the interest of National honor, of National security, of National efficiency. We unite in the demand for an undivided and unwavering loyalty to our country; for a wholehearted patriotic devotion, overriding all racial differences. We want a revival of the American spirit—a nation restored. We insist upon prompt and adequate provision for the common defense, upon the steadfast maintenance of all the rights of our citizens and upon the integrity of international law.

"The most serious difficulties the present administration have encountered have been due to its own weakness and incertitude. I am profoundly convinced that by prompt and decisive action, which existing conditions manifestly called for, the Lusitania tragedy would have been prevented. We strongly denounce the use of our soil as a base for alien intrigues, for conspiracies and the fomenting of disorders in the interest of any foreign nation, but the responsibility lies at the door of the administration. The moment notice is admitted, responsibility is affixed. For that sort of thing could not continue if the administration took proper measures to stop it. That responsibility the administration cannot evade by condemning others."

Quotes Lansing.

"It was officially stated by the Secretary of State in the Mexican note of June 20, 1916, that 'for three years the Mexican republic has been torn with civil strife; the lives of Americans and other aliens have been sacrificed, vast properties developed by American capital have been destroyed or rendered non-productive; bandits have been permitted to roam at will through territory contiguous to the United States an dto seize without punishment or without effective attempt at punishment, the property of Americans, while the lives of citizens of the United States who ventured to remain in Mexico or to return there to protect their interests have been taken, in some cases barbarously taken, and the murderers have neither been apprhended nor brought to justice."

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(Continued on Page Two.)

After Reading Roosevelt's Letter, Urging Support of the Republican Candidate.

BULL MOOSE IS NO MORE

Vote of 32 to 6, With Nine Not Voting, Follows Stormy Scene in the Meeting.

MINORITY FIGHTS HARD

Victor Murdock's Name Presented; Clash Follows.

Chicago, June 26. — By a vote of 32 to 6, with nine members declining to vote, the national committee of the Progressive party today endorsed Chas. E. Hughes for president and the Bull Moose party practically went out of existence as a national political organization. The decision to endorse the Republican Presidential nominee came at the end of a stormy session.

The fight in the committee for Hughes' endorsement was led by Geo. W. Perkins, of New York; Jas. R. Garfield, of Ohio, and Chester H. Rowell, of California. The radical element in the committee represented by Matthew Hale, of Massachusetts; Bainbridge Colby, of New York; Henry F. Cochems, of Wisconsin, and Jno. M. Parker, of Louisiana, vigorously protested against the endorsement of any candidate for President, and fought the majority at every step of the proceedings.

Some Committeemen Bolt.

The minority's first move was to insist on an open session of the committee and it won this point after a number of committeemen led by Jno. M. Parker bolted the meeting.

After Oscar King Davis, secretary of committee, had read Colonel Roosevelt's letter finally declining the Progressive nomination for president and urging that Mr. Hughes be supported by members of the Progressive party in order to defeat President Wilson, the committee voted to accept Colonel Roosevelt's declination and took a recess for luncheon.

At the beginning of the afternoon session, Chairman Matthew Hale, of Massachusetts, ruled the next order of business was to fill the vacancy on the ticket caused by the refusal of Colonel Roosevelt to run.

Bainbridge Colby, of New York, presented the name of Victor Murdock, of Kansas, chairman of the national committee, now on his way to China. This led to a clash between Raymond Robins and Mr. Colby, in which the lie was passed. Mr. Robins said Mr. Murdock had told him he would not accept the presidential nomination. The proposition to run a third party ticket then was defeated after a spirited debate, by a vote of 31 to 15.

Mr. Garfield next introduced a resolution endorsing Hughes for president and directing the executive committee of the Progressive party to co-operate with the Republicans in the campaaign.

Other members said the committee had no power except to fill the vacancy caused by Colonel Roosevelt's decline to run.

Debate of Several Hours.

Chairman Hale ruled that the motion to endorse or recommend the Republican candidate was ont of order and a debate of several hours ensued.

Finally Mr. Garfield appealed from the decision of the chair and was sustained 33 to 14. During the discussion Raymond Robins indicated he would support President Wilson if the Progressives did not put a ticket in the field.

Mr. Parker made a fiery protest against any endorsement. Many of the Progressives were former Democrats, he said, and had burned all their political bridges when they joined the Progressive organization. He intimated he might vote for President Wilson.

Before the roll was called for the endorsement of Hughes, Colby made an unsuccessful attempt to have all action delayed until August 5, the anniversary of the firth of the Progressive party.

How They Voted.

The following states voted for the endorsement of Hughes on the roll call: Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, District of Columbia, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Michigan, Minnesota, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, Wyoming and Hawaii.

After endorsing Mr. Hughes, the committee, on motion of Dean W. D. Lewis, of Pennsylvania, unanimously decided that the action should not be binding on any individual.

TO INVADE CANADA "BLOW UP" BORDER

Two Purposes of Alleged German Conspiracies Related in Detail at Trial of Hauscher.

VON DER GOLTZ TESTIFIES

Says Count von Bernstorff "Objected" to Invasion of Canada and Then Von Papen Promoted the Other Scheme.

New York, June 26.—Details of alleged German conspiracies—one to invade Canada with an armed force and another to "blow up the Canadian-American border"—were related on the witness stand today in the trial of Hans Tauscher, former German army officer and husband of Mme. Gadzski, the opera singer.

Vorst von der Goltz, upon whose confession of participation in the alleged plot to dynamite the Welland canal in September, 1914, Tauscher, Wolf von Igel, and others were indicted, testified that Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador at Washington, "objected" to the plan to send an army into Canada, and that in lieu of this scheme, Captain von Papen, then military attache of the German embassy, engineered a plot to destroy with dynamite, grain elevators, barges, canals and railroads along the Canadian-American border. The purpose of this campaign, the witness said, was to throw the Canadian people in a panic, destroy the morale of their troops and stop the sailing of steamers and munition-laden ships to England.

After von der Goltz had accepted employment from von Papen, according to the witness' own testimony, the military attache gave him a letter to German consuls at Baltimore and St. Paul asking them to do everything possible for him.

"I was then sent to Captain Tauscher," the witness asserted. "He, von Papen told me, would furnish all the dynamite and guns needed."

The written order for the dynamite, signed by Captain Tauscher, was admitted into the record.

Sums of money, from $100 to $250, were paid him, the witness said, by John Ryan, a Buffalo lawyer. Von der Goltz identified receipts given by him to Ryan.

Under cross examination the witness said that while in El Paso, Texas, he adopted the name of Von der Goltz "at the suggestion of the German government." He declared that he deserted the United States army because he was "forced to do so by German secret organizations in Galveston, Texas."

AUSTRIANS HAVE WITHDRAWN FROM TRENTINO SECTOR

(Continued From Page One.)

ed in the official statement issued today by the Russian war office.

Regarding the operations in Bukowina, the war office announced that Russian forces also were advancing southward, approaching the passes leading into Transylvania.

The official statement follows:

"Western front: There has been intense artillery fire in many sectors in the regions of Jacobstadt and Dvinsk.

"In the region east of Horodyshoky, north of Baranovichi, after a violent bombardment of our trenches near the Hieroboff farm on Sunday night, the enemy took the offensive, but was repulsed. At the same time on the road to Slutsk the enemy attempted to approach our trenches on the Shara river, but was repulsed by our fire.

"In the region northeast of Lake Vygonovskoye, yesterday, at noon, the Germans attacked the farm situated five versts southwest of Lipsk. They were repulsed. The enemy renewed his attack at noon on a greatly extended front, under cover of heavy and light artillery.

"Yesterday morning our aviators, Sub-Lieutenants Kvahskoff and Vladimiroff perished, meeting a heroic death.

"On the Styr, from Kolki to Sokul, the Germans are bombarding our trenches with heavy artillery, and have attacked locally, but everywhere were successfully repulsed.

"Repeated attacks in mass formation in the region of Linewa on the Stokhod were repulsed by our fire.

"In the direction of Lutsk and further south the situation is unchanged.

"On the reaches of the Dneister, south of Buczacz, our Don Cossacks, having crossed the river fighting and overthrowing elements of the enemy's advance guards, occupied the villages of Siekerghine and Petruve, capturing five officers and 350 men.

"Russian cavalry after a fight, occupied the enemy position near Pezoritt, nine versts west of Kimpolung (Bukowina).

"According to later reports, we captured large depots of wood and 31 abandoned wagons at Molit and Frumos stations, on the Gurahumora-Rasoka Railway.

"We also are making progress southward, approaching passes leading to Transylvania."

GERMANS IN VOLHYNIA STORM THE RUSSIAN POSITIONS

Vienna, June 26, (via London).—The German troops west of Sokul in Volhynia have stormed Russian positions over a front of about 3,000 metres and repulsed all counter attacks, according to the Austrian official communication issued today. The communication admits that the Austrians have shortened their fighting front in the Italian theatre between he rivers Brenta and Eetsch. The retirement here was unhindered by the Italians.

The communication says:

"On the heights north of Kuty, (Bokowina) Russians attacks were repulsed with heavy enemy losses. On the remainder of this front in Galicia, the situation is calmer.

"In Volhynia the fighting activity is restricted mostly to artillery combats. West of Sokul German troops stormed enemy positions over a length of some 3,000 metres and repulsed all counter attacks. Further north the situation is unchanged.

"Italian theatre: In order to safeguard our full freedom of action, we shortened at some points our front in th efighting sector between the rivers Brenta and Etsch. This move was completed unnoticed and unhindered by the enemy and without losses."

GALICIAN DEADLOCK IS BROKEN AT LAST

Russians Advance in Bukowina; Repulsed by the Austrians North of Kuty.

SUMMARY OF WAR NEWS

Heavy Fighting Continues in Volhynia—Germans Effect Intense Bombardment of Russian Positions in North—Turks Repulsed.

The Russians in Bukowina have made further progress against the Austro-Hungarians in the region of Kimpolung, but in the operations to the north of Kuty the Austrians have repulsed the Russian attacks, inflicting heavy casualties on the invaders, according to Vienna.

In Galicia the Russians have at last broken the deadlock and thrown their Don Cossacks across the Dneister and occupied the villages of Siekerghine and Petruve.

Heavy fighting continues in Volhynia, especially around Sokul, to the north of Lutsk. Here Vienna says the Germans have stormed Russian positions over a front of about 3,000 metres, and held the captured positions against all counter attacks. Along the Styr, from Kolki to Sokul, the Germans are still vigorously bombarding the Russian positions, while around Linewka, on the Stokhod river, they have launched repeated infantry attacks in mass formations which Petrograd asserts were all repulsed.

In the region of the Pripet marshes to as far as Jacobstadt there have been intense bombardments of Russian positions by the Germans, and several infantry attacks, which the Russian war office says were put down by the Russian fire.

Since Sunday night only artillery actions have taken place. These have diminished in intensity. The British have carried out a number of successful attacks against the Germans and also bombarded with considerable effect German positions on various sectors.

In Asiatic Turkey, near Mosul, and in the vicinity of Bagdad, the Turks have attempted offensive movements against the Russians, but were everywhere repulsed, except on the Euphrates, where they seized a height. Later they were ejected from it, according to Petrograd.

Additional gains for the British forces operating against the Germans in East Africa are related in a British communication.

The Italians have sent two Austrian transports loaded with troops, arms and ammunition, to the bottom, in the harbor of Durazzo.

Turning to the offensive in Trentino, and across the border in Italy, where they were driven recently by the Austrians, the Italians have forced the Austrians to a general retreat along the entire front. King Victor Emmanuel's men are still on the heels of the Austrians, who are declared to be rapidly falling back before the Italian advance.

Vienna admits withdrawal of the Austrian forces between the Brenta and Etsch rivers, which it is declared was done to safeguard their full freedom of action.

HOUSE RESOLUTION ADOPTED BY SENATE AFTER LONG DEBATE

(Continued from Page One.)

sifting amendments, the House Appropriations committee agreed on $25,000,000 deficiency bill to provide funds for calling the National Guard into Federal service. The appropriations bill now goes to the Senate.

Some of the principal increases made were:

For field artillery for National Guard, increased from $31,000,000 to $38,000,000.

For manufacture and purchase of ammunition for National Guard, $3,000,000, to $8,000,000.

For citizen military training, $500,000 to $2,000,000.

Horses, $800,000 to $3,800,000.

Medical and hospital supplies, $1,000,000 to $2,000,000.

Engineering equipment, $500,000 to $1,000,000.

Small arms ammunition reserve, $2,500,000 to $4,500,000.

Small arms, $2,000,000 to $5,000,00.

Ordnance, $3,000,000 to $6,000,000.

Machine guns for the army, $1,4000,000 to $3,600,000, and a separate appropriation of $2,000,000 for the National Guard.

Armored motor cars $150,000 to $300,000.

20,000 GUARDSMEN ARE EXPECTED AT EL PASO THIS WEEK

(Continued From Page One.)

for their arrival and distribution has given officers here no time to watch developments on which the issue of war hangs.

Within ten days General Funston expects to have 70,000 men to supplement the regular army units at his disposal. Bids were opened here today for 53,000 cavalry and artillery horses and 20,000 draft and pack mules, which will cost more than $10,000,000.

A force of 1,500 Mexican troops were reported today to have arrived opposite Naco, Ariz., where they were being held in trains. Reinforcements have been sent to the Naco garrison from a point not named.

General Pershing has reported that he is drawing in his advanced detachments and is holding his force in such a position as to make an effective movement in any direction. It is presumed that the two squadrons of the 11th cavalry sent to learn the fate of Captain Boyd's command engaged at Carrizal, has combed the adjacent country for survivors and completed its work, though General Funston has not received word that they have been ordered back to the main column.

Columbia, S. C., June 26. — Mobilization of the National Guard of South Carolina, called upon for border duty, was completed today with the arrival at the state camp near here of a machine gun company. The troops consist of two infantry regiments and a troop of cavalry. Governor Manning, who yesterday issued a call for 1,000 volunteers, visited the camp again today. Recruiting is being rushed to bring all the companies to war strength.

AMERICAN CONSULATE DEMOLISHED BY MOB

Smashed by Thousands of Civilians Led by Mayor.

"Death to All the 'Gringoes'" is the Cry of the Mexican Civilians in Torreon, as They Rush Through the City's Streets.

Eagle Pass, Texas, June 26. — The United States consulate at Torreon, Mexico, was demolished June 18 by a mob of several thousand civilians, led by the mayor of the city and a Carranza army band, according to American refugees arriving here late today.

The mob rushed through the streets shouting: "Death to all the 'Gringoes,'" and upon reaching the consulate destroyed the furniture, and then wrecked the building. Afterward the mob congregated in the central plaza of the twon where a mass meeting was held. The mayor and other prominent Mexicans, it is said, addressed this meeting, inciting the populace against Americans, advising that all citizens of the United States be run out of the country.

Among the Americans arriving here with the story are H. G. Storen, J. J. Martin, J. A. Rogers, F. M. Howard, L. S. Spreckelmyer, E. A. Porter and his son; Willis Lee, W. H. Sturgeon and family, Mrs. Mary Love and her two children.

These refugees are en route to their homes in various parts of the United states.

LATIN-AMERICA WILL NOT OFFER MEDIATION AT THE PRESENT TIME

(Continued from Page One.)

incomplete units of the National Guard.

Movement to Border.

Indications tonight were that 10,000 men additional might reach the border this week; in two weeks 50,000, and in three weeks the whole force summoned under President Wilson's call might be moved.

President Wilson expressed to callers today his appreciation of the announcement of business houses throughout the country that their employes would be permitted to serve with the National Guard without loss of salaries or positions. Several employers have sent such announcements direct to the White House. To one New York company whose offer reached him today he wrote:

"The patriotic response of the business men under unusual circumstances has been what I confidently expected it would be, and it affords me genuine pleasure to have this opportunity to express my admiration and gratification."

Americans in Mexico.

State Department estimates fix the number of Americans remaining in Mexico at approximately 1,000. All of those who decide to leave are expected to be en route north by the end of the week. Some have announced their intention of remaining, whatever happens, but this number grows less daily.

Consuls at Manzanilla and Frontera have started home. No consuls now remain in the interior. Some are lingering at ports where American war craft are keeping vigil for refugees to give their countrymen aid.

At Vera Cruz, where more than 400 Americans from Mexico City have arrived in the last few days, the congestion has been relieved by the departure of a Ward liner, crowded above capacity. The transport Sumner, now at Tampico, has been ordered to Vera Cruz and will be relieved by the tender Dixie. The number of Americans at Tampico has been reduced from nearly 2,000 to about 200.

In connection with the oil fields of the Tampico region, it is known that the attitude of the Carranza commander in charge at the fields themselves has been much more conservative than that of General Nafarette, at Tampico itself. State Department officials feel that this condition may serve to protect the wells somewhat in the event of war.

Secretary Baker announced tonight that navy yard employes who are members of the National Guard will be given honorable discharges in cases where their services are needed by the navy. Secretary Daniels had suggested such a ruling. Mr. Baker said the government had ample equipment for all the Guardsmen ordered out, though the task of taking the supplies from warehouses and marking, packing and shipping them had entailed some delay. This is being rapidly overcome, the Secretary said.

Secretary Baker and General Scott, chief of staff, today reviewed the District of Columbia camp at Delray, Va., where the first District Guardsmen were being mustered into the Federal service. A signal corps of 75 men and 12 officers of the medical and quartermaster's departments qualified during the day. A battalion of negro infantry will be mustered in early tomorrow, and a total of about 500 of the 2,000 men at the camp probably will be ready to entrain for the border before night.

Major Charles Hine, formerly general manager of the Southern Pacific Railway of Mexico, and now a resident of Virginia, came to Washington today and offered his services to the War Department. He is a graduate of West Point and saw service during the Spanish war.

REVIVAL AT WADESBORO

Meetings in Presbyterian Church Gaining in Interest.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Wadesboro, N. C., June 26.—The revival meeting that has been in progress at the Presbyterian church since Tuesday is progress at the Presbyterian church since Tuesday is rapidly gaining in interest. Although a very disagreeable day yesterday, the main audiorium and Sunday school room of the church was filled at the morning, afternoon and evening service. Dr. Reavis delivered his lecture on Africa at the 4:30 services in the afternoon and at the close of this lecture twenty candidates were received into the full communior of th church and three infants received the ordinance of Baptism.

Dr. Reavis, of Columbia Seminary, is doing some most effective preaching and he is being assisted in his efforts b ythe consecrated singing of Rev. Mr Wardlaw, of Charlotte. The meeting will continue through Thursday evening.

HER QUICK CHANGE IS BIG SURPRISE TO MANY FRIENDS

Wooster Street Woman Says "Tanlac" When Asked What She Has Done For Her Condition.

"Tanlac" is the merry answer Mrs. S. A. Rogers, 10 Wooster street, this city, gives when neighbors and friends stop her on the street and exclaim: "Why, Mrs. Rogers, what in the world have you done for yourself?"

"It certainly is a great joy to surprise people in this manner," Mrs. Rogers explained to the Tanlac Man. Then, in speaking of her former condition, she said: "Not long ago I was in such a run-down condition that I could not sleep for more than one hour at a time. I suffered from choking sensations and pains around my heart because of nervous indigestion. I had to take purgatives to gain temporary relief before taking Tanlac, the treatment of which I started when I learned of its doing so much good for my friends.

"Now I am on my second bottle, and am an entirely different woman. Friends and neighbors stop on the street now, when they see me and ask in bewilderment, 'Why, Mrs. Rogers, what in the world have you done for yourself?'

"And, in appreciation of Tanlac's building me up, I gladly recommend it and offer my story for publication so other sick women may know what a truly great medicine it is."

This ideal reconstructive tonic-appetizer, invigorant, blood and system purifier is sold only in Wilmington by the Bellamy Drug Store, where the Tanlac Man explains its merits daily; Burgaw, C. L. Halstead; Rocky Point, A. N. Rhodes & Co.; Magnolia, J. L. Southall; Southport, Watson's Pharmacy; Supply, G. W. Kirby; New Bern, Bradham Drug Co.

Each town has a Tanlac druggist.—adv.

HUGHES WELCOMES SUPPORT OF MOOSE

(Continued from Page One.)

state and foreign commerce, our transportation facilities, from uncertainty and confusion, ours transportation facilities, from uncertainty and confusion. We must show that we know how to protect the public without destroying or crippling our productive energies.

"To what agency shall be look for th essential constructive programme on which our security and prosperity must depend? It is vain to expect it from the Democratic party. That party has not the national outlook. Both its traditions and dominating influences are fatal handicaps. I have no sectional word to utter. We are to elect a president of the whole country, not of a part. The South, as well as the North, East and West, will be the gainers fro mour endeavors, but i is sober truth as I see it that as we go forward we must make the Republican party the instrument of ou radvice. We want deeds, not words; far reaching national policies. The Progressives have insisted on responsible, not invisible, government; on efficient administration. I yield to no one in that demand. I am eager to call the best ability of the countr yto our aid. For the conduct of the great departments the legislative is directly responsible and there is no excuse whatever for the toleration of incompetency in order to satisfy whatever for the tolerationc of incompetence in order to satisfy partisan obligations.

i.x3favorta ies-wi.nescy ET ETAO

"I am deeply appreciative of your endorsement. I find no difference in platform or in aim which precludes the most hearty co-operation and the most complete unity. It is within the party that the liberalizing spirit you invoke ca nhave the widest and most effective influence. I solicit your earnest effort for the common cause."

Letter to Roosevelt.

The letter to Colonel Roosevelt was as follows:

"I warmly appreciate the cordial letter of endorsement which you have sent to the Progressive committee. No one is more sensible than I of the lasting indebtedness of the nation to you for the quickening of the national spirit, for the demand for an out and out, one hundred per cent., Americanism and for the insistence upon the immediate necessity of a thorough going preparedness, spiritual, military and economic.

"I am in this campaign because of my conviction that we must not only frame but execute a broad constructive programme and that for this purpose we must have a united party, a party inspired by its great traditions and reconsecrated to its loftiest ideals. I know that you have been guided in this emergency by th sole desire to be o fthe largest service to the United States. You have sounded forth the trumpet that shall never call retreat. And I want you to feel that I wish to have all the aid that you are able and willing to give. I want the most effective co-operation with all those who have been fighting by your side. Let us work together for our national security, and for the peace of righteousness and justice.

"I enclose a copy of my telegram to the committee in which I have set forth my attitude. I shall later undertake a full discussion of the issues of the campaign.

"Hoping that I may have the pleasure of seeing you at an early date I am, my Dear Colonel Roosevelt, with cordial regards,

"Faithfully yours,

"CHARLES E. HUGHES."

Mr. Hughes has virtually decided, it was learned today, on the man who will become the party's national chairman and probably will announce his name in a day or two. Branch headquarters, it is expected, will soon be established in Chicago and probably also on the pacific coast.

Kinston, N. C., June 26.——Arrested by the local police, James Lassiter, colored, is being held here for return to the Virginia state penitentiary at Richmond. Lassiter has about half of a three-year sentence for assault to serve. He was sent up from Norfolk. He has served time here. He was working on Kinston streets when arrested. He escaped from the Virginia prison in 1911.

Official War Statements

London, June 27.—The British official statement, issued at midnight, reads:

"We carried out a number of successful attacks last night at different points. Hostile lines were penetrated at ten different places. Our parties inflicted considerable casualties on the enemy and took several prisoners. Our casualties everywhere were slight.

"The Munster Fusiliers and Anzacs were particularly successful.

"In connection with these raids, there was a good deal of artillery work on both sides on yesterday evening and during the night.

"Our artillery fired with great effect, the hostile trenches being considerably damaged in many places. Four large explosions were caused by our heavy artillery in the enemy's rear guard lines between Pozieres and Montauben.

"Today our artillery was again active at numerous points and considerable damage was caused to hostile defensive works, notably near Longueval, Gommecourt, Givenchy-en-Gohelle, north of the Loos salient, opposite Wytschaete and east of Wieltje.

"One hostile kite balloon, in addition to those already reported, was destroyed by our air craft yesterday, making a total of six out of 15 balloons attacked. The six were seen to fall in flames."

TWO MORE N. C. COMPANIES MUSTERED IN U. S. SERVICE

High Percentage of the Men Are Passing at Camp Glenn.

Raleigh, N. C., June 26.—Two more companies of the North Carolina National Guard were mustered in the Federal service at Camp Glenn today. A high per cent. of the men are passing. The field hospital corps of Asheville and the ambulance company of Canton, arrived at Camp Glenn today.

Preparations are being made to move the second regiment to Camp Glenn on Wednesday.

Kinston, N. C., June 26. — Walter Sutton, of Neuse township, Lenoir county, a planter, today reported the loss of two mules, a stable and a quantity of feed stuff, by lightning. Other stock in the stable when the bolt struck and fired the building was saved.

Kinston, N. C., June 26. — Mayor Fred Sutton is active in the proposed organization of a home guard company here. He today announced that no more officers would be taken. "The company has to have privates, now."

Proper Thing Now is to Peel Off Soiled Skin

Those who abhor sticky, greasy, shiny, streaked complexions should religiously avoid creams, powders and rouges during the heated days. There's no need for them, anyway, since the virtues of mercolized wax have become known. No amount of perspiration will produce any evidence that you've been using the wax. As it is applied at bedtime and washed off in the morning, the complexion never looks like a make-up. Mercolized wax gradually takes off a bad complexion, instead of adding anything to make it worse. It has none of the disadvantages of cosmetics and accomplishes much more in keeping the complexion beautifully white, satiny and youthful. Just get an ounce of it at your druggist's and see what a few days' treatment will do. Use like cold cream.

Another effective warm weather treatment—heat tending to cause wrinkles and flabbiness—is a skin-tightener made by dissolving 1 oz. powdered saxolite in ½ pt. witch hazel. Its use (as a face bath) leaves no trace.

BELL-ANS
Absolutely Removes Indigestion. One package proves it. 25c at all druggists.

MILLER'S ANTISEPTIC OIL KNOWN AS
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Will Positively Relieve Pain in Three Minutes

Try it right now for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Lumbago, sore, stiff and swollen joints, pains in the head, back and limbs, corns, bunions, etc. After one application pain disappears as if by magic.

A never failing remedy used internally and externally for Coughs, Colds, Croup, Sore Throat, Diphtheria and Tonsilitis.

This Oil is conceded to be the most penetrating remedy known. Its prompt and immediate effect in relieving pain is due to the fact that it penetrates to the affected parts at once. As an illustration, pour Ten Drops on the thickest piece of sole leather, and it will penetrate this substance through and through in three minutes.

Accept no substitute. This great oil is golden red color only. Every battle guaranteed; 25c. and 50c. a bottle, or money refunded. At leading druggists.

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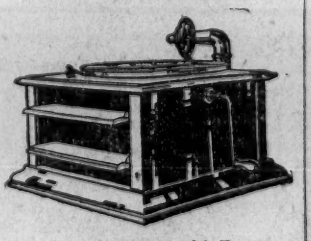

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BOSTON TAKES BOTH GAMES FROM PHILLIES

Cincinnati Wins From St. Louis in 11-Inning Contest.

Both Games at Philadelphia Poorly Played—Chicago-Pittsburg Game Rained Out—Brooklyn and New York Break Even.

RESULTS YESTERDAY

At Brooklyn 8-2; New York 11-1.
At Philadelphia 1-5; Boston 5-9.
At Cincinnati 5; St. Louis 4.
At Chicago, Pittsburg, rain.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY

New York at Brooklyn.
Boston at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at Cincinnati.
Pittsburg at Chicago.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS

	W	L	Pct.
Brooklyn	34	21	.618
Philadelphia	31	25	.554
Boston	28	25	.528
New York	27	27	.500
Chicago	27	31	.466
Pittsburg	25	29	.455
St. Louis	27	36	.429
Cincinnati	28	42	.400

Brooklyn, June 26.—Brooklyn got an even break with New York in a double-header today, losing the first game 11 to 8 and winning the second in a 12-inning pitchers' battle by 2 to 1.

With the score 6 to 0 against them and two out in the fifth inning of the first game, the locals batted Perritt, Schauer and Mathewson for eight hits, including two doubles and a home run, scoring eight runs.

Marquard pitched the second game for Brooklyn and after the visitors had scored a run in the first inning, held them runless until the finish.

A squeeze play after one was out in the 12th resulted in the winning run.

New York .....100 501 400—11 17 1
Brooklyn .....000 080 000— 8 12 0

Perritt, Schauer, Mathewson and Rariden; Pfeiffer, Mails, Smith and McCarty and Miller.

Second game:

New York ....100 000 000 000—1 8 0
Brooklyn ....000 010 000 001—2 9 0

Benton, Perritt and Rariden; Marquard and Miller.

Philadelphia, June 26.—Two poorly played games here today resulted in victories for Boston, 5 to 1 and 9 to 5, the second being decided in ten innings, when the visitors bunched two hits off McQuillan with battery and fielding errors. In the first game Boston won by batting rallies in the last two innings.

Boston .....000 000 032—5 9 1
Philadelphia .....010 000 000—1 4 2

Reulbach, Hughes and Gowdy; Rixey, Bender, Oeschger and Killifer, Burns.

Second game:

Boston .....011 000 0304—9 10 5
Philadelphia ....000 004 0100—5 7 6

Ragan, Nehf, Hughes, Barnes and Tragesser and Gowdy; Mayer, McQuillan and Burns.

Cincinnati, June 26.—It required 11 innings for Cincinnati to win from St. Louis here today, the score being 5 to 4. In the final half of the 11th Neale singled to left, Mollwitz sacrificed and Louden singled, scoring Neale.

St. Louis .....000 101 002 00—4 8 4
Cincinnati ....001 010 020 01—5 13 5

Jasper and Gonzales; Schulz, Dale and Wingo.

MINOR LEAGUES.

CAROLINA LEAGUE

At Raleigh 3; Asheville 5.
At Durham 1; Charlotte 5.
At Winston-Salem 6; Greensboro 2.

VIRGINIA LEAGUE

At Portsmouth 3; Rocky Mount 1.
At Newport News 3; Hopewell 0.
At Petersburg 0; Norfolk 1.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

At Minneapolis 8; St. Paul 6.
No others scheduled.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE

At Newark 0; Buffalo 2.
At Providence 8; Rochester 5.
At Baltimore 2-8; Toronto 3-5.
At Richmond 0-3; Montreal 5-9.

SOUTHERN ASSOCIATION.

At Little Rock 8; Atlanta 5.
At Nashville 0; Mobile 1.
At Chattanooga 7; New Orleans 0.
No others scheduled.

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE

At Augusta 8; Columbia 1.
At Columbus-Macon, rain.
At Charleston 2; Jacksonville 0.
At Montgomery-Albany, rain.

WOOD WASTE FOR PULP.

Its Use in Making Paper Steadily Increasing, Figures Show.

Washington, June 25. — The use of a steadily increasing amount of wood waste in the manufacture of pulp is indicated by figures compiled by the Forest Service. Although the pulp industry showed a decline in the last year for which complete figures are available (1914) on account of the increasing cost of raw material and general business conditions, more wood waste was used than in any previous year.

Approximately 330,000 cords of waste with a value of $1,400,000 were utilized by 35 of the 200 pulp and paper mills of the United States. It is thought that as the price of cord wood goes up the amount of wood waste used will become greater.

The Canadian pulp industry has, it is stated, had a vigorous growth during the last few years and the greater portion of its product is marketed in the United States. An average cost of about $6.50 per cord, as compared with the $10 to $16 per cord which many manufacturers in this country are paying for pulp wood, is the reason given for the growth.

It is pointed out that the development of the supplies of spruce in the National Forests of the West and in Alaska, together with the abundance of cheap water power, will eventually attract the paper industry to locate in those regions. Suitable pulp timber can be delivered to desirable mill sites for the next twenty to forty years at prices of about $2.50 to $4 per cord, say experts of the Forest Service. It is thought that the low price of material and power will more than offset the higher freight rates on the product to the eastern marketes.

Town Creek Defeats Bolivia.

In the first game of baseball played this season between Bolivia and Town Creek, the latter was the winner by the score of 02 to 3. The game was played yesterday afternoon on the Town Creek diamond. McKeithan pitched for Town Creek. The batteries were: Town Creek, R. McEithan, Ottoway, and Heskitch; and Bolivia, Skipper, Chinnis, and E. McEithan.

Kinston, N. C., June 26.—An old-fashioned baseball game was pulled off at Athletic park here by country teams who journeyed to the city to meet on "neutral" ground, resulting in the old-fashioned score of 32 to 5. Deep Run furnished the winning nine, Falling Creek the losers. It is said the rules were likewise not strictly modern. One team wore red cotton shirts.

FRED BEEBE IN DEBUT WITH CLEVELAND WINS

Five Red Sox Pitchers Ineffective, Athletics Win.

Senators Defeat New York Yankees in Eleven-Inning Contest—St. Louis Loses to the Tigers in Missouri City.

RESULTS YESTERDAY

At Boston 5; Philadelphia 8.
At New York 8; Washington 9.
At Cleveland 2; Chicago 0.
At St. Louis 1; Detroit 3.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY

Philadelphia at Boston.
Washington at New York.
Chicago at Cleveland.
Detroit at St. Louis.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS

	W	L	Pct.
Cleveland	35	25	.583
Detroit	33	28	.541
New York	33	28	.541
Boston	32	28	.533
Washington	32	28	.533
Chicago	29	29	.500
St. Louis	24	36	.400
Philadelphia	17	39	.304

Cleveland, June 26.—Fred Beebe, former National League pitcher, who declined to play with Buffalo this year, made his Cleveland debut today and shut out Chicago with three hits, allowing only two men to reach second.

Chicago .....000 000 000—0 3 1
Cleveland .....200 000 00*—2 6 0

Danforth, Benz, Russell and Schalk; Beebe and O'Neill.

Boston, June 25.—Philadelphia defeated Boston, 8 to 5 today when none of five Red Sox pitchers proved effective.

Philadelphia .....200 300 021—8 14 0
Boston .....002 000 120—5 6 2

Wyckoff, Sheehan, Myers and Schang; Foster, Gregg, James, Pennode Shore and Carrigan and Thomas.

New York, June 26.—Washington defeated New York in a hard fought 11-inning game today 9 to 8. The visitors scored their winning run on a base on balls to Williams, and McBryde's double. New York played a game uphill fight, and gradually cut down a five-run lead. Manager Griffith sent in Johnson to save the game in the eighth inning, but New York tied the score in the ninth inning, after two were out.

Washington ...031 300 100 01—9 16 2
New York ....011 300 201 00—8 10 3

Gallia, Harper, Johnson and Henry and Ainsmith; Fisher, Love, Markle, Shawkey and Nunamaker.

St. Louis, June 26.—Coveleskie outpitched his former team mate, Hamilton, and Detroit won from St. Louis here today 3 to 1. The winning run came in the seventh when Baker doubled and scored on Coveleskie's third hit of the day.

Detroit .....000 010 110—3 8 1
St. Louis .....000 100 000—1 9 1

Coveleskie and Baker; Hamilton, Davenport and Severoid.

Greenville, S. C., June 26.—The final Ladies' singles in the Carolina open lawn tennis tournamet were played this afternoon, Miss Irene Adger of Greenville, defeating Mrs. John Milam, of Greenville 7-5; 5-7; 7-5. Miss Adger becomes champion of the Carolinas in ladies singles by virtue of this victory.

Chesterfields do what you have always wished a cigarette *would* do—they *satisfy*, and yet they are *mild!* Get this *new kind of enjoyment* at your dealer's *today!* Get Chesterfields!

Chesterfield
CIGARETTES
They SATISFY!
—and yet they're MILD

10 for 5c
Also packed 20 for 10c

Tax Listing

A number of Tax Payers have not yet listed. Those failing to list Poll are guilty of a Misdemeanor and subject to indictment.

Real estate not listed is taxed 25% higher.

The undersigned Listers are at the Court House daily from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., except on Saturday, from 9 A. M. to 1 P. M., and from 7 to 9 P. M.

There Will be No Listing After June 30.

WALTER RUTLAND,
B. F. KING,
Tax Listers.

"THE OLD RELIABLE"
PLANTEN'S C & C OR BLACK CAPSULES
REMEDY FOR MEN.
AT YOUR DRUGGIST.

WILL HOLD JOBS FOR MEN

N. & W. Railroad Makes Announcement as to Employes Who Go to Border.

Roanoke, Va., June 26.—The Norfolk & Western railway, through its president, L. E. Johnson, has notified all the employes of the road that if they answer the call to the colors "so far as within the range of possibility, without crippling the service of the railroad, you will be granted leave of absence and your position will be held open for you until honorably relieved from government service, without loss of standing with the company."

BRAZILIAN PAPER APPROVES

Hopes Hexico Will Realize the Gravity of Situation and Desist.

Rio Janeiro, June 26.—The newspaper Opaiz expresses approval of the terms of the American note to Mexico and hopes that Mexico, recognizing its disadvantageous moral position, will spare the continent a war embracing the direst consequences.

"If war is unavoidable," says the paper, "what would be the situation of the American chancellories; what the role of Brazil? Such is the disquieting enigma of tomorrow."

Summer Slippers

This beautiful Pump is made of Canvas with White Ivory Heel, moderately high; toe medium narrow; sole very flexible; one of the newest effects; it's a beauty.

$4 and $4.50

AT

Peterson & Rulfs

D. L. GORE CO.

400 bushels Mixed Cow Peas.
50 bushels Speckled Cow Peas.
25 bushels Black Eye Peas.
1000 sacks Land Plaster.
1000 barrels Royal Flour.
500 barrels Snowdrift Flour.
500 barrels Self-Rising Flour.
(Save Trouble Brand.)
A Full Stock of Wire and Cut Nails.
Please Write for Prices.

D. L. Gore Co.
Wholesale Grocers.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Whether You Are A Little Shaver or A Big Shaver

We Have Just the Razor to Suit You:

Gillette Razor and Blades.
Durham Duplex Razor and Blades.
Keen Kutter Razor and Blades.
Enders' Razor and Blades.
Auto Strop Razor and Blades.
Ever Ready Razor and Blades.
Gem, Jr., Razor and Blades.
Penn Razor and Blades.

By special arrangement with the manufacturers, we can let you try an Auto Strop Razor for 30 Days, without cost to you, and if you don't like it you won't have to buy it, and no questions asked.

J. Hicks Bunting Drug Company
The "QUALITY" DRUG STORE.

For Sale!

One Log Cart

In Good Condition,

For Sale Cheap.

Love & Woody
Wholesale Grocers.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

For "Hard-to-Fit" Men

If you think you're one—we are ready to convince you otherwise—no matter what your figure. Tall men, short men, stout men, slim men—nobody's hard to fit in our

B. Kuppenheimer's and Strouse Bros.' Suits, $18 to $28

And you'll find such wide selections to choose from—the newest of weaves and patterns; the latest styles.
We can fit you perfectly in cool fabrics for hot weather, "Dixie Weaves," Palm Beaches, Mohairs, Silks—$7.50 to $15.00.
You will find a full line of Straw and Panama Hats, Manhattan and Emery Shirts.

J. M. Solky & Company
NO. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET

Groceries, Drugs and Extracts

In a large and varied stock.
Also Field Peas at a low price.
250,000 Cypress Culls Shingles, at $1.25.

A. B. Croom, Jr. Company
226 N. Water Street.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

COAL! BUILDERS' SUPPLIES!
LARGE STOCKS. PROMPT DELIVERY
"LET US SERVE YOU"
W B. THORPE & CO
'PHONE 789.

NOTICE

Now is the Time to buy Fruit Jars. We have Ball Bros.' Mason Jars, with zinc caps, any size.
We will make Special Prices now on Evaporated Peaches.
Just received, large lot extra fancy Rose Rice, which can offer at attractive price.
Request quotations before too late.

McNair & Pearsall

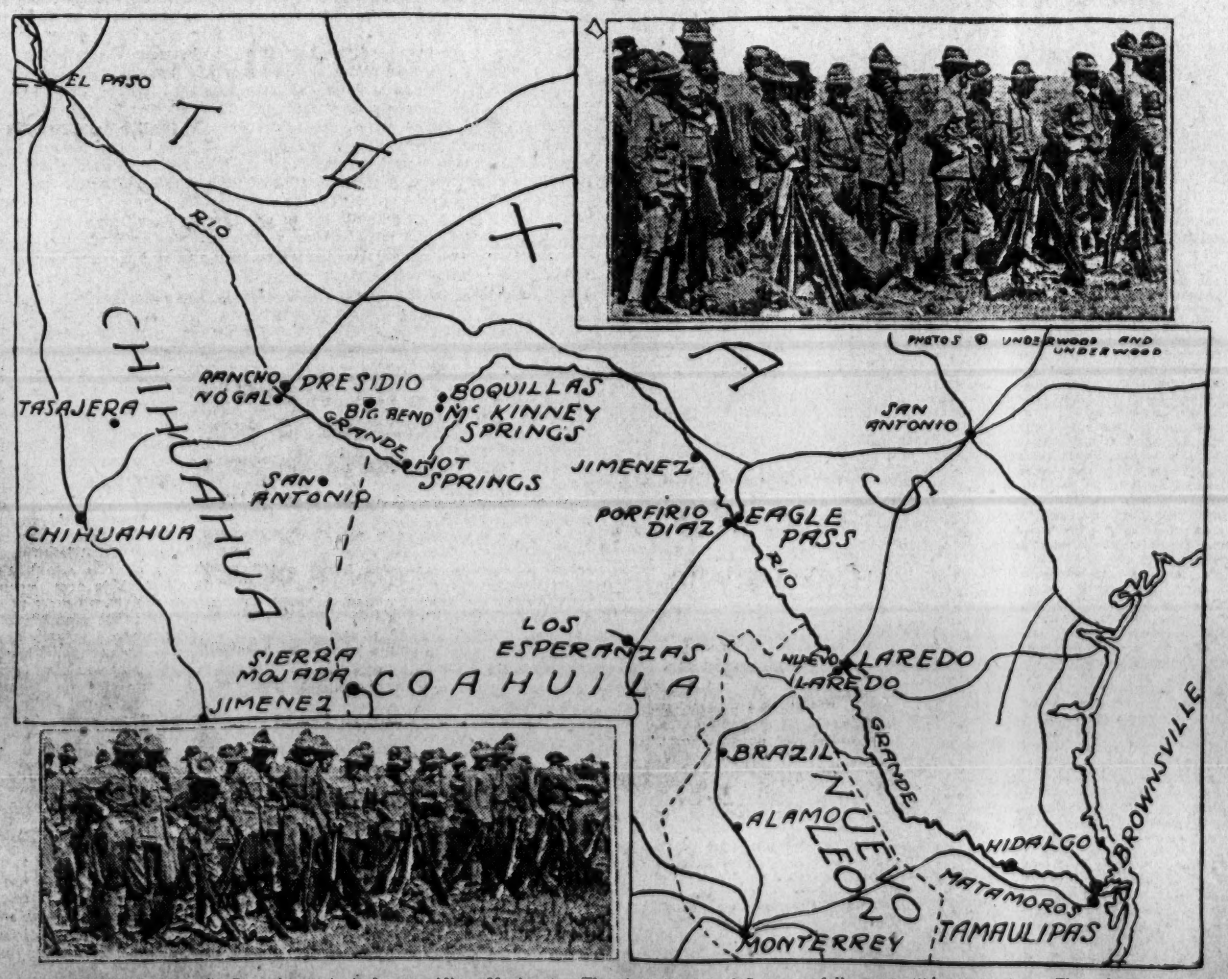
FIRST OF THE SEASON
NATIVE SPRING LAMB. CHOICE VEAL, PORK AND BEEF. FRESH VEGETABLES, ALL KINDS.
DAVIS & HINTZE
FRONT STREET MARKET.

CASH PAID FOR
BEESWAX
28 cts. per lb., f. o. b. Steamer at Wilmington, with through B. L. to
W. H. BOWDLEAR
220 Devonshire Street,
Boston, Mass.

QUICK LUNCH
ANY HOUR
DAY OR NIGHT
PROMPT SERVICE.
OUR COFFEE IS BEST TO BE FOUND ANYWHERE IN THE CITY.
WATERMELON AND CANTALOUPES ON ICE.
GIVE US A TRIAL.
OLYMPIA CAFE
307 NORTH FRONT STREET.

BURETT H. STEPHENS
ARCHITECT
28-30 GARRELL BUILDING.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Mexican Border Militia Must Protect, and Texas Militiamen Now There



The Texas border from El Paso to Brownsville is the territory which militia ordered out by the President must protect from raiding Mexicans. The map shows the territory in Texas to be guarded, and that in Mexico over which Americans and Carranza followers will clash, if fighting takes place. Texas militiamen are already encamped on the border. The photographs show them in camp near the border.

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the
WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC.
Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily and mailed to subscribers outside the county at $6 per year; $3 for six months; $1.50 for three months or served by carrier in the city and suburbs at 60c. per month, or, when paid in advance, $5.00 per year; $3 00 for six months, $1.75 for three months

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1.00; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may rest assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, to persons carrying a regular account, or, if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to the readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51. Editorial and Local rooms. No. 61.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected, unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders and postal money orders for the paper should be made payable and all communications should be addressed to

THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

TUESDAY, JUNE 27, 1916.

TOP O' THE MORNING.

The wicked flee when no man pursueth: but the righteous are bold as a lion.

—PROVERS 28:1.

Win with Wilson! Won't with Whiskers.

"R-i-g-h-t face!" Also right up to the scratch.

Remember that sane Fourth of July next Tuesday.

Roosevelt wins the title of the American champion "crow eater."

Our wives, our sisters and our sweethearts always expect us to be men among men.

Can't we do everything that other folks can do? Do we take ourselves for some lobsters?

In addition to knowing what our resources and advantages are, we've got to know what publicity is and what it is for.

It's whiskers in Mexico and whiskers in America. The Democratic animule has gone up against whiskers here and there and whiskers everywhere.

Visitors are having a dozen kinds of a good time at Wilmington's seaside resorts. That accounts for the great popularity of the seashore as a playground and recreational proposition.

"Women cannot do men's work." Men cannot do men's work, either. A man is no artist, anyhow, and cannot be trained to do certain things any more than an elephant. Why, sure, Mabel.

The Jacksonville Times-Union inquires. "If Colonel Roosevelt is really out of politics, what on earth is he in?" He is inconsistent, as will be noticed from the fact that he has now abandoned Armageddon for Republicanism.

One reason why many people are not fond of turnips is because they buy the kind that ought to be raised for livestock. The growers ought to raise all kinds because some people don't know that there is a bit of difference.

Carranza is the head of the defacto government in Mexico, but his avowed responsibility for ordering attacks on American troops, regardless of consequences, present and future, is evidence that the defacto governmnet's head is a bonehead.

Circumstances alter cases. Confound it, the circumstances are often so complicated and puzzling that they not only alter cases but make them appear to have as many sides as a house built with a couple of L's—as the cockney would say "an 'ell of a 'ouse."

Probably those South Carolinians won't give up their bi-ennial candidatorial campaign meetings because they are more exhilarating than illuminating. Some enjoy them on account of the arguments, others enjoy the disputes and others simply love to listen to any old kind of harrangue.

Pacifists must now realize that the kind of preparedness needed by a nation of 103,000,000 people is the kind that would enable us to immediately entrain 1,000,000 trained men for business instead of for training at a concentration camp. That is the only kind of preparedness a sensible nation will tolerate so long as there is no such thing as peace by imagining we are anxious for peace.

What are we here for? Wilmington would like to know. It is Wilmington's idea that we ought to do something to make her the city she ought to be and so she wants us to get busy stay busy. That is what we are here for, and there is something that ought to be done daily in addition to those things we do spasmodically. We ought to map out at least five kinds of work and look to five strong teams to do something. We ought not to let anything do us.

THE BULL MOOSE SURRENDERS

Just as was expected, and anticipated in several editorial references in these columns, the Bull Moose has completely surrendered to the G. O. P. He has put up the white flag and gone back to the party which he declared was dominated by corrupt bosses and had betrayed its trust to the people. He furthermore asks the Progressives to put up the white feather and march with him back to the party of Barnes, Penrose and other G. O. P. manipulators.

What we mean is conveyed fully in The Star this morning in Colonel Roosevelt's letter to the Progressive national committee, which met in Chicago yesterday to receive his formal declination of the Progressive nomination for president. The Colonel, of course, declines the nomination, but his reasons as stated consist of a tissue of the most refined sophistry, well conceived to deceive the elect unless they refuse to be deceived any longer by a man who has usd them four years for his own ends and then dropped them when he realized that he was "out of politics."—simply put out by the standpatters' convention at Chicago.

We wonder if the several million Progressives in this country will be deceived by the platitudes of such a reckless politician as the one who used them as decoys till the regular ducks got on to the game and flew right on over the baited ground. As plausible as the Bull Moose is, we wonder if Progressives will fall to it without winking the other eye. The Progressive party actually finds itself abandoned by a man who used it as a stuffed turkey to get the bigger game that the G. O. P. convention constituted at Chicago. Failing in his purpose to browbeat a nomination from the standpatters, Roosevelt acknowledged the inevitable and realizes that he is done for in politics—is "out of politics."

The Colonel accept Hughes, whom he recently regarded as a "second Wilson," and now he says Hughes really represents Progressive ideals. We wonder if the Progressives can be made to believe that! The Oyster Bay sage lauds the Progressive party and declares its platform was "much the most important document in the country since the death of Abraham Lincoln." Nevertheless, he abandons it for the G. O. P. platform and the nominee who represents all that Roosevelt has denounced in the boss-ridden, trust-controlled Republican party.

The wily Roosevelt leads the Progressive party back to the minority party of 1912, the abandoned party, to find "spiritual and industrial preparedness" in a party condemned for its perfidy by Roosevelt just four years ago. The Progressive party was the stronger of the two parties, yet the stronger surrenders to the weaker party, weak in numbers but powerful in money back of it. He declares that the Democratic party has practically accepted and enacted into law or embodied in its platform very many of the principles for which the Progressives have contended, yet he urges them to go against those selfsame principles by turning their backs on the Democratic party for the same old reactionary party which still stands pat against progressiveism and has put the Bull Moose out of business with its nerve.

Now, the whipped out Roosevelt says it is a great patriotic duty to support the nominee of a party which a few months ago voted in Congress to surrender American rights to a foreign power rather than have any disturbance about it. He urges the defeat of the President and the party which stood for Americanism, and because of which the anti-Wilson German-American vote is backing Hughes. Either Roosevelt or the German-Americans are in the wrong pew, for there must be some mistake as to why both have reason to support Hughes and, the Republican party.

We know why the un-American antagonists of the President are against him, but Roosevelt fails to furnish as good reasons why he is against the American President whose offense is his persistent Americanism.

A TEST OF STATESMANSHIP.

Emergencies like that in Mexico offer a test of statesmanship and when they come along we get a good opportunity to observe how the senators and representatives of the two parties measure up to the test. In the midst of a crisis for their country, the lines of partisanship are trampled down by real statesmen, but that was not the case in Congress a few days ago. Republican partisans attempted to the last to make political capital of calling out the National Guard, and thereupon we find the Richmond Journal commenting:

"By attempting to shift the responsibility of drafting the militia on to the President, canny Minority Leader Mann sought to block the efforts of Chairman Hay, of the House Military Affairs committee, when the latter introduced a resolution declaring that Congress considers an emergency exists requiring the services of the National Guard. After a two hours' debate the Hay resolution was adopted carrying an amendment, however, limiting the time of duty to the period of the emergency, not to exceed three years.' Although Mr. Mann was assured by Chairman Hay that he was authorized to say that the President believes an emergency is present, and that it is absolutely necessary to command the services of the militia,' the minority leader pretended that he was not satisfied and that he wanted an explicit expression from the President, giving his reasons. Such a programme, if carried out, would have resulted in heralding abroad exactly what it was wanted to avoid—a specific statement connecting the calling out of the militia with Mexico, thereby adding to the inflammatory feeling already noticeable across the border. It was, of course, an exhibition of cheap politics, for which Mann is notorious at times, wholly insincere and palpably an attempt to embarrass the President in the performance of a grave duty."

Incidents like that enable us to see the calibre of men. We are really glad to see men put on their metal sometimes, for then we are able to judge them on their merits. In this instance Mann proved his partisanship instead of his statesmanship.

It is possible that Mann did not know any better than to try to force his government's hand and make it give its military secrets away so the Mexicans could profit by such an imbecile course. Anyhow, whether Mann was playing the boob or the partisan, the House by a vote of 122 to 24 defeated what the Illinois representative was contending for. This shows the estimate placed by the House upon both his statesmanship and patriotism.

On several occasions we have wondered why the Republicans have a "leader" who isn't a leader.

CARRANZA CALLED TO TIME.

The Washington note to Carranza calls him to time and really gives him time to back out from the fatal attitude in which he has placed himself. After he has really commenced a war against the United States, he is still given a chance to extricate himself from a position which dooms him to overthrow and subjects his country to inevitable conquest by an American army, not of intervention but of a purely punitive character.

However, Carranza informed the Washington government through his foreign office that it was himself whose orders General Trevino obeyed in attacking the American forces at Carrizal. By his own order, therefore, his troops committed an act of war against the United States, and we certainly ought to know that war began when Trevino attacked in accordance with the order of Carranza.

The Washington government, as if to still give him one last opportunity to save his country from a disaster which this country is loath to inflict, demands that he disavow Trevino's attack and release all American prisoners. If Carranza is as obstinate as Huerta, he will decline to do so, and force this country to meet war with the war he began himself. Carranza played the part of a madman in ordering an attack without at least the formalities of notification of his hostile purpose, and it is presumed that he considered the consequences and fancied in his stupidity and bigotry that he could stand off such a powerful country as the United States.

Unless he comes to himself and complies with the American demand, it will mean war to the finish for Mexico. We are rather inclined to believe that is what will sooner or later be the end of the hapless condition into which the Mexican blockheads and malcontents have plunged their unfortunate country.

THE POTATO VOTE NEEDS AN EXPLANATION.

Peanut politicians of the Republican variety naively or knavely told the natives in 1912 and 1913 that under Woodrow Wilson's administration they would get nothing for potatoes. Nevertheless, contrary to the crossroads economists, potatoes have been selling at the highest prices ever known, so Wilson certainly ought to get the entire potato vote. However, if consumers didn't know any more than the swamp country variety of Republican bamboozlers, they would be down on Wilson for putting up the price of potatoes just to make peanut politicians look like 30 cents of Villa money.

If there is anything funnier than a peanut politician it is a potato politician who cannot possibly make a satisfactory explanation for trying to fool the potato vote. A Democratic potato grower states that since the present season opened he has sold 1,800 barrels of Murphys for $4 a barrel, or $7,200. He planted only a few acres, but will plant another potato crop in August or will put in some other follow crop that is equally as good.

People who can't make good under the Wilson administration ought to come to Eastern North Carolina where a few acres of land will cause them to forget all their troubles. The man and the land do the most for each other when they get together in this portion of the Nation's Garden Spot. When a man comes to this section he gets intelligent enough to know that prosperity will overtake him if he happens to get just a bit busy in such a productive region as this

NUEVO LAREDO, MEXICO

One of Chief Centers of Mexican Population on the Border.

One of the chief centers of Mexican population along the frontier to which the National Guard troops have been ordered is Nuevo Laredo, the subject of the following war geography bulletin issued by the National Geographic Society from its Washington headquarters:

"Nuevo Laredo, the border city of Tamaulipas, is one of the most important gateways to the southern republic, not on account of its population, for the American-Mexican El Paso and Juarez constitute a hyphenated city more than twice as large as Laredo (American) and Nuevo Laredo (Mexican), but because the latter is the northern terminus of the shortest railway route to Mexico City, the distance being only about 800 miles, compared with 1,200 miles by way of Juarez and 1,000 miles through Ciudad Porfirio Diaz (Eagle Pass).

"With 8,000 people, Nuevo Laredo is a little more than half as large as the American town at the other end of the 900 foot international bridge which spans the Rio Grande at this point. The two towns were one up to the time of the secession of Texas, the settlement on the left bank of the river being captured by Texas rangers in 1846 and occupied by United States troops under General Lamar a year later. In 1852 the northern city (or perhaps it would be more accurate to refer to it as the eastern city, for the Rio Grande flows in a more southerly than easterly direction in this part of its 1,800 mile course from the San Juan mountains in Colorado to the Gulf of Mexico), received its charter as a Texas municipality. The Laredos, named for a seaport in Spain, were settled by Spanish colonists during the decade preceding the American Revolutionary war.

"From now until late in September the region around Nuevo Laredo will present a fertile aspect, for it is the rainy season, but beginning with October the landscape will take on a dry, parched appearance, similar to the picture which it presented a month ago when the mesquite shrub was the haunt of jack-habbits, horned toads and coyotes.

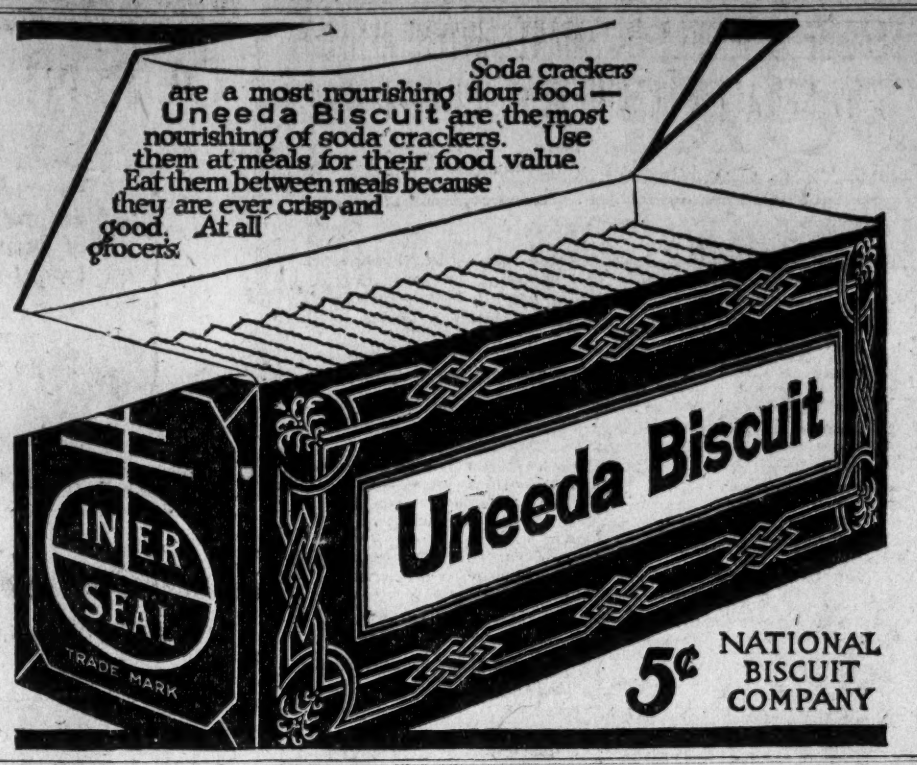
"There are no mountains to lend beauty to the skyline in this thinly populated part of Texas-Mexico, but shortly after leaving the valley of the Rio Grande the railway line begins its long clumb up to Mexico City which has an altitude nearly a mile and a half above Nuevo Laredo.

"About 20 miles southwest of Nuevo Laredo the railroad runs through Jarita, long a rendezvous for border-riders who were supposed to patrol this region in search of Mexican smugglers, but now employed, it is feared, in a much less lawful pursuit.

"One of the oddities which will impress the observant traveler on his way to Mexico City is the manner in which the telegraph poles of this section are riddled with holes, as if they had been pierced with high-power large calibre bullets. The explanation is not that the Mexicans have been engaged in extravagant target practice but that the myriad woodpeckers of the region find the poles admirable raw material out of which to drill their bird apartments, a form of feathered industry which costs the railway company thousands of dollars a year to replace the weakened wire supports.

"Nuevo Laredo is 150 miles southwest of General Funston's headquarters in San Antonio.

"The chief agricultural product on the American side of the Rio Grande in the neighborhood of Laredo is a large white onion which yields as high as 20,000 pounds to the acre when the land is properly irrigated, the waters from the river being in such demand for this purpose that bitter feeling, over alleged encroachments on their relative riparian rights, has been engendered frequently between the Mexicans and Texans.


Soda crackers are a most nourishing flour food — Uneeda Biscuit are the most nourishing of soda crackers. Use them at meals for their food value. Eat them between meals because they are ever crisp and good. At all grocers.
INTER SEAL
TRADE MARK
Uneeda Biscuit
5¢
NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

CURRENT COMMENT

All the State's medical institutions, the principal of which are the hospitals for the insane, and the so-called charitable institutions as well, should be under the direction and control of a single body, and not a numerous body, at that. Specialization, standardization, concentration, responsibility — these things bring efficiency, and there is no debate among sensible people about efficiency in such institutions. It is an absolute demand of the times. In similar manner—and it cannot be said too often—a unification and standardization, the highest productive efficiency, ought to be effected amongst the higher educational institutions of the State. One of those useful results of that Raleigh hospital investigation that have been suggested as possible is revealed in the emphasizing of the necessity for standardization in the State's institutions, and we have the concrete suggestion of a purchasing agent for all of them. This is a train of thought that is at least going in the right direction.—Greensboro News.

Whether or not the offer of mediation by the Latin-American nations be accepted, the offer in itself is definite proof of what long steps have been taken by the United States toward a perfect New World concert. To have brought conditions in the West to the point where the Southern republics are making bona fide efforts to keep the peace between the United States and its smaller neighbor is a great advance in the diplomacy which strives for justice above all things. Mexico is a small nation; the part of the United States has been and still must be one of magnanimity. That the Pan-American nations recognize this is proved by their profiers of good offices. Were there still existent the strong suspicion that the United States as a money grabbing proposition had designs on Mexico the Pan-American nations would have seen no hope of keeping the peace. The profier, regardless of whether the United States can accept it, is a vindication of the Pan-American policies of the Wilson administration.—Columbia State.

That there is patriotism on all sides in North Carolina among the employing firms and organizations is being shown in a marked fashion. It is being developed day after day that there is patriotism in the counting house as well as among the young men whose names are on the pay rolls. There is a patriotism which brings the young man to the recruiting office, and there is a patriotism which causes the employes of the young men to give notice that they will pay all or part of the salaries of those who enlist, and will hold open the positions of those of their employes who go to the Mexican border, or into Mexico, as members of the North Carolina National Guard. In other states this same thing is going on, and it is fine to know that there is this same splendid patriotism of the pocketbook existing in our good State. We are glad tp be able to say that the call to the colors is being answered in North Carolina both by its young men and by the men who are in control of many of the enterprises of the State. The number of those already announcing that they will pay salaries and hold positions open is large, we doubt not but that it will be larger. No business firm or corporation that can possibly do so should fail to take such steps as will assure pay and position to the men who are answering the call for North Carolina. It would be a bad day for the State should there be any young man ready to serve who is held back because of a few paltry dollars. And patriotism among the business interests in North Carolina is answering the call upon it.—Raleigh News and Observer.

FOURTH OF JULY AT LAKE WACCAMAW TO BE BIG DAY

Preparations Being Made for Best Celebration in Years.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Lake Waccamaw, June 26.—Fourth of July celebration at Lake Waccamaw this year promises to rival any previous Independence Day gathering in the past several years, and indications are that the crowd tomorrow week will be a record breaker. Music for the day and for the dance on the Fourth of July night has been secured from Wilmington and a full day's programme arranged for the amusement of the visitors who come here to spend the day.

Two ball games, one in the morning and one in the afternoon, will be staged between Whiteville and Shallotte, possibly the two fastest amateur teams in this section of the State, which supporters of bot hteams. The Whiteevent alone will attract hundreds of ville aggregation has the edge on the Shallotte team in number of games one for the season, but the latter team is considerably strengthened and the contests will likely be close and exciting. It is not known positively, but expected that the Atlantic Coas Line will operate an excursion train from Wilmington on the Fourth and one from Conway.

COTTON CROP OUTLOOK GLOOMY.

Farmers of Mount Olive Section Are Rather Pessimistic.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Mt. Olive, N. C., June 26.—Farmers of this section are said to be quite gloomy over the outlook for the cotton crop at this time. The unusually cool spring has furnished ideal weather for the root lice to get in their deadly work, and it is said that they have certainly done a plenty, in some places almost ruining the crop.

Nor has the recent rainy weather been doing the cotton crop any good. For cotton to do its best, requires a plenty of hot weather, moderately dry, say the farmers, neither of which has it had very much, so far.

CONTRACT FOR PLANT AWARDED

For Five Million Dollar Industry at Roanoke, Virginia.

Roanoke, Va., June 26.—Contract for the erection of the Roanoke plant of the Viscose Company, manufacturers of a grade of silk fabric, today was awarded to Erwin & Yeighton, of Philadelphia. The Philadelphia firm competed with six other contracors.

The cost of each unit to the factory here, it is estimated, will be $1,000,000 and culminate investment $5,000,000 will be put in the business here. Work on the plant will begin July 1.

Kinston, N. C., June 26.—Rev. John H. Griffith, of this city, yesterday preached the sermon at Farmville upon the ordination of Rev. J. N. Bynum, a young Episcopal clergyman. Bishop Darst presided and set apart the candidate as a clergyman of the church. Mr. Bynum recently completed his theological course at the seminary in Alexandria, Va.

PROFIT BY THIS

Don't Waste Another Day.

When you are worried by backache;
By lameness and urinary disorders—
Don't experiment with an untried medicine.
Follow Wilmington people's example.
Use Doan's Kidney Pills.
Here's Wilmington testimony.
Verify it, if you wish:

Mrs. J. G. Carney, 320 Church St., Wilmington, says: "I was so tired and languid that I could hardly drag myself around. My back pained me and I was feeling so poorly that I decided to take something to build up my system and my druggist, Dr. Hall, recommended Doan's Kidney Pills. I got relief after taking a few doses. My back felt stronger and my kidneys acted more regularly."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Carney had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

AT FORT OGLETHORPE

Second of the "Dear Bill" Letters Descriptive of Southern Military Training Camp.

Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., Sunday, June 18, 1916.

Dear Old Bill: Since writing you a couple of days ago there has been plenty doing at this little old diggings to satisfy the most ardent lover of labor; in fact it has been, nothing to do but work. One continuous round after another, yet the officers in charge change the pace so often and give us such a variety of things to do and learn that we never feel exhausted physically. Mentally, there is a question in my mind as to whether a weariness could overtake some of us. As for those who would class in with this latter bunch they have mostly been weeded out, this camp having been on wheels now for more than two weeks and with the officers of this little old army of our great little United States there is but little pastiming when it comes to the matter of piking on your elected occupations here. Believe me Bo, they can gently pick up one of these possibilities, plant him on the nicest pair of slippery skids, give him one gentle push and the way he travels would make Ty Cobb imagine he had always been kidding himself, were he here to see.

Generally speaking, these officers are a mighty fine set of fellows. There have been one or two who tried to make it hard for the rookies and who seemed to take great pleasure in airing all the sarcasm they had managed to pick up in their very eventful lives but they have recently failed to put in an appearance when the bugle blows for assembly and company drill. During the first week after a new camp opens of course all the recruits are as emerald hued as O'Grady's home county and the Comm's unload right regularly. In our company we have an Episcopalian rector. About the third day he was here and just after we had come in from a two hour's hike the order came to assemble our packs in a different way, make them up, we call it. It was fast work for me with some experience behind me to go by to get away with the order in time and this rector didn't get his strapped up quite right. On the next march his salt and pepper box fell out and he stooped down to pick it up. The lieutenant right there had a fit. The doctor said nothing. Just a little further on the officer hopped him again just after he had stopped for rest, winding up with "The next time that pepper box drops, let it go, let it go." We all roared when the chap reached back in his pack, picked it out and sailed it across the road with, "All right, here she does." You will appreciate this a little more when you get right into the training and understand that an officer is always right and that such a breach of discipline like his getting fresh with a chap who totes around a government commission is next to unpardonable.

Nine out of ten of the officers though are princes. As soon as they give the order to rest when we are drilling or after we have come in from a march they mix with us just the same as though they were in the first month's training themselves. Of course they have to maintain discipline while the training or lecturing is going on but they are very patient with it all and go over time and again the details so that every rookie has a chance to get it straight.

Tattoo is blowing, 9 p. m. That means lights out or accept an invitation to come to headquarte and tell them why you couldn't make one red and four black ones stand up on the second raise.

Your friend,
JACK FORREST.

MARRIAGE NEAR MT. OLIVE

Miss Mattie King Bride of Mr. John T. Williams.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Mount Olive, N. C., June 26.—John T. Williams, proprietor of the Sanitex barber shop, one of the leading tonsorial parlors here, and Miss Mattie King, a young lady living a short distance from here, in Duplin county, were quietly married at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John King, Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock, Rev. James H. Frizelle, pastor of the Methodist church here, officiated.

HEALTH IS WEALTH

by John B. Huber, A.M., M.D.

Health consists in preserving a due mean between the extremes of heat and cold, dryness and moisture.—DAY.

What To Do For Stomach Ulcer

WE continue from yesterday our discussion of stomach ulcer.

Hemorrhage comes on in about half the cases; and the vomited blood is usually profuse, bright red and fluid; and yet, if this blood has been retained a little while in the stomach before the vomiting, it will become clotted and brown and look like coffee grounds. Blood in the stomach that is passed in the stools will make them tarry. If there should be perforation there will be worse than ordinary—indeed most agonizing—pain radiating from under the breastplate. And then there is likely to be collapse and death; or, if this haply is avoided, symptoms of peritonitis.

The course of stomach ulcer is protracted through months. People usually recover from it, although they may die from the shock of the perforation, from the hemorrhage or from starvation. People suffering from gastralgia—neuralgia in the stomach—may think they have an ulcer. But in gastralgia the pain is not localized nor does it have much relation to the food; there is no stomach distress of any kind between the attacks of gastralgia, vomiting is rare and there is never any hemorrhage.

Sufferers from peptic ulcer ought to give up all work and to rest in bed most of the time for several months. Their diet at first should consist practically entirely of plain milk or buttermilk (half a tumblerful every two hours), with the white of eggs, and beef-juice. After several weeks eggs, chicken, cereal and scraped beef may be added. They should take thirty grains of bismuth subcarbonate three times a day. For the pain sweet spirits of nitre, a teaspoonful in water, or chloroform water, in tablespoonful doses. For vomiting cracked ice to swallow or iced lime water (a teaspoonful every fifteen minutes) or a mustard plaster over the stomach. For thirst of any kind cracked ice is preferable to water. For hemorrhage the doctor imperatively and at once. No food until he comes. Sometimes in such cases the surgeon may have to be called in.

EARS STOPPED UP.

M. R. writes: 1. For the past two months I have been troubled with my ears stopping up, sometimes for five minutes to an hour. It is such a queer sensation. What do you think is the cause? Is there any way by which I can relieve this? 2. My left leg has varicose veins, pretty bad between knee and ankle, stings and feels sore when on my feet. Can this be relieved in any way? 3. My oldest boy, seven years, is very restless at night, turning continually from one side to the other, kicking and groaning like one feeling awfully bad. He appears all right during the day. I notice he has dark hollows beneath his eyes a good deal and is blue around the mouth. What is your opinion of this?

Answer: 1. No doubt wax has accumulated in the ears. Have a doctor syringe them out. Or have a member of the family do this with water as hot as you can comfortably bear. This syringing may have to be kept up for a quarter of an hour. 2. An elastic stocking is best. Keep off your feet as much as possible. This trouble will be much relieved when the condition of which you write is terminated. 3. Causes of this are fever, second teething (which begins with the sixth year), worms, joint disease, fatigue, heart and kidney trouble. The dark hollows and the blue lips should draw attention to the heart and kidneys. Better get the boy examined.

NEURITIS.

I. C. writes: About two and one-half years ago I was taken with severe pain in my left arm, between elbow and shoulder and it has troubled me constantly since. About three months ago my whole arm began to pain me from the thumb up, and it is so tender to touch that even my sleeve hurts me and the pain extends across the shoulder to my neck and head.

Answer: No doubt you have by now seen my four articles on Neuritis, which is your trouble. Let me know if you have not. These articles answer all your questions.

John B. Huber

This column is devoted to disease prevention; to physical and mental hygiene; to domestic, industrial and public sanitation; to the promotion of health; efficiency and long life. The latest developments in medical science will be presented. Questions of general interest will be answered here, space permitting—others by mail if stamped return envelope is enclosed. Requests for personal diagnosis or treatment cannot, however, be considered in any way.

TOMORROW: Don't Be a Varnished Frog

RAPID PROGRESS MADE IN THE TRIAL OF CASES

Superior Court Grand Jury May Investigate City Election

Judge Lyon Sentences Negroes to County Roads—One for Seven Years —Young White Man Pleads Guilty to False Pretense.

Rapid progress was made in clearing up the criminal docket yesterday in Superior Court following its convening yesterday morning by Judge C. C. Lyon, of Elizabethtown, who was assigned to preside at this term in the place of Judge R. B. Peebles, who is reported to be ill and under treatmen in Norfolk, Va. It is expected that practically all the cases will be disposed of today and that court will then adjourn for the term.

Judge Lyon sentenced no less than a half dozen negroes yesterday to terms on the county roads, the heaviest sufferer being Herbert Graham, who was convicted of housebreaking and was given seven years to begin at the expiration of the term he is now serving as a result of having been convicted in the Recorder's court of having resisted Officer D. W. Coleman when the latter went to place the negro under arrest.

Judge Lyon in his charge to the grand jury upon the convening of court made a brief mention of the different misdemeanors and also defined the capital offenses and at the conclusion of his charge, which was quite short, made special reference to the offense of illegal voting. He emphasized the fact that every freeman is guaranteed the privilege of voting and that it is one of the inalienable rights of every American citizen. However, it is possible for a citizen, said the court, to disfranchise himself and one of the ways in which he may do this is by failure to pay his poll tax, as required by the laws of the State. Judge Lyon declared that there is no difference in wilfully voting illegally and in doing so through mistake as the law requires every man to inform himself thoroughly as to his rights and duties.

Grand Jury Busy.

Capt. Thomas D. Meares, clerk and treasurer of the city of Wilmington, was sworn in as foreman of the jury which is composed of the following additional members:

Messrs. R. C. Applewhite, E. J. Herring, Gerritt Walker, Henry L. Hewlett, W. D. Colwell, W. L. Vann, Z. H. Murrell, F. W. Mohr, V. M. Gilbert, J. F. Roache, B. W. Bradford, R. T. Gaston, E. L. Gray, J. P. Futch, S. W. Ketchum, J. A Lockfaw, J. E. Hatch.

The grand jury was busy yesterday in passing upon the bills which were presented to them by Solicitor Homer Lyon and it was stated last night that all bills presented had been disposed of. To what extent an investigation will be made relative to the voters, who registered illegally in the recent city election and in some cases cast ballots illegally because of failure to pay poll tax before May 1 as required by law, was not known last night as the matter had not been taken up by the jury but it is certain that the special report made by the City Board of Elections will be asked for by the jury. This supplementary report contains the names of nearly 400 voters in Wilmington. It was filed with City Council on Saturday afternoon.

Was Unable to Get Work.

George Powell, a young white man, charged with getting money under false pretense on a false bill of lading from the Hilton Compress Company, entered a plea of guilty. Herbert McClammy, Esq., attorney for the Compress company, explained to the court that the money which Powell had secured, amounting to something like $100, would be paid and for this reason he had no particular desire to press the prosecution. Judge Lyon asked Powell to state why he had attempted to pass the fake bill of lading, which it was claimed was for cotton that had been shipped, and the latter replied that he was led into the act by another man and that he followed the suggestion because he was in need of money and had been unable to get work.

Powell told the court that his home was near Washington, N. C., and that he had a wife and child there. He had been in a hospital for 13 months, he stated, and had only recently recovered from the effects of a very serious operation. While he was not strong he had come to Wilmingon and had made a desperate attempt to get work but without success.

Judge Lyon told the young man that it was bad policy to try to get money by stealing it from somebody else and he thought that he ought to be punished for the offense. However, the court stated that in passing judgment that the condition of the health of the defendant would be taken into consideration and Sheriff Cowan was ordered to have Dr. Charles T. Nesbitt, county health officer, examine Powell and make a report to the court this morning.

Powell was arrested about two weeks ago and has been in jail since that time. He is a young man of good appearance and has had none of the marks of a criminal about him. He told Judge Lyon yesterday that he had never been in court before, even as a witness, and that this was his first offense. He had not let his family know of his incarceration, he stated.

Many Road Sentences.

Herbert Graham, colored, who drew the longest term of any of the offenders convicted yesterday, was charged with having broken into the home of a negro woman and stealing a pistol and other things. Dolphus Galloway, colored, was given six months on the roads on a charge of having stolen some clothes from a house that it was claimed he broke into. However, the defendant declared that he did not break into the house but had found the clothes on the streets. He was found guilty by the jury although the evidence by the State was not so strong as it was in the case against Herbert Graham.

Hunter Jenkins, colored, was convicted of having stolen a shad net from Mr. D. J. Fergus, a well known wholesale fish dealer in Wilmington, and was given ten months on the roads by Judge Lyon. John H. Ellerby, colored, was found guilty of a charge of housebreaking and drew a term of 18 months on the county roads.

Willie Nixon, colored, who pleaded guilty to stealing abicycle, was given four months on the roads. Casey Mitchell and Isaiah Holmes, two colored boys, entered pleas of guilty to the charges against them, one for larceny

(Continued on Page Eight.)

SEASIDE ASSEMBLY IS CONVENED AT THE BEACH

Dr. Hurt's Splendid Address Features Night Session.

Conferences and Addresses by Notable Speakers Form Important Part of Morning Session—Session Last Through Week.

The Baptist Seaside Assembly which opened its proceedings yesterday morning with conferences and addresses and which will be in session through this week in the auditorium at Wrightsville Beach, was featured last night by a splendid address by Rev. Dr. John Jeter Hurt, who will preside over its meetings. The session last night was largely attended. In addition to the large number of delegates many local people were in attendance, who were especially interested in hearing Dr. Hurt speak, especially in view of the fact that as he has accepted a call from the First Baptist church of Wilmington and from now on will be a permanent resident of the city.

One of the features of a very attractive musical progtamme carried out last night was the singing of Miss Katherine Johnson, of Meredith College, Raleigh. Her solo was very much appreciated by the audience, who warmly applauded her efforts. The singing of the Acme Male quartette was another feature of the musical programme, which was much enjoyed by the audience. They rendered two very attractive selections, and their

Dr. H. McN. Poteat.

singing will be an important part of this part of the programme each evening during the convention.

Secretary E. L. Middleton announced that although Dr. B. D. Gray would be unable to take part in the programme, the convention has been fortunate enough to secure Dr. W. L. Poteat, president of Wake Forest College, to fill his place on the programme. Dr. Poteat will arrive here today at noon. Miss Annie L. Williams, Secretary Middleton announced, had wired that she had been called to New York on account of serious illness of one of the members of her family. Rev. J. T. Watts, Secretary Middleton stated, will speak in Miss Williams' stead.

Today's Programme.

Special attention was called to the fact that today and the following days of the week, a half-hour's musical programme will begin at 11:30 a. m. and at 8 p. m.

Promptly at 9 o'clock this morning, Dr. W. J. McGlothlin will speak on "The World of Paul." Miss Williams was scheduled to make the next address on the programme, "The Child in Our Midst," but her place will be taken by Mr. Watts. Other speakers at the morning session will be Prof. L. P. Leavel, who will speak on the subject of "The Leader's Vision"; and Rev. J. A. Campbell, who will speak on "Country Pastors and Their Problems." At 11:50 Dr. H. McN. Poteat is scheduled to deliver an address in the place of Dr. Gray, who has been formed by illness to enter a hospital.

Dr. W. J. McGlothlin.

Tonight's programme will be featured by an address by Dr. Poteat also, who will again take Dr. Gray's place, who was scheduled to deliver the Chautauqua address, "Dixie and Her Destiny."

Attractions Free to All.

Secretary Middleton is anxious that it be clearly understood by all that all classes in training school and all conferences on the Assembly programme are free to all. A charge of 25 cents is made for each admission to a Chautauqua lecture and to the concert Saturday night, for those not holding a membership badge, for which $1.00 is charged and which admits to any and all attractions on the programme for the whole week. In order that the public may clearly understand just what features are free and what are only for those holding membership badges or paying admission, the programme for each and every day is classified as follows:

Free to all—

9 A. M.—Bible Study, "Teachings and Doctrines of Paul."

9:50—General Sunday school work.

9:50—Primary Sunday school work.

10:40—Pastors' Conference.

10:40—W. M. U. Conference.

11:30—Music, Special and Congregational.

For those who pay—

(Continued on Page Ten.)

MANY LAWYERS ALREADY HERE FOR CONVENTION

Which Meets This Morning at the Seashore Hotel, at Beach.

Annual Address by President Harry Skinner, of Greenville, Will Be the Chief Feature, of Opening Session Today.

Many lawyers from all sections of the State had already arrived at Wrightsville Beach last night for the annual convention of the North Carolina Bar Association which will meet this morning at 11 o'clock to be in session for three days. The chief feature of the opening session will be the president's annual address by Col. Harry Skinner, of Greenville, N. C., who arrived yesterday. The visiting attorneys will be welcomed to Wilmington and the beach by Cyrus D. Hogue, Esq., one of able young attorneys of this city. The response will be made by A. M. Scales, Esq., a prominent attorney of Greensboro.

There will be no afternoon session but tonight at 8:15 o'clock there will be an address by Hon. Thomas W. Shelton, of Norfolk, Va., who will speak on "A New Era of Judicial Reform." Tomorrow night Hon. Walter George Smith, of Philadelphia, Pa., will make an address on "Uniform Commercial Laws."

Tomorrow at the morning session the chief feature will be an address by Hon. J. C. Buxton, of Winston-Salem and on Thursday morning Hon. W. M. Bond, judge of the Superior Court of the First Judicial District, will make an address. The annual business session of the convention will be held Thursday morning when the reports of special committees will be received and officers will be elected.

Secretary Thomas W. Davis, of Wilmington, is chairman of the local entertainment committee which is composed of Marsden Belamy, E. K. Bryan, Graham Kenan and Robert Ruark, Esq. An oyster roast at Lumina tomorrow afternoon at 1 o'clock will be one of the chief social features. A souvenir dance will be given at Lumina tomorrow evening in honor of the visiting attorneys.

The officers of the association are as follows: President, Harry Skinner, Greenvile; vice presidents, J. W. Pless, Marion; R. H. Sykes, Durham, and E. F. Aydlett, Elizabeth City; secretary and treasurer, Thomas W. Davis, Wilmington.

ELECTED STATE ORGANIZER.

Mr. Asa W. Allen Returns from Meeting of International Pressmen's Union

Mr. Asa W. Allen, who is connected with the job office of The Evening Dispatch, has returned from Hale Springs, Tenn., where he went as the representative of Wilmington union, No. 186, of the International Union of Printing Pressmen and Assistants, at the annual meeting of this organization. Mr. Allen was elected at the meeting as State Organizer for North Carolina.

Practically every local union in the United States and Canada was represented at the convention, the total number present being more than 500, and even England was represented, Messrs. George A. Isaac and H. William Howes, having come all the way from London to attend the convention.

Mr. Allen spent a week at the resort and reports that the meeting was a splendid one in every respect. Mr. Allen found much military activity in the different cities through which he passed en route to Wilmington. The sight of hundreds of khaki clad soldiers makes it

CAROLINA BEACH TRANSFER.

Sixteen-Passenger Motor Bus to Go Into Commission This Week.

A 16-passenger motor bus, one of the altest enclosed types of construction, made by the Studebaker manufacturers, was received yesterday at the garage of the Lassiter-McDuffie Co., on Second street, and today will be delivered to the owner, Mr. J. G. Ittner, who, it is understood, will at once put it into commission in carrying passengers to and from Carolina Beach. It will be operated on a regular schedule over the new Federal Point road and, it is understood that a fare of 25 cents each way will be charged. It is not unlikely that residents at the beach will also be able to get their mail more promptly by this motor line. The bus is the pay-as-yau-enter type and is fitted with 35x5 air cushion tires with heavy spring suspension and comfortable seats for passengers. Other cars of the same type may be added to the line if the patronage will justify.

STEAMER CARRIES CARGO OF COTTON TO GENOA, ITALY.

Mr. Walker Meares Goes to Europe as Passenger on the Vessel.

The City of Memphis, an American steamer, Captain Borun, master, which arrived in Wilmington on June 17th, sailed yesterday for Genoa, Italy, with a cargo of 12,706 bales of cotton from Alexander Sprunt & Son, valued at $1,017,000. The vessel has a tonnage of 3,081 and was formerly engaged in the coastwise trade.

Mr. Walker Meares, for many years one of the most popular buyers for the cotton exporting firm of Alexander Sprunt & Son, sailed aboard the steamer as a passenger. His many friends in Wilmington will wish for him a safe voyage across the Atlantic. He expects to return with the steamer.

MR. GRISSUM DEAD.

Passed Away Sunday Night at Home on Myrtle Grove Sound.

William Grissum, 63 years old, died Sunday night at his home on Myrtle Grove Sound, following an extended illness. Mr. Grissum was one of the oldest and most respected citizens of the community in which he lived, and the news of his death will be received with sincere regret by his many friends in this county. The funeral services were held yesterday afternoon from the residence and interment followed in the family burying ground on the Sound.

Dies at Hospital.

Mr. Anton Ridal, 20 years old, a young Hollander, formerly in the employ of Mr. C. C. Chadbourn, of this city, died yesterday morning at 1:15 o'clock of heart trouble at the James Walker Memorial Hospital. The funeral services for the deceased will be held this morning at 10:30 o'clock at Bellevue cemetery.

OUR NEXT REGULAR INTEREST QUARTER

SATURDAY, JULY 1st.

All Deposits Made With Us on or Before the Above Date Will Receive Credit for a Full Quarter's Interest on October 1st, Just Exactly Three Months From July 1st. This is an Excellent Time to Begin an Account Here or if You Have an Account With Us to Add Thereto, as Your Deposit Will Have the Advantage of Our Regular Interest Period

4% Compounded Quarterly Paid On Accounts

ESTABLISHED 1900

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

CORNER FRONT AND PRINCESS STREETS

"SUNNY JIM" O'BRIEN DEAD

Passed Away Last Night at James Walker Memorial Hospital—Great Sufferer for Many Years.

"Sunny Jim" is dead.

This announcement will be received with great sorrow by hundreds of people in Wilmington and throughout this section of the State, who had formed his acquaintance at the James Walker Memorial Hospital, where for the last eight years he had been a patient.

Not one of the hundreds who went to this institution for treatment will ever forget him. His life brought inspiration to many discouraged souls and made many a strong man feel ashamed of himself for being disgruntled with the hardships of life.

Before he went to the hospital he was Mr. James O'Brien but it was as "Sunny Jim" that he was best known. It was Dr. A. D. McClure, the beloved pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, who gave him the name by which he came to be known to his hundreds of friends and admirers.

From his boyhood "Sunny Jim" was a sufferer from rheumatism but until he reached manhood, he was able to withstand the ravages of the disease and followed his occupation of wood worker. For a time he was connected with a manufacturing enterprise in Fayetteville and later was superintendent of a box factory up the Cape Fear river. He consulted physicians and took various kinds of treatment but it was found impossible to cure him and on the 17th of June in 1908 he went to the James Walker Memorial Hospital to spend the remainder of his life.

He was 32 years old and is survived by one brother, Mr. Bennie O'Brien, of Hope Mills, and a cousin, Mr. R. W. Blackmore, of Warsaw.

He passed peacefully away at the hospital last night at 11:05 o'clock. He suffered a sinking spell about two weeks ago and gradually declined until the end came.

For the last five years he had been completely helpless and was only able to move his right hand slightly. He was unable to feed himself or even to do the smallest thing for his personal comfort. But the smile on his face never grew less bright than it was in the days when he was able to care for himself. He had a kind word for everyone. He brought cheer to all those with whom he came in contact. He was appreciative of the smallest favor. He delighted to spread sunshine abroad. His room was a place that all liked to go to for they knew that there they would hear no complaining.

"Sunny Jim" was a devout Christian and although he could not attend its services there was no more loyal member of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church than he.

"Sunny Jim" was able to while away many of the hours that he lay on his bed of suffering by reading. He liked best to read the Bible. He kept up with the happenings of the world chiefly by reading the Christian Herald. Frequently his friends would come in and read books to him. He always appreciated it so much that they were glad of the privilege.

"Sunny Jim" has passed from the mundane world but leaves behind an influence that will not be soon forgotten. There will be many of his devoted friends who will think of him today and for many days to come.

The funeral arrangements had not been made last night but will be announced later.

CALLED TO DURHAM

Rev. Dr. J. J. Hurt Receives News of Death of Major A. E. Lloyd.

Before reaching Wilmington yesterday for the purpose of assuming the pastorate of the First Baptist church, this city, and to attend the Baptist Seaside Assembly, Rev. Dr. J. J. Hurt was notified by wire of the death of Major A. E. Lloyd, one of Durham's foremos citizens, who took his own life early yesterday morning. Dr. Hurt left this morning on an early train to attend the funeral.

Dr. Hurt was accompanied to Wilmington by Mrs. Hurt. Dr. Hurt preached his farewell sermon as pastor of the First Baptist church in Durham on Sunday night and was greeted by a large congregation of his services were adopted following the sermon.

Look! Resinol has cleared that awful skin-eruption away

The moment that Resinol Ointment touches itching skin the itching usually stops and healing begins. That is why doctors have prescribed it so successfully for over 20 years in even the severest cases of eczema, ringworm, rashes, and many other tormenting, disfiguring skin diseases. Aided by warm baths with Resinol Soap, Resinol Ointment makes a sick skin or scalp healthy, quickly, easily and at little cost.

Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap also greatly help to clear away pimples and dandruff. Sold by all druggists. Men with tender faces welcome Resinol Shaving Stick.

JULY 1st.

Deposits Made With Us Now Will Draw Interest From July 1st.

Your Business Appreciated Here

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company

—110 PRINCESS STREET—

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were filed for record yesterday in the office of the Register of Deeds: Manhattan Company to R. L. Johnson and J. W. Blake, for $10 and other consideration, lot on south side of Orange street, 44 feet east of Sixteenth, 87 by 107 feet in size; G. W. Matthews and wife to H. H. Matthews, for $10 and other considerations, lot at Carolina Court; Hugh MacRae and Company to the Tidewater Power Company, for $10 and other considerations, lot at Audubon.

RUB-MY-TISM

Will cure Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headaches, Cramps, Colic Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Burns, Old Sores, Tetter, Ring-Worm, Eczema, etc. Antiseptic Anodyne, used internally or externally. 25c

BATHING TOGS

For Daughters of Neptune

Nowadays you must dress "just so," to be in the swim. Bathing suit styles and the styles in such accessories as caps, shoes, corsets, tights, stockings, etc., as we show them are very smart. Then we also have water wings, and other sundries, priced moderately, as follows:

Wool Jersey Suits,. .$3.50 to $5.00.	Water Wings, pair, at . . . . . .25¢
Ladies' Satin Suits, at $7.50	Bathing Shoes . . . . . .25¢ to 98¢
Ladies' Wool Mohair Suits, $1.98 to $5.00	Bathing Caps . . . . . .19¢ to $3.00
Ladies' Cotton Suits, $1.48 to $2.50	Bath Suit Bags . . . . . .50¢ and 98¢
Children's Suits . . . .98¢ to $2.00	Hip Confiners . . . . .98¢ and $1.50
Union Suits. . . . . .48¢ to $1.50	Bust Confiners . . . . .50¢ and $1.00
Men's Swimming Suits $3.50, $4.50	Supporters . . . . . .25¢ and 50¢

BELK-WILLIAMS COMPANY

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mrs. M. H. P. Clark and Miss Gulley have gone for a visit to their old home at Wake Forest.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Robertson have returned home from a visit of several weeks in Danville, Va.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Patterson, of Thomasville, Ga., are visiting Mrs. L. B. Edwards, No. 308 Grace street.

* * *

Miss Mary B. Patterson, of Thomasville, Ga., is the attractive guest of Miss Eunice Tucker, No. 308 Grace street.

* * *

Miss Carolyn Holmes, who has spent the past several weeks on Wrightsville Beach with friends ,has returned to the city.

* * *

Miss Carrie Thompson has returned home from Little River, S. C., where she spent several months on a visit to her brother, Mr. Moore Thompson.

* * *

The Ladies' Aid Society of Fifth Avenue Methodist church will run en excursion to Carolina Beach today. Boats will leave at 9 and 2:30 o'clock. Refreshments will be served on board the boat and at the beach.

* * *

The Sunday School classes of Misses Norma Banck and Josie Schulken will give a lawn party at St. Paul's Lutheran church tonight from 5 to 10 o'clock. Refreshment swill be sold and the public is cordially invited.

* * *

Rev. G. W. McClanahan, pastor of St. Matthew's Lutheran church, and Mrs. McClanahan will leave this morning for Houston, San Antonio, Dallas and Waxahatchie, Texas, where they will spend the month of July.

* * *

The Ladies Aid Society of Bladen Street Methodist church will give a garden party on the lawn at Fifth and Brunswick streets tonight beginning at 8 o'clock for the benefit of the church. Delicious refreshment swill be sold. The public is cordially invited.

* * *

Mr. Joe S. Nathan, son of Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Nathan, returned to his home in Tulsa, Okla., yesterday after having spent some time here with his parents. He came to Wilmington to attend the marriage of his sister, Miss Mamie Nathan, to Mr. E. I. Bear.

* * *

Dr. S. A. Nathan, who came to Wilmington a few days ago to attend the marriage of his sister, Miss Mamie Nathan to Mr. E. I. Bear, returned yesterday to New Bern, where he is now practising his profession of veterinarian. Dr. Nathan successfully passed the examination of the State Board of Vaterinary Surgeons at Wrightsville Beach last week.

* * *

Mr. J. F. Laughridge, of Anderson, S. C., and Mr. A. G. Laughridge, of Greenville, S. C., the former accompanied by his wife, are in the city to attend the marriage of their brother, Mr. P. G. Laughridge, to Miss Hortense Strickland, which takes place this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the home of the bride, Mr. and Mrs. S. D. Strickland, No. 503 North Fifth avenue.

* * *

Announcement cards have been sent o friends in the city and elsewhere reading as follows:

Mrs. Annie Batson
announces the marriage of her
granddaughter
Ethel eBatrice Bowen
to
Mr. Wallace Lockley Long
Monday, June twenty-sixth
One thousand, nine hundred and sixteen
Wilmington, North Carolina.

* * *

Mrs. John Scull and two daughters, Misses Helen and Grace, returned to their home at Laurinburg after having been in Wilmington for several days with their husband and father, Mr. John Scull, who recently underwent an operation at the James Walker Memorial hospital. He has been able to return to his home, his friends will be glad to learn.

* * *

A linen shower was given last evening by Mrs P. J. Breen at her home, No. 419 Campbell street, in honor of Miss Hortense Strickland, who is to be married this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock to Mr. Palmer Griffin Laughridge. After the guests had assembled, Little Agnes Breen, dressed as a fairy, came into the parlor drawing a beautifully decorated wagon, loaded with dainty gifts of many descriptions for the bride-elect. Delicious refreshments were served.

* * *

Mr. E. E. Hunter and bride, who was formerly Miss Nona Dobbins, of Athens, Ga., have arrived in Wilmington after having spent their honeymoon in New York, Baltimore and other Northern cities. They will make their home at No. 5 Wrightsville Avenue, Carolina Place. They were married on June 6th at the home of the bride in Athens. Mr. Hunter is the popular and efficient division freight and passenger agent for the Seaboard Air Line in Wilmington.

* * *

MISS ETHEL BOWEN BRIDE OF MR. W. L. LONG

A wedding of much interest to a wide circle of friends was solemnized yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the home of the bride's grandmother, Mrs. E. H. Batson, No. 418 South Sixth street, when Miss Ethel Beatrice Bowen became the bride of Mr. Wallace Lockley Long, of Rutherfordton, the ceremony being performed by Rev. R. H. Herring, of Mount Olive, step-father of the bride.

Immediately after their marriage, Mr. and Mrs. Long left for Chimney Rock and Western North Carolina, where they will spend their honeymoon after which they will go to Rutherfordton, their future home. The groom is a son of the late W. L. Long, for many years a prominent merchant in Charlotte. The bride is a popular and accomplished woman with a host of friends in Wilmington and elsewhere throughout the State.

* * *

WALKER-MEIER WEDDING IS VERY ATTRACTIVE EVENT

A very pretty wedding took place yesterday afternoon at 5:30 o'clock at the home of the bride, No. 412 Red Cross street, when Miss Beulah Mae Walker was married to Mr. Richard Franklin Meier in the presence of a large number of their friends. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Father Bour.

Just before the ceremony was performed, Mr. J. D. Croom sang "O, Promise Me," and as the bridal party entered the parlor, Mr. Bernard Williamson played Mendelssohn's wedding march.

The ceremony took place in front of an improvised altar, the parlor having been decorated to represent a Catholic chapel. The ring service was used and Master Blanchard McKoy entered the room first carrying the ring on a silver tray, being followed by the dame of honor, Mrs. Fred McKoy, sister of the groom. The groom and best man, Mrs. Joe Meier, the former's brother, entered from the south door and at the same time the bride came in from the east door, meeting at the altar. The bride was given away by her brother, Mr Oscar M. Walker, of Rocky Mount.

The bride was very pretty in a dark-blue imported serge suit with grey accessories and wore a midnight blue Georgette crepe hat with blue Egyptian wings. She carried a beautiful shower bouquet of lilies of the valley and bride roses. The dame of honor, Mrs. McKoy, was attired in a lingerie dress and wore a large picture hat. She carried a bouquet of pink Killarney roses.

Attesting to the popularity of the young couple and the esteem in which they are held was an unusually large number of beautiful presents, which included silverware, cut-glass and other things of an ornamental and useful nature.

The guests were received by Miss Dorothy Applewhite and Mr. Robert Vaughn, and after the ceremony were ushered to the punch bowl, which was presided over by Miss Edna Vaughn and Miss Lena Brewer.

At 6:45 o'clock; the young couple took the north-bound A. C. L. train for Norfolk, Va., there they will sail on the Old Dominion Steamer for New York City, where a part of their honeymoon will be spent. Upon their return to this city they will reside at No. 412 Red Cross street for perhaps two weeks, after which they will take up their residence at Carolina.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

—Paul D. Satchwell, Esq., left last night for Norfolk, Va., where he goes on professional business.

—Mr. H. T. King, general forwarding agent for the Atlantic Coast Line in Norfolk, Va., is in the city.

—Mr. J. B. McCabe, a well known certified public accountant, returned yesterday from Charlotte, where as a member of the State Board of Accountancy, he has been for the past several days passing upon applications for C. P. A. certificates.

—Among the arrivals at the Hotel Wilmington yesterday were Mrs. J. C. Boswell and Miss E. M. Taylor, of Atkinson; Frank D. Perry, New Bern; Geo. D. Prosser, Rocky Mount; Dr. A. W. Christian, Manchester, and E. M. Nance, Fair Bluff.

—Among the arrivals at the Orton yesterday were Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Pless, Marion; Mr. and Mrs. L. R. aVrser, A. W. McLean, Lumberton; L. C. Newman, New Bern; J. F. Woodward and Miss J. Woodward, Warsaw, and Robert P. Yates, Greensboro.

—It will be of much interest to his friends to know that Mr. Harry C. Spooner who has been for some time past employed at the local United Cigar Store has been transferred to Savannah, Ga., and will leave Friday morning to take up his work in the Georgia city.

—Mr. T. M. Pridgen, city editor of The Evening Dispatch, and C. C. Cashwell, Esq., were slightly injured Sunday afternoon when the steering gear of the automobile in which they were riding refused to work and the machine "turned turtle" on the Federal Point road. The car was making about 12 miles an hour at the time. The machine was slightly damaged, the wind shield being broken and the top smashed.

LOCAL DOTS

—The regular semi-monthly meeting of the Board of Health will be held this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

—The Star yesterday added to its collection of "first cotton blooms" a very fine specimen from the farm of ex-Mayor William E. Springer, in East Wilmington. He has a fine field of cotton and on his place always raises from one to three bales per acre.

—There will be a called meeting of Sepa Grotto, No. 79, of the Mystic Order of the Veiled Prophets of the Enchanted Realm tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock in the Masonic Temple for the election of officers and any business that may regularly be brought before the meeting.

—There will be a joint installation of the officers of St. John's Wilmington and Orient lodges of Masons in the Masonic Temple tonight at 8 o'clock. Mr. Charles R. Newcomb, deputy district grand master, will be the installing officer. Mr. James W. Jackson will be marshall and Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure will be chaplain.

DEATH OF MRS. CRAIG

Widow of the Late Capt. J. W. Craig Died Yesterday in Raleigh.

A message conveying the sad intelligence of the death of Mrs. Fannie E. Craig, widow of the late Capt. James W. Craig, which occurred yesterday morning in Raleigh was received by relatives in the city. She was in the 70th year of her age and was for many years a resident of this city. Mrs. Craig's death occurred after a long illness.

The remains will be brought here for interment. The funeral, conducted by Rev. M. T. Plyler, pastor of Grace Methodist church, and the interment, will be at Oakdale cemetery this morning at 10 o'clock.

Washington, June 26.—Memorial exercises for Yuan Shi Kai, the late president of the Chinese republic, were held here today in the hall of the Daughters of the American Revolution. President Wilson, many members of his cabinet and most of the diplomatic corps were present. The exercises were arranged by Dr. Wellington Koo, the Chinese minister.

London, June 26.—American affairs in Mexico will be taken over by British diplomatic and consular officials, in case of war. Arrangements have virtually been made for the taking over of Mexican interests at Washington by the French embassy.

Many a Lady is Beautiful
all but her skin; and nobody has ever told her how easy it is to put beauty on the skin. Beauty on the skin is MAGNOLIA BALM. Just try it today. 75 cents at Druggists or by mail. Sample Free. Lyon Manuf'g Co., 42 South Fifth Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Wrightsville Beach

Miss Margaret Erwin, of Durham, is a guest at the Hanover Inn.

Mr. Jere P. Zollicoffer, of Henderson, is a guest at the Hanover Inn.

Miss M. Lee Hoover, of Durham, is a guest this week at the Seashore Hotel.

Mr. W. Worth Bean, Jr., and family, of Bolton, spent the week-end at the Hanover Inn.

Dr. H. T. Pope and family, of Lumberton, are guests this week at the Hanover Inn.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas MacKay, of New York, will spend a month at the Parsley cottage.

Mrs. S. B. Alexander and daughter, Miss Mary Alexander, of Charlotte, are guests at the Hanover Inn.

Rev. L. McB. White, of Monroe, who is attending the Baptist Seaside Assembly, is a guest at the Hanover Inn.

Prof. J. Howard Allen, of Warrenton, who is a speaker at the Baptist Seaside Assembly, is a guest at the Oceanic Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Clifford, of Gastonia, who are attending the Baptist Seaside Assembly, are guests at the Oceanic Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Gaylord and Mr. Lloyd Horton, of Plymouth, are the guests of Mrs. J. W. Hudler at her cottage on the beach.

Hon. D. L. Ward, of New Bern, arrived yesterday to attend the sessions of the Bar Association. He is a guest at the Seashore Hotel.

Mr. W. B. McLaurin, Miss Lula McLaurin and Mrs. Duffie Turner, of Laurinburg, are spending several days at the Parsley cottage.

Col. Harry Skinner, of Greenville, N. C., president of the North Carolina Bar Association, arrived yesterday and is a guest at the Seashore Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Bradford and son, of Goldsboro, are guests at the Parsley cottage. They are attending the Baptist Seaside Assembly.

Mrs. John H. Boushall and Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Jones, of Raleigh, who are attending the Baptist Seaside Assembly, are guests at the Parsley cottage.

Hon. Francis D. Winston, of Windsor, United States district attorney for the Eastern district of North Carolina, is a guest at the Seashore Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Garret and family, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Hall, Jr., and family, and Miss Cumming, all of Augusta, Ga., are guests at the Parsley Cottage.

Dr. Herbert McN. Poteat, professor of Latin in Wake Forest College, who directs the singing at the Baptist Seaside Assembly, is a guest at the Oceanic Hotel.

Secretary E. L. Middleton, of Raleigh, who has general supervision of the administrative work of the Baptist Seaside Assembly, is a guest at the Oceanic Hotel.

Rev. Joseph T. Watts, of Richmond, Va., and Rev. Dr. B. W. Spilman, of Kinston, prominent speakers at the Seaside Assembly, are guests at the Oceanic Hotel.

Rev. Dr. W. J. McGlothlin, of Louisville, Ky., who is a speaker on the programme each day this week at the Baptist Seaside Assembly, is a guest at the Oceanic Hotel.

Recent arrivals at the Hanover Inn include John B. McLeod, of Lumberton; W. B. Willingham, Jr., and Miss Theodosia Willingham, of Atlanta, and Miss Pearl Howard, of Lumberton.

Judge George H. Brown, one of the justices of the State Supreme Court, has arrived to attend the sessions of the North Carolina Bar Association and is a guest at the Seashore Hotel.

Yesterday's Charlotte Observer: "Dr. and Mrs. I. B. Kronenberg and two little daughters, Grace and Irma, left yesterday morning for Wrightsville to spend the month of July on the beach."

Judge Platt D. Walker, one of the justices of the State Supreme Court, and Mrs. Walker, arrived last night to attend the State Bar Association meeting. They are guests at the Hanover Inn.

Mrs. W. C. Jarnigan and her attractive daughter, Miss Erskine Jarnigan, of Atlanta, Ga., who visit the beach every summer and are among the social favorites here, are the guest of Mrs. R. H. Northrop.

Among the arrivals at the Seashore Hotel yesterday were Mr. and Mrs. John P. Lamb, Johnson City, Tenn.; Miss Douglas Hill and J. L. Morehead, Durham; Y. G. Cooper and C. C. Pierce, of Greenville, and Frank R. Eldridge, of Baltimore.

Hon. J. C. Buxton, of Winston-Salem, who is to make one of the principal addresses at the meeting of the North Carolina Bar Association this week, and daughter, Miss Anna Buxton, arrived last night and are guests at the Hanover Inn.

Miss Julia Alexander, of Charlotte, who is one of the few women attorneys in North Carolina, has arrived to attend the sessions of the North Carolina Bar Association. She is a guest at the Hanover Inn.

A large school of mackerel was sighted yesterday morning by a party which was out in the sail boat, Virgie May, of Captain Wells' fishing fleet. Trout are being caught quite freely now and those who have gone outside have brought in large catches.

Hon. A. L. Brooks, of Greensboro, arrived yesterday to join Mrs. Brooks and children at the Hanover Inn and to attend the sessions of the North Carolina Bar Association. He was accompanied by his son, Mr. R. H. Brooks. Mrs. Brooks and children have been at the beach for several days.

Cleveland, O., June 26.—Three rounds were played in the National Clay Court Tennis Tournament at the Lakewood Tennis Club today. The victories of Willis Davis, the California player, and G. M. Church, of Princeton, finished the principal interest in the preliminary contests. Davis easily defeated C. R. Arthorp, of Cleveland in straight sets, while Church had no difficulty in winning from T. C. Beattie, of Wheeling, W. Va.

MISSION PHARMACY
AGENTS FOR
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CANDY OF EXCELLENCE.
5 N. FRONT STREET

CONTINUED ILL HEALTH LEADS HIM TO SUICIDE

Major A. E. Lloyd, Leading Citizen of Durham, Takes His Life.

Had for Twenty-Odd Years Conducted Leading Hardware Store in the City—Was Sufferer From Fire Recently.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Durham, N. C., June 26.—Despondent because of continued ill health, Major A. E. Lloyd, one of the city's foremost men, committed suicide at his home on West Chapel Hill street this morning by firing a bullet into his brain. No one was with him when he placed the barrel of the old rusty pistol in his mouth and ended his life. He was found at 6:30 by his wife and apparently had been dead for hours. The suicide theory was accepted by the coroner and no inquest was held.

Major Lloyd had lived in this city for years and had always been identified with every progressive movement. He conducted the most complete and up-to-date hardware store in the city and was looked upon by his associates as a man of unusually strong intellect.

Major Lloyd acquired his title in Company D, Third regiment, North Carolina National Guard. This company was organized immediately preceding the Spanish-American war and he was commissioned a second lieutenant at that time. He was a long time a member of the Masonic order, but had withdrawn his membership. Major Lloyd was a member of the Episcopal church.

He had been actively engaged in the hardware business here for the past twenty-odd years. He was one of the heaviest sufferers when the heart of the town was recently destroyed by fire. He was burned out at that time and carried but little insurance, but with the same determination that has characterized his every movement he secured money and built a handsome two-story brick building on West Main street, which he has since occupied.

Mr. Lloyd is survived by a wife, two sons and one daughter. The sons, Messrs. Abbott E., Jr., and Orin Lloyd, are in Shanghai, China, the former in the employ of the British-American Tobacco Company and the latter in the employ of the Standard Oil Company. They have been notified by cable, but will be unable to return home for the funeral and burial services, which will be conducted tomorrow afternoon from the residence and interment made in Maplewood cemetery.

RECORDER GIVES SHOPLIFTERS TWO MONTHS EACH ON FARM

Edna Fields and Hattie Benjamin, Colored, Ar eSentenced.

The chief sufferers at yesterday's session of the Recorder's court were Edna Fields and Hattie Benjamin, colored, charged with larceny in connection with the theft of certain articles from the local store of Kress & Co., who were sent to the county farm for 60 days each. They admitted that they had taken advantage of the crowd in the store to slip the articles in their satchels, but claimed it was their first offense.

The cases against two negroes charged with affray and one white man charged with imbibing too freely, were continued until this morning.

OIL BOOM IN KANSAS

Leases and Options Cover 6,000,000 Acres.

(Lawrence(Kan.) correspondence in the Topeka Capital.)

Reports received by Erasmus Haworth, professor of geology at Kansas University, show that the "oil fever" which has been sweeping the state during the present year has reached as far northwest as Ottawa and Cloud counties, where geologists have been called to investigate the strata of that country with relation to the possibility of striking oil.

Mr. Haworth estimates 6,000,000 acres of Kansas land are under lease of oil promoters. In fact, oil and gas promoters are working in practically every county in the eastern half of the state.

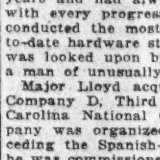
All the big companies operating in the Oklahoma-Southern Kansas field are preparing to extend their activities to the north, even on into Nebraska, Mr. Haworth says. These companies include those of the new Sinclair Oil combine, the Roxanna, Prairie, Carter, McMann, Producers, Gipsie and Oklahoma companies. Blocks of land are being leased rapidly, although the representatives of these companies try to work as quietly as possible.

Numerous surveys are being conducted to determine the geology of the country, for this has a direct relation to the outside of what a year ago was territory in which oil is found. How great the activity in this line is, is indicated by the fac tthat 20 Kansas University students, who have enough training in geology to conduct surveys, have secured summer work at salaries ranging from $65 and expenses to $150 and expenses.

Little active work has opened up in the untried Kansas fields as yet, Mr Haworth says. A well is being drilled in the north part of Chase county now and weills are being drilled in the north part of Butler county, but generally the companies are merely preparing for the opening of a new field.

If geological conditions are to be taken as criterion, there is little doubt that there is oil under parts of the new territory, Mr. Haworth says.

JOINT INSTALLATION.



Officers Elect Symbolic Lodges will be held at Masonic Temple this (Tuesday) evening at 8 o'clock, sharp. All members and visiting brothers will be cordially welcomed.

By order of the Worshipful Masters.
A. S. HOLDEN, Secretary,
St. John's Lodge, No. 1.
J. M. TAYLOR, P. M., Secretary,
Wilmington Lodge, No. 319.
C. C. BROWN, Secretary,
Orient Lodge, No. 395.

DIED.

CRAIG—In the 70th year of her age, Monday morning, June 26th, in Raleigh, N. C., Mrs. FANNIE E. CRAIG, relict of the late Captain J. W. Craig. Funeral and interment today (Tuesday), 10 A. M., Oakdale cemetery. je27-1t

DIED.

REIDEL — At the James Walker Memorial Hospital Monday morning, in the 21st year of his age, ANTON REIDEL, a native of Dordrecht, Holland. Funeral and interment at Bellevue cemetery this (Tuesday) morning at 10:30 o'clock. Services will be conducted by Dr. A. D. McClure. je27-1t

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Try These:
"Simon Pure" Leaf Lard
Star Bacon
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Armour's Grape Juice
Cloverbloom Butter
Cloverbloom Oleomargarine (Natural Color)
Silver Churn Oleomargarine (White)
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All Metals Are Scarce, and Market Advancing.
However, we bought a good supply some time ago, and can serve our customers promptly.
Iron, Steel, Brass, Copper, Babbit, Aluminum and Zinc
Call, Phone, Wire or Write Today
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THE FAMOUS
SEASHORE HOTEL
WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH, N. C. OPEN JUNE 1st
It is one of the most charming Summer Resorts in America. Fine beach, splendid surf bathing and good fishing. No mosquitos or flies. 700 ft. ocean steel pier. Hotel has 240 rooms; about 120 rooms have bath and toilet. Through electric trains connect with all A. C. L. and S. A. L. trains at Wilmington, N. C.
Descriptive booklet with rates, views and description of the various amusements and pleasures of this splendid Seashore Resort, sent on request.
E. L. HINTON, Manager,
Wrightsville Beach, N. C.

GO WHERE OCEAN BREEZES BLOW

THE OCEANIC HOTEL
WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH, N. C.

NOW OPEN

For Rates and Descriptive Booklet
Address
C. E. HOOPER, MANAGER

HOW TO BE SLIM

If you are too fat and want to reduce your weight 15 or 20 pounds, don't starve and weaken your system, or think you must always be laughed at on account of your fat, but go to Elvington's Pharmacy or any good druggist, and get a box of Oil of Korein capsules, take one after each meal and one before retiring at night.

Weigh yourself once a week and note what a pleasant and reliable method this is for removing superfluous fat from any part of the body.

It costs little, is absolutely harmless, and a week's trial should convince anyone that it is unnecessary to be burdened with even a single pound of unsightly fat.

SAVES DAUGHTER

Advice of Mother no Doubt Prevents Daughter's Untimely End.

Ready, Ky.—"I was not able to do anything for nearly six months," writes Mrs. Laura Bratcher, of this place, "and was down in bed for three months.

I cannot tell you how I suffered with my head, and with nervousness and womanly troubles.

Our family doctor told my husband he could not do me any good, and he had to give it up. We tried another doctor, but he did not help me.

At last, my mother advised me to take Cardui, the woman's tonic. I thought it was no use for I was nearly dead and nothing seemed to do me any good. But I took eleven bottles, and now I am able to do all of my work and my own washing.

I think Cardui is the best medicine in the world. My weight has increased, and I look the picture of health."

If you suffer from any of the ailments peculiar to women, get a bottle of Cardui *today*. Delay is dangerous. We know it will help you, for it has helped so many thousands of other weak women in the past 50 years.

At all druggists.

Write to: Chattanooga Medicine Co., Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga, Tenn., for *Special Instructions* on your case and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," in plain wrapper. E.C. 128

—CROCKETT—
ARSENIC LITHIA SPRINGS AND BATHS.
Opened June 1st. Cures Nervous Prostration, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Kidney Diseases, Rheumatic and Skin Troubles and Female Irregularities. Clears and Beautifies the Complexion. Write for Booklet.
M. H. THOMAS .....Manager
CROCKETT SPRINGS, VA.

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A State school to train teachers for the public schools of North Carolina. Every energy is directed to this one purpose. Tuition free to all who agree to teach. Fall Term begins September 26, 1916.
For catalogue and other information address.
ROBERT H. WRIGHT, President
Greenville, N. C.

ROOSEVELT 'EATS CROW' AND URGES ALL PROGRESSIVES TO JOIN HIM IN THE FEAST

In Letter to National Committee He Says "I Earnestly Bespeak From My Fellow Progressives Their Ungrudging Support of Mr. Hughes," Whose Record He Praises, While Denouncing Wilson's.

Chicago, June 26."I earnestly bespeak from my fellow Progressives their ungrudging support of Mr. Hughes," is the final sentence and the paramount feature of Colonel Roosevelt's letter to the Progressive national committee, read at the meeting here today. The full text of the letter follows:

The Progressive National Committee:

Gentlemen—In accordance with the message I sent to the Progressive National Convention as soon as I had received the notification that it had nominated me for President, I now communicate to you my reasons for declining the honor which I so deeply appreciate. Since the adjournment of the convention, I have received between two and three thousand letters and telegrams from men who had supported me for the nomination, the majority expressing the desire that I would re[fuse] to run, while a minority urged that I should accept the nomination. As it is a physical impossibility to answer these letters and telegrams individually, I beg of the courtesy of the senders that they will accept this public statement in lieu of such answers.

Before speaking of anything else, I wish to express my heartiest and most unstinted admiration for the character and services of the men and women who made up the Progressive National [Convention] in 1916. I can give them no higher praise than to say that in all decisive [respects] they stood level with the men and women who in 1912 joined at Chicago to found the Progressive Party. There were two conventions, in character, in [sincerity] and earnestness, in vision, in insight, in high purpose, and in desire to render practical service to the people, typical of exactly what such bodies ought to be in a great self-governing democracy. Each represented the spirit which moved Abraham Lincoln and his political associates during the decade preceding the close of the Civil War. The platform put forth in 1912 was much the most important public document promulgated in this country since the days of Abraham Lincoln. It represented the first effort on a large scale to translate abstract formulas of economic and social justice into concrete American Nationalism; the effort to apply the principles of Washington and Lincoln to the needs of the United States in the twentieth century. No finer effort was ever made to serve the American people in the spirit of high loyalty to all that is best in the American tradition.

The years have shown that the Progressive party in 1912 offered the only alternative to the triumph of the Democratic Party. Moreover, these events have shown that the application of the principles which we then advocated is even more necessary to this nation than we at the time supposed.

The results of the terrible world war of the past two years have now made it evident to all who are willing to see, that in this country there must be spiritual and industrial preparedness, along the lines of efficiency, of actual service to the nation, and the practical application of the doctrine that each man must be his brother's keeper. Furthermore, it is [also] more evident, that this preparedness for the tasks of peace forms the only sound basis for that indispensable military preparedness which rests on universal military preparedness which finds expression in universal obligatory service in time of war. Such universal obligatory training and service are the necessary complements of universal suffrage, and represent the realization of the true American, the democratic ideal in both peace and war.

Sooner or later the national principles championed by the Progressives of 1912 must in their general effect be embodied in the structure of our national existence. With all my heart I shall continue to work for these great ideals, shoulder to shoulder with the men and women who in 1912 championed them; and I am sure that these men and women will show a like loyalty to the other, the fundamental, ideals which the events of the past two years have proven to be vital to the permanency of our national existence. The method by which we are to show our loyalty to these ideals must be determined in each case by the actual event. Our loyalty is to the fact, to the principle, to the ideal, and not merely to the name, and least of all to the party name.

The Progressive movement has been given an incalculable impetus by what the Progressive party has done. Our strongest party antagonists have accepted and enacted into law, or embodied in their party platforms, very many of our most important principles. Much has been accomplished in awakening the public to a better understanding of the problems of social and industrial welfare.

Yet it has become entirely evident that the people under existing conditions are not prepared to accept a new party.

It is impossible for us Progressives to abandon our convictions. But we are faced with the fact that as things actually are the Progressive National organization no longer offers the means whereby we can make these convictions effective in our national life. Under such circumstances, our duty is to do the best we can, and not to sulk because our leadership is rejected. That we ourselves continue to believe that the course we advocated was in the highest interest of the American people is aside from the question. It is unpatriotic to refuse to do the best possible merely because the people have not put us in position to do what we regard as the very best. It remains for us, good humoredly and with endeavor to get out of it the best that it can be made to yield from the standpoint of the interests of the nation as a whole.

This was the situation at the opening of the present year. It was clearly evident that unless a cataclysm occurred the presidential election would result in the choice of either the Republican or the Democratic nominee. The present administration, during its three years of life, had been guilty of shortcomings more signal than those of any administration since the days of Buchanan. From the standpoint of national honor and interest, it stood on an even lower level than the administration of Buchanan. No administration in our history had done more to relax the spring of the national will and to deaden the national conscience. Within the Republican party conflicting forces were at work. There were men among the organization leaders who advocated a course of action such as offered no improvement upon the Democratic position, and advocated the nomination of candidates whose election would have represented no improvement upon the continuance in office of Mr. Wilson. If such a course were followed, it would obviously become our duty to run a third ticket. But it was plainly our duty to do everything honorable in order to prevent such a necessity; to do everything short of sacrificing our most sacred convictions in order to secure the alignment under one leadership of the forces opposed to the continuance in power of Mr. Wilson and the Democratic party.

Under these circumstances the Progressive National committee, at Chicago, in January, outlined our duty to seek common action with the Republican party, using the following words: "Our people are seeking leadership—leadership of the highest order and most courageous character; leadership that will draft to itself for the country's benefit the unselfish and patriotic services of its ablest citizens. The surest way to secure by our country the required leadership will be by having, if possible, both the Progressive and Republican parties choose the same standard bearer and the same principles."

Six weeks later, on March 9 in my Trinidad statement, I asked for a similar combination against the Democratic party, on a platform of "clean-cut, straightout National Americanism," and for a candidate "who will not merely stand for such a programme before election, but will resolutely and in good faith put it through if elected."

This was, in effect, the same statement that I made in my telegram to ex-Senator Jackson, pending the convention, which ran in part as follows: "Can we not, forgetting past differences, now join, for the safety and honor of our country, to enforce the policies of genuine Americanism and genuine preparedness? Surely we can afford to act in accordance with the words of Abraham Lincoln when he said, 'May not all having a common interest reunite in a common effort to save our common country? May we ask those who have not differed with us to join in this same spirit toward those who have?' As far as my own soul is known to me it is in this same spirit that at this time I make my appeal to the Republicans and Progressives assembled at Chicago."

In addition to these public statements I had also stated by own attitude verbally, and in letters, during the weeks immediately preceding the convention, to scores of leading Progressives from all parts of the country, including many of the leaders at the convention. To these men I expressed my earnest hope that the Republicans would so act as to make it possible for the Progressives to join with them. I stated to them, however, that in view of the attitude of some of the Republican leaders it was at least conceivable that we should be put in a position where our highest duty, our fealty to the country, our sense of what patriotism demanded in a great crisis would make it imperative upon us to run a separate ticket, and that whether in such event it would be necessary for me to head that ticket could not be determined in advance. I stated in these interviews and in these letters, with the utmost emphasis, that the decision of this point, like the whole matter of running a separate ticket, would have to be determined by what the interests of the country demanded in view of the action finally taken by the conventions at Chicago.

At the time many of the Republican leaders asserted that my statements were not made in good faith; that I really intended to insist upon my own nomination by the Republican convention; and that if I was not so nominated, I intended to accept the Progressive nomination and run on a third ticket. Of course my fellow Progressives were under no such error. They knew that I spoke in good faith and meant exactly what I said. They knew that my utterances were to be accepted at their exact face value as meaning that if the Republicans nominated a man whom we could conscientiously support we would support him. The Progressive convention came together knowing my public sentiments and therefore knowing exactly what my attitude was.

In my judgment, the nomination of Mr. Hughes meets the conditions set forth in the statement of the Progressive National committee, issued last January and in my own statements. Under existing conditions, the nomination of a third ticket would, in my judgment, be merely a move in the interest of the election of Mr. Wilson. I regard Mr. Hughes is a man whose public record is a guarantee that "he will not merely stand for a programme of clean-cut straightout Americanism before election, but will resolutely and in good faith put it through if elected." He is beyond all comparison better fitted to be President than Mr. Wilson. It would be a grave detriment to the country to re-elect Mr. Wilson. I shall, therefore, strongly support Mr. Hughes. Such being the case, it is unnecessary to say that I cannot accept the nomination of a third ticket. I do not believe that there should be a third ticket. I believe that when my fellow Progressives coolly consider the question they will for the most part take this position. They and I have but one purpose—the purpose to serve our common country. It is my deep conviction that at this moment we can serve it only by supporting Mr. Hughes.

It is urged against Mr. Hughes that he was supported by the various so-called German-American alliances. I believe that the attitude of these professional German-Americans was due, not in the least to any liking for Mr. Hughes, but solely to their antagonism to me. They were bound to defeat me for the nomination. The only way by which they coul adchieve this object was by supporting Mr. Hughes and they supported him accordingly, without any regard to other considerations. I need hardly repeat what I have already said in stern reprobation of this professional German-American element—the element typified by the German-American alliances, and the similar bodies, which have, in the pre-nomination campaign, played not merely an un-American but a thoroughly anti-American part. These men have nothing in common with the great body of Americans who are in whole or in part of German blood; and who are precisely as good Americans as those of any other ancestry. There are not, and never have been, in all our land, better citizens than the great mass of the men and women of German birth or descent, who have been or are being completely merged in our common American nationality; a nationality distinct from any in Europe, for Americans than they are English-Americans, or Irish-Americans, or Scandinavian-Americans. They are Americans and nothing else. No good American, whatever his ancestry or creed, can have any feeling except scorn and detestation for those professional German-Americans who seek to make the American President in effect a viceroy of the German emperor. The professional German-Americans of this type are acting purely in the sinister interest of Germany. They have shown their eager readiness to sacrifice the interest of the United Stats whenever its interest conflicted with that of Germany. They represent that adherence to the politico-racial hyphen which is the badge and sign of moral treason to the republic. I have singled these men out for specific denunciation, and assuredly if I support a candidate it may be accepted as proof that I am certain that the candidate is incapable of being influenced by the evil intrigues of these hyphenated Americans.

Mr. Hughes' character and his whole course of conduct in public affairs justify us in the assured conviction that the fact that these men have for their own purposes supported him will, in no shape or way, affect his public actions before or after election. His entire public life is a guarantee of this.

The events of the last three and a half years have shown that as much cannot be said for Mr. Wilson. In Mr Wilson's case we do not have to consider his words, but his deeds. His deeds absolutely contradict his words; and for the matter of that his words absolutely contradict one another. It is folly to pay heed to any of the promises in the platform on which he now stands in view of the fact that almost every important promise contained in the platform on which he stood four years ago has since been broken. We owe all of our present trouble with the professional German-American element in the United States to Mr. Wilson's timid and vacillating course during the last two years. The defenders of Mr. Wilson have alleged in excuse for him that he confronted a difficult situation. As regards Mexico, the situation which Mr. Wilson confronted was nothing like as difficult as that which President McKinley confronted in connection with Cuba and the Philippines at the time of the Spanish war. Under the actual circumstances we could with only a minimum of risk have protested on behalf of Belgium, a small, well-behaved nation, when she was exposed to the last extremity of outrage by the brutal violation of her neutral rights; this violation being itself a violation of The Hague conventions to which we were a signatory power. As regards the foreign situation generally during the great war, the fact of the existence of the war made it far easier and safer for Mr. Wilson to assert our rights than if he had to deal with some single strong power which was at the time unhampered by war. During the past twenty years questions have arisen with powers of the first rank, such as England, Japan and Germany, each of which has necessitated far greater courage, resolution and judgment on the part of the President dealing with it than President Wilson need have shown in order to put a complete stop to the continually repeated murder of American men, women and children on the high seas by German submarines—the Lusitania being merely the worst of many such cases. The same feebleness that was shown by President Wilson in dealing with Germany abroad was also shown by him in dealing with the organized German outrages within our own land, and, finally, in dealing with the organized German-American vote. The continued existence of the German-American menace at home is directly due to Mr. Wilson's course of action during the past two years.

Certain of my friends who feel that the Progressives should run a third ticket base their feeling on objection to the character or actions of the Republican National convention. As regards this point, it is sufficient to say that the members of the Republican National convention were unquestionably induced to nominate Mr. Hughes primarily because of the belief that his integrity and force of character, and his long record of admirable public service, would make him peculiarly acceptable, not only to rank and file of the Republican party, but to the people generally. I do not believe that Mr. Hughes would have been nominated if it had not been for the fight on behalf of public defense and efficiency which the Progressive party has waged during the past four years.

In any event, and without any regard to what the personal feelings of any of us may be as regards the action of the Republican convention, I wish very solemnly to ask the presentatives of the Progressive party to consider at this time only the welfare of the people of the United States. We shall prove false to our ideals and our professions if, in this grave crisis of the Nation's life, we permit ourselves to be swerved from the one prime duty of serving with cool judgment and single-minded devotion the Nation's needs. Our own political fortunes, individually and collectively, are of no consequence whatever, when compared with the honor and welfare of the people of the United States. Such things do not count when weighed in the balance against our duty to serve well the country in which, after we are dead, our children and our children's children are to live.

The world is passing through a great crisis and no man can tell what trial and jeopardy will have to be faced by this nation during the years immediately ahead. There is now no longer before us for decision the question as to what particular man we may severally most desire to see at the head of the government. We can decide only whether during these possibly vital years this country shall be entrusted to the leadership of Mr. Hughes or Mr. Wilson.

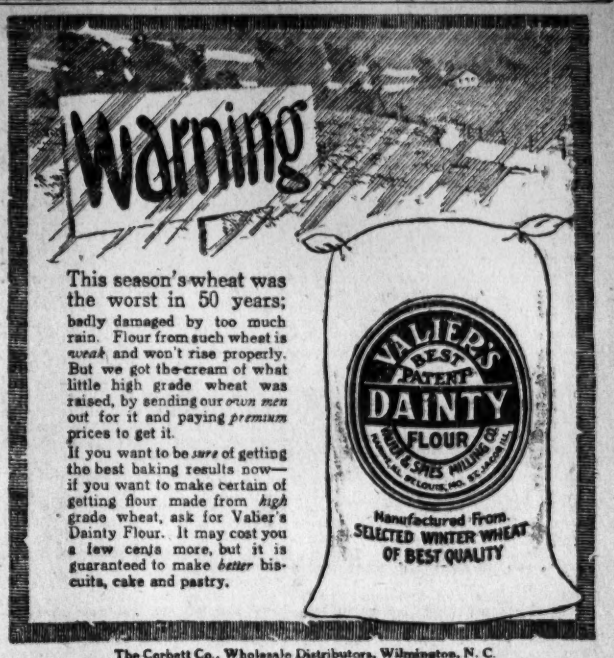
Mr. Wilson has been tried and found wanting. His party, because of its devotion to the outworn theory of state rights, and because of its reliance upon purely sectional support, stand against that spirit of far sighted nationalism which is essential if we are to deal adequately with our gravest social and industrial problems. Mr. Wilson and his party have in actual practice lamentably failed to safeguard the interest and honor of the United States. They have brought us to impotence abroad and to division and weakness at home. They have accustomed us to see the highest and most responsible offices of government filled by incompetent men appointed only for reason of partisan politics. They have dulled the moral sense of the people. They have taught us that peace, the peace of cowardice and dishonor and indifference to the welfare of others, is to be put above righteousness, above the stern and unflinching performance of duty whether the duty is pleasant or unpleasant. Yet in Mexico they have failed even to secure the peace which they thus sought; and they have failed in spite of the most ample opportunity and most ample warning, to prepare in any real fashion to meet the crisis which their own policy invited. They have taught us to put "safety first," safety before duty and honor; to put that materialism which expresses itself in mere money making, and in the fatted ease of life, above all spiritual things, above all the high and fine instincts of the soul. They have taught us to accept adroit elocution as a substitute for straightforward and efficient action. They have raised indecision, hesitancy and vacillation into a settled governmental policy.

Mr. Hughes has shown in his career the instinct of efficiency which will guarantee that, under him, the government will once more work with vigor and force. He possesses the habit of straightforward thinking which means that his words will be correlated with his deeds and translated into facts. His past career is the warrant for our belief that he will be the unfaltering opponent of that system of invisible government which finds expression in the domination of the party boss and the party machine. His past career is a guarantee that whatever he says before election will be made good by his acts after election. Morally, his public record shows him to be a man of unbending integrity; intellectually, it shows him to be a man of original and trained ability. We have the alternative of continuing in office an administration which has proved a lamentable failure, or of putting into office an administration which we have every reason to believe will function with efficiency for the interest and honor of all our people. I earnestly bespeak from my fellow Progressives their ungrudging support of Mr. Hughes.

Yours truly,
THEODORE ROOSEVELT.
Sagamore Hill, June 22, 1916.

Militia Strength of American States Called Into Action Against Carranza

DOMINION OF CANADA
82 OFFICERS WASH. 1.234 MEN
104 OFFICERS OREG. 1.622 MEN
58 OFFICERS IDAHO 946 MEN
45 OFFICERS MONT. 663 MEN
34 OFFICERS WYO. 598 MEN
56 OFFICERS N.DAK. 676 MEN
67 OFFICERS S.DAK. 975 MEN
119 OFFICERS NEB. 1.474 MEN
119 OFFICERS COLO. 1.637 MEN
32 OFFICERS UTAH 566 MEN
249 OFFICERS CAL. 3.440 MEN
NEV. NO ORGANIZED MILITIA
123 OFFICERS KANS. 1.812 MEN
69 OFFICERS OKLA. 1.025 MEN
ARIZ. 800 OFFICERS AND MEN ALREADY ON BORDER
N.MEX. 900 OFFICERS AND MEN ALREADY ON BORDER
TEX. 2.200 OFFICERS AND MEN ALREADY ON BORDER
227 OFFICERS MINN. 3.280 MEN
211 OFFICERS IOWA 3.092 MEN
277 OFFICERS MO. 3.872 MEN
105 OFFICERS ARK 1.547 MEN
68 OFFICERS LA. 1.044 MEN
196 OFFICERS WIS. 3.095 MEN
522 OFFICERS ILL. 5.550 MEN
78 OFFICERS MISS. 1.127 MEN
188 OFFICERS MICH 2.773 MEN
132 OFFICERS IND. 2.097 MEN
487 OFFICERS OHIO 5.309 MEN
168 OFFICERS KY. 2.329 MEN
107 OFFICERS TENN. 1.639 MEN
164 OFFICERS ALA. 2.615 MEN.
229 OFFICERS GA. 2.174 MEN
136 OFFICERS S.C. 1.589 MEN
95 OFFICERS FLA. 1.320 MEN
211 OFFICERS N.C. 2.809 MEN
200 OFFICERS VA. 2.703 MEN
1.607 MEN W.VA.
762 OFFICERS PA. 10.266 MEN
15.607 MEN
1.002 OFFICERS N.Y.
426 OFFICERS 5.653 MEN
73 OFFICERS 730 MEN
101 OFFICERS ME. 1.288 MEN
91 OFFICERS MASS. 1.525 MEN
90 OFFICERS 1.318 MEN
195 OFFICERS 2.272 MEN
296 OFFICERS 4.176 MEN
40 OFFICERS 450 MEN
156 OFFICERS 1917 MEN
ATLANTIC OCEAN
PACIFIC OCEAN
LOWER CALIFORNIA
MEXICO
RIO GRANDE
GULF OF MEXICO


Warning
This season's wheat was the worst in 50 years; badly damaged by too much rain. Flour from such wheat is weak and won't rise properly. But we got the cream of what little high grade wheat was raised, by sending our own men out for it and paying premium prices to get it.
If you want to be sure of getting the best baking results now—if you want to make certain of getting flour made from high grade wheat, ask for Valier's Dainty Flour. It may cost you a few cents more, but it is guaranteed to make better biscuits, cake and pastry.
VALIER'S BEST PATENT DAINTY FLOUR
Manufactured From SELECTED WINTER WHEAT OF BEST QUALITY
The Corbett Co., Wholesale Distributors, Wilmington, N. C.

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Rich milk, malted grain, in powder form. For infants, invalids and growing children. Pure nutrition, upbuilding the whole body. Invigorates nursing mothers and the aged. More nutritious than tea, coffee, etc. Instantly prepared. Requires no cooking. Substitutes Cost YOU Same Price

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SPECTACLES OR EYE GLASSES CORRECTLY FITTED to Your Eyes for $1.00 and Up.
EYES TESTED FREE.
Dr. Vineberg
MASONIC TEMPLE.

State of North Carolina; County of New Hanover. In the Recorder's Court. W. B. Thorpe and Company, Incorporated
vs.
J. E. Ellers.
Notice of Summons and Warrant of Attachment.

The defendant above named will take notice that an action was begun in the Recorder's Court of New Hanover County on the 2nd day of June, 1916, by the above named plaintiff to recover the sum of Two Hundred and Thirty-Three Dollars and Thirty-Seven cents ($233.37) due by non-payment of three notes payable to the order of W. B. Thorpe and Company, Incorporated, and signed by the defendant.

The defendant will further take notice that a warrant of attachment was issued from said Court on the 2nd day of June, 1916, against the property of said defendant, which warrant is returnable on the 3rd day of July, 1916, when and where the defendant is required to appear and answer or demurrer to the complaint or the relief demanded will be granted.

This the 2nd day of June, 1916.
W. H. NORTHROP, JR.
Dy. Clerk Recorder's Court.
je 2-4w.

FORECLOSURE OF MORTGAGE.

By virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage executed by John A. Applewhite and wife and L. C. Walsh and wife, to the undersigned, which said mortgage is duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of New Hanover county, North Carolina, in Book No. 82, at page 171, default having been made thereunder, the undesigned will, on Friday, the 7th day of July, 1916, at 12 o'clock, M., at the Court House door in the City of Wilmington, sell, at public auction, for cash to the highest bidder, all that certain tract, piece or parcel of land lying, being and situate in the County of New Hanover and State of North Carolina, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a stone marked (x) at the highe water mark line on the South side of an old cove on Myrtle Grove Sound, and running thence N. 73 deg. W. part of the way along Pompey's Branch, and passing a few feet South of a boiling Spring at the head of said branch 3,585 feet to the Macadam road leading along the Sound; thence 25 deg. 30 min. W. along the said Macadam road 380 feet; thence S. 71 deg. 30 min. E. over several marks in the line about 3,600 feet to high water on the Sound to a stone about 455 feet from the beginning, the distance being measured at right angles to the Northern line; thence with the Sound Northwardly to the beginning, being the same conveyed to D. M. Bornemann by W. H. McEachern and wife by deed duly recorded in Book No. 73, at page 87 of the records of the Register of Deeds of New Hanover County aforesaid.

This, the 5th day of June, 1916.
D. M. BORNEMANN, Mortgagee.
Bellamy & Bellamy, Att'ys.
je6-tu-5t

Read Star Business Locals.

LILLY JEFF wrote us that she was unable to comb her nappy, kinky hair, and after using for a short while Exelento Quinine Pomade, her hair grew to twenty inches long.
EXELENTO QUININE POMADE
is a Hair Grower which feeds the scalp and roots of the hair and makes the hair grow, and you soon can see the results by using several times. It cleans dandruff and stops Falling Hair at once. It leaves harsh, stubborn, nappy hair soft and silky.
Price 25 cents by mail on receipt of stamps or coin.
AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE.
Write For Particulars.
EXELENTO MEDICINE CO., Atlanta, Ga.

THAT BONE FELON

On your thumb or finger keeps you awake at night. Why suffer when I have the remedy that will kill it in 24 hours, regardless of its intensity. No cure, no pay. Five thousand cures and not a single failure. It leaves no scar. Send one dollar or if suffering wire me and the CURE will go forward. C. O. D. Parcel Post.
MRS. F. M. BUTLER,
Boardman, N. C.

THEATRICAL

The greatest number of the Animated Weekly ever presented at the Bijou is the number on today's bill. Besides other big events, it contains extensive views of President Wilson and party in attendance at the Charlotte celebration on May 20.

"Launching Huge Lake Freighter," is another item of more than ordinary interest. While the "War Section" shows impressive honor paid to dead heroes at Charlestown Navy Yard, attended by 60,000; last military honors to Major Moore, U. S. A., at El Paso, Texas; giant military tournament aids preparedness at Sheepshead Bay, boy scouts in action, sham battle, Ruth Law starting for daring ride in clouds; Rodman Law dynamiting a balloon and escaping in parachute; Uncle Sam's new submarines at Hampton Roads. Stirring flashes of the "War" in Ireland; Dardanelles heroes at church, Lord Kitchener, King and Queen arriving. This is probably the last pictures made of Lord Kitchener before his death.

Harry Myers and Rosemary Theby are back again in their latest and their last big Universal feature, as they have left this company. Today they present "Object Matrimony," a rousing two-reel comedy drama the most original you ever saw. Harry's object was matrimony all right, but he was so darned busy making love to Rosemary that he lost his job. Then he became a professional fiance for a marriage broker, showing up at Rosemary's house with a pocketful of phoney engagement rings. Dodging widows with large families and old maids with cats and parrots soon put Harry on the blink, so he collected his salary and—well, what would you do if the girl was willing.

"Graft"—the fifteenth thrilling episode is also on today's bill, and is a corker from beginning to end.

"The Salamander" Thursday.

Appetites are being whetted to a keen point in anticipation of the coming to the Royal on Thursday of this week of that remarkable film drama, "The Salamander," based on Owen Johnson's greatest book of the same name.

It is of interest to note what the leading dramatic critics of the country have said of this production. The N. Y. Evening Journal said: "The Salamander is the classic of the year." The Evening Mail says: "The Salamander" will appeal to both those who read the story and those who like a thrilling film." The Times: "The Salamander" is a photoplay of brilliant and compelling power." The Moving Picture World says: "'The Salamander' promises to win unstincted popularity wherever shown."

Those who have read the book need no introduction to the story of "The Salamander." Those who have not, but who will find the film equally interesting need only to be told that it was the best seller of two years ago. That it is a story of a lone girl's battle against the wolves of the city, thrilling and heart touching, enacted by a great cast of stars.

Today at the Royal.

William Fox photoplays supreme may always be expected to present something new, something original and something entirely out of the beaten path of the usual class of photoplay features.

Today's great feature at the Royal is no exception to this rule, presenting the world's supreme empress of stormy emotion, Nance O'Neil, in a remarkably brilliant photoplay version of Sardou's immortal drama, "The Witch" in which Miss O'Neil, acknowledged the world's greatest actress in portrayal of deep emotional roles, ascends to dramatic heights heretofore unregistered on the screen.

Sardou's great drama is in itself one of the strongest pieces of literature ever written; in the hands of the master craftsmen who build William Fox photoplays, and with the title role in the hands of such an eminent and powerful personality in the film world as Miss O'Neill, Royal patrons may confidently look for something the like of which they seldom have the pleasure of viewing on the screen.

A large cast of adequate brilliance was assembled to assist Miss O'Neil in portraying the varying emotions of this great drama, and never for a single moment is even an apparently unimportant role allowed to suffer or lag in interest through the acting of an amateur. Every role is in the hands of a finished Fox star. Royal patrons may confidently expect something great today.

NANCE O'NEIL
In a Scene from "The Witch" Today's Remarkable William Fox Feature at the Royal.

YOUNG COMMISSIONED AS BRIGADIER GENERAL

Second Regiment to Move to Camp Glenn Tomorrow.

Third Regiment to Follow Saturday; Then Coast Artillery Corps, if Needed—New Corporations Chartered.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., June 26.—The official commission to General Laurence W. Young, making him brigadier general, commanding the brigade of North Carolina National Guard, being mobilized for service on the Mexican border, was made out today ready for the signature of Governor Craig, who will sign it at once, General Young being already the acting brigadier-general since the physical disability of General B. S. Royster. The latter is expected any day now from Oxford to assume the duties of adjutant general in the stead of General Young as soon as Young is mustered in as brigadier-general.

The hospital corps from Asheville and the ambulance company from Canton, passed through Raleigh last night en route to Camp Glenn. The Second regiment will move to Camp Glenn from their home stations Wednesday and the third regiment will move on Saturday, the latter completing the mobilization movements for the present. Next in order will be the mobilization of the Coast Artillery companies, if the developments in the Mexican situation necessitates the mustering in of these units.

The Masons' Annuity, a Masonic fraternal insurance organization, was licenced today by the State Department of Insurance to do business in this State.

New corporations for North Carolina were chartered today as follows:

The Henderson-Asheville Traffic Service (Inc.), of Hendersonville, capital $25,000 authorized and $5,000 subscribed for a motor car passenger and general traffic service between Asheville and Henderson and other North Carolina points. Incorporators W. C. Kyle, W. H. Anderson and J. N. Oliver, of Fort Lauderdale, Fla., and Michael Schench, of Hendersonville

May Lubermann (Inc.), of Haw River, capital $25,000 authorized and $1,000 subscribed for a cotton and general textile manufacturing business, including yarns, cloths and the like, Incorporators are Max Lubermann, of Haw River, and J. M. Coble and E. S. W. Dameron, of Burlington.

The Paint Rock Farm Co., of Hot Springs, Madison county, capital $10,000 authorized and $3,000 subscribed by Guy V. Roberts, Marshall and A. Hall Johnson and Duff Merrick, of Asheville, for a general farm business.

An amendment to the charter of the Bayboro Land & Lumber Company, of Bayboro, Pamlico county, reduces the common stock from $50,000 to $15,000 and eliminates the preferred stock which was authorized but never issued. J. M. Harper is president.

FOR POSTOFFICE ROBBERY.

Two Young White Men of Raleigh Arrested—Money from Sub-Station.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., June 26.—Oris Pace and Arthur Davis, two young white men, were arrested tonight by United States Deputy Marshals J.B. Sturdevant and G. H. Dortch on the charge of robbing the North Raleigh sub-postoffice at Pace's drug store late last night. They obtained $12 cash from the substation money drawer before the place was closed for the night. A 12-year-old boy was an accomplice and told on the two young men. The lad is not to be prosecuted.

Kinston, N. C., June 26.—The lodges of the Junior Order U. A. M. in this district are publishing a newspaper, the first number of which is off the press today. W. B. Ward, of Kinston, is the editor. The publication is called the District Record. Advancement of the order, public education and patriotism will be its principal objects.

Panama, June 26.—Three persons are dead as a result of the rioting which accompanied the holding of presidential elections yesterday. Quiet has been restored. The election of the government, Dr. Ramon Valdes, formerly vice president of the republic and once minister to the United States, is indicated.

TO JOIN REGIMENT IN CAMP

Lieut. Col. John VanB. Metts Leaves for Morehead City Tonight—Lieut. W. P. Monroe Off Today.

Lieut. Col. John VanB. Metts, of Wilmington, leaves tonight to join the Second Regiment in camp at Morehead City and Lieut. W. P. Monroe, quartermaster and commissary, is off this morning to aid in feeding the small army of men which is being mobilized at Camp Glenn. Lieutenant Monroe donned his uniform of khaki last night and told the boys of the city fire department of which he is the assistant chief "Goodbye." He leaves this morning to join the colors, ready to go to Mexico or anywhere else, if his country calls.

Colonel Metts was closing up his business affairs yesterday and getting everything in readiness for his departure. He was hopeful that the worse might not come but is ready for it, if it should come. He was in close touch with Colonel Rodman, the commanding officer of the regiment yesterday, and tomorrow will join the regiment in camp.

Of particular interest to the members of the Wilmington Light Infantry was the news received here yesterday that Capt. Alexander Greig, inspector-instructor of the Coast Artillery Corps of North Carolina, had been transferred to Camp Glenn at Morehead City as mustering officer. This news came to Capt. E .P. Bailey, of the W. L. I. The members of the local military company were anxiously awaiting developments yesterday. Should the call come to them, they will be ready to move on short notice.

Interest in the Mexican situation was most keen here yesterday and last night. Hundreds watched the bulletin board in front of The Star office while many others called over the telephone for the latest information. It was realized that the situation was very grave and that the next few hours might bring complications of the most serious nature.

While in other cities throughout the country, the gravity of the situation has been felt for a week or more, it was not so pronounced in Wilmington for the reason that there was not the mustering in of the militia here. Reports from those who came in from other cities indicated that the aspect of war was accentuated by the presence of hundreds of khaki clad boys preparing to go to the border for military duty.

There are many young men in Wilmington—as well as older ones—who are ready to serve as soldiers, if there is need. Among those who enlisted yesterday was Mr. S. Freeman Yopp, Jr., who has been assigned to the Second Regiment, Infirmary Hospital corps. He will leave today going via New Bern.

The feeding of an army is one of the most important features and it will be of interest locally to know what preparations have been made to feed the 1,500 men who assemble in camp tomorrow. Capt. F. L. Black, of Charlotte, has been placed in charge of the quartermaster's department of the Second Regiment and he was ordered last week to have available tomorrow sufficient supplies for five days. It is in this department that Lieut. W. P. Monroe, of this city, is an officer. Speaking of the orders received by Captain Black, the Charlotte Observer says:

"Immediately upon receipt of these instructions Captain Black began wiring to leading wholesale provision houses in Richmond, Norfolk, Baltimore, as well as in this State, for quotations on supplies delivered on next Wednesday at Morehead City. He will get his replies in today and then will make the award of contracts.

"He will have about 1,500 men to look out for and this for a period of five days. The daily requirement for the regiment calls for 1,875 pounds of fresh meat or 1,125 pounds of bacon, 1,800 loaves of bread, 200 pounds of beans, 150 pounds of rice, 1,875 pounds of potatoes, 105 pounds of coffee, 300 pounds of sugar, 63 cans of milk, 8 gallons of pickles and an equal quantity of vinegar, 100 pounds of salt, lard and compounds and other items in proportion."

FAYETTEVILLE WOMEN PLAN TO GIVE SOLDIER BOYS SEND-OFF.

Will Give Each a Pocket Testament and Other Things.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Fayetteville, N. C., June 26.—A mass meeting of Fayetteville women was held at the Civic Library this morning to formulate plans for the send-off to be given to the local company of National Guardsmen on the occasion of their departure for the mobilization point Wednesday morning. The meeting, which was set on foot by leaders of the Daughters of the Confederacy here, agreed that a farewell that would leave a pleasant spot in the boys' hearts should be given them.

Committees were appointed to see to the details of providing lunches and delicacies for the soldiers. Housekeepers will be asked to give the lunches, while a baggage car attached to the train that carries Company F will be stacked with fruits, tobacco, cigarettes, and such things. Three companies of the Second Regiment—Company F, Fayetteville; Company G, Raeford, and Company L, Lumber Bridge—will entrain here Wednesday morning and the whole battalion will be marched to Market Square in the center of the town where farewell speeches will be made by prominent citizens and officials, and a guard of honor will escort the militiamen to the railroad station. The escort will consist of the gray company of the Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry and the local troop of Boy Scouts.

A resolution was passed asking that the women's clubs of the city formulate a prayer which all the women of the State will be requested to offer at noon every day for the soldiers, for the nation, and for peace. This prayer will be published in the State papers.

Each member of Company F will be given a pocket Testament on their departure, according to the plans of the women.

A streamer bearing the name of the historic company and the wars in which it has served will be placed on the car which carries the local troop away. This feature will be turned over to the Chamber of Commerce.

The funds necessary to give the Guardsmen a fitting farewell will be raised by the men of the city. It has bee n proposed that part of the funds raised for the Fourth of July celebration be converted to this purpose, and it is thought this will be done.

The woman's mass meeting this morning was presided over by Mrs. E. R. MacKethan, president of the J. E. B. Stuart chapter of the U. D. C., while Mrs. S. G. Ayer, president of the Liberty Point Monument Association, acted as secretary.

You Must Purify Your Blood In The Spring

Are you simply dragging your way through life, suffering tortures from some blood malady that has stolen your health, robbed you of the ability to enjoy life's pleasures, made the future a hopeless uncertainty, and left you but a shadow of your former strong self?

If so, let us warn you to look to your blood, and you will likely find the cause of your trouble. Poisoned blood can be blamed for more disease and suffering than any other thing, and there can be no health until the life fluid, that feeds and builds up every part of the body, is made pure and free from poison.

Whether your bad blood is shown by malaria, rheumatism, catarrh, scrofula, contagious blood poison, or some other blood disorder, you can be well, and again feel the bounding bouyancy of health that comes only with pure and well-nourished blood.

S. S. S. is the greatest blood remedy known. It is nature's own remedy, purely vegetable. It goes right to the seat of the trouble, destroys the germs that feed upon the red blood corpuscles, banishes every poison, and sends rich red blood coursing through your veins.

When you take S. S. S. you are not experimenting, because S. S. S. has been the standard blood remedy for 50 years, and there are thousands of people who owe their robust health and renewed vitality to its remarkable curative powers.

Just now you need a reliable tonic. The aches and pains, the weakness, the lack of vitality, the absence of all desire to exert yourself, are your system's cry for relief from starved and poisoned blood. Answer that cry with S. S. S., the great blood remedy that drives out contagion and brings back the blood of health. Get S. S. S. from the druggist today. It will give relief. If medical advice is desired, write our Medical Department, Room 27, Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

TOLLO WATER

RETAIL —— EXCLUSIVE AGENTS —— WHOLESALE

TWO SIZES—15c AND 35c.

——OIL KOREIN CAPSULES.——

Exclusive Agents.

40 Capsules, $1.00; Six for $5.00.

IF YOU CAN'T TELL US, TELEPHONE 248.

ELVINGTON'S PHARMACY

Dependable Druggists

RAPID PROGRESS MADE IN THE TRIAL OF CASES

(Continued From Page Five.)

against each of them and the other for false pretense against the first named. The Mitchell boy was given four months on the roads on the false pretense charge and six months for larceny and the Holmes boy was also given six months.

Messrs. H. M. Johnson and John Williams, charged with false pretense, it being alleged that they used measures that were not up to the standard, entered pleas of guilty to forcible trespass and each were discharged upon payment of the costs.

The jury in the case against Margaret Jones, a colored, woman, who was alleged to have engaged in a fight with another negro woman, spent practically all the afternoon deliberating on the case. Just before court adjourned shortly after 5 o'clock, the jury came in and reported that it was unable to agree, there being 11 of one opinion and one of the opposite view. However, Judge Lyon thought they ought to be able to agree as the county had already been put to considerable expense for the trial and he saw no reason for adding to the cost by another trial. He suggested that as they had the remainder of the week. Shortly, thereafter, the jury reported they had found the woman not guilty.

Important cases to be disposed of today will be the trial of the three negroes, John Allen, James Henderson and Richard Sampson, charged with the robbery of the store of Shrier & Solomon about three weeks ago.

MARRIED SECRETLY BEFORE STARTING FOR THE BORDER.

Another Romance at Fayetteville in Connection With Militia.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Fayetteville, N. C., June 26.—A second romance concerning a member of Company F, of the Second North Carolina National Guard, leaked out yesterday when the secret marriage, last week, of Miss Mabel Proctor and James H. Emmitt, a corporal in Company F, became known. The young people were married at 9 o'clock last Wednesday night at the residence of Rev. Louis T. Wilds, Jr., pastor of the Highland Presbyterian church. The fact was kept secret and the parents of the bride and groom were as much surprised as anybody when it came out. Mr. Emmitt will leave here with Company F for Camp Glenn Wednesday morning and the lovers wished to plight their troth before the hour of departure came. The bride, who is a pretty little brunette, has been employed in the Paton photographic studios. She is a daughter of W. H. Proctor, formerly a member of the Fayetteville police force but now residing in Ohio. She lives with her mother on Hay street.

Mr. Emmett has been a member of Company F for some time and is an efficient soldier.

Stomach Gets the Blame, But the Liver Is the Cause

A Wineglassful of Tollo Water Will Make the Liver Act Freely and Relieve Your Stomach in Thirty Minutes

Most cases of stomach trouble are caused by a clogged liver. It does no good to dose the stomach with drugs when the real cause is not removed.

When the bile tubes of the liver are clogged the bile is forced back into the stomach and even into the blood, causing stomach trouble, gas, heartburn, headaches, coated tongue, sallow complexion.

An occasional Tollo Water liver bath will remove all these symptoms in thirty minutes. It will clean out the bile tubes, flush the waste out of your system and give your stomach a fresh, clean start.

Tollo Water is found at Dawson Springs, a famous Kentucky health resort, and has the property of dissolving the obstructions in the bile tubes and stimulating the action of the liver and bowels.

Clean your liver tomorrow with a Tollo Water liver bath. It will remove all waste matter and you will be surprised and pleased at its quick results. Your stomach trouble will disappear and you will be able to eat what you like and enjoy it.

Get a 15-cent bottle from your druggist. Take a little before breakfast in a glass of drinking water. In thirty minutes, it will make you feel better than you have in weeks.

ROYAL

William Fox Presents

THE SUPREME EMPRESS OF STORMY EMOTION

NANCE O'NEIL

With a Great Supporting Cast, in Sardou's Immortal Drama,

"THE WITCH"

A Photoplay of Dazzling Brilliance and Compelling Power in Six Reels.

Adults 10c - Children 5c

BIJOU

"GRAFT"

Fifteenth Thrilling Two-Reel Chapter.

ANIMATED WEEKLY

Containing Many Great War and Mexican Scenes—Also President Wilson at Charlotte.

Rosemary Theby

And Harry Myers, in a Rousing Two-Reel Comedy.

"Object--- Matrimony"

GRAND

Elizabeth Burbridge

With Ernest H. Calvert, in

"HER RECKONING DAY"

A Great Three-Act Essanay Super Dramatic Feature.

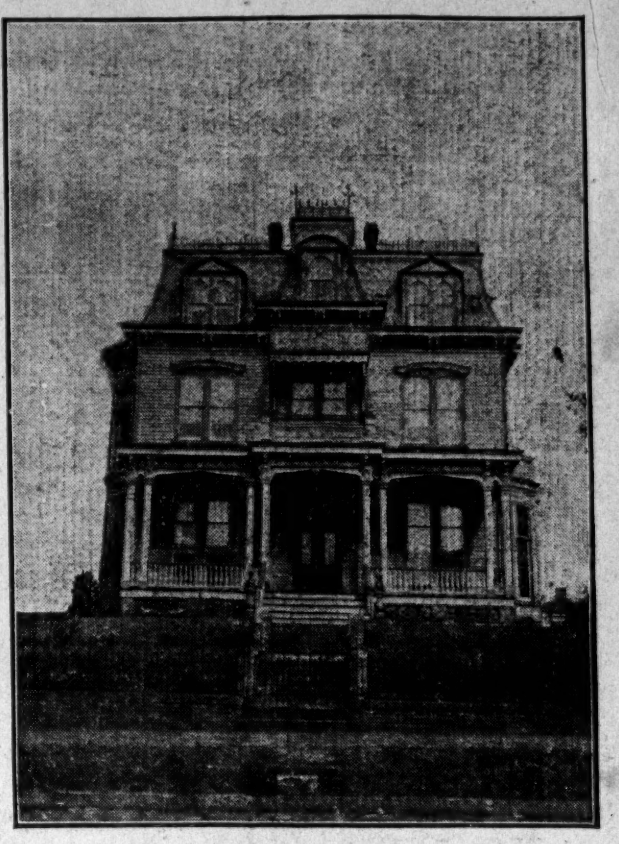
"The Sea Lily"

Thomas Jefferson, in a Strong Dramatic Feature.

Admission 5 Cts

Read Star Business Locals.

This Handsome Residence For Sale



In offering my residence for sale, it is unnecessary to state anything further than that it is without doubt one, if not the best-built residences in the city. An examination of same will convince anyone of this fact.

Lot 70x208 feq' in size; 20-foot back entrance.

Wm. E. SPRINGER

This Bicycle is Sold by the QUEEN CITY CYCLE CO. Only, at 209 Market St., and is One of the Best Bicycles on the American Market Today. The Price on the Bicycle is the Same as the Price on Others, So Why Buy an Imitation, When You Can Get the Original for the Same Price? Sold for Cash or Installments.

'PHONE 862. REMEMBER THE PLACE.

A MOVING PICTURE

Do you want a moving picture of your progress to financial independence?

Get it at the Home Savings Bank. Your savings pass book showing regular-as-clockwork deposits, occasional additions of interest and only such withdrawals as real emergencies demand.

Will you give a moving picture of your journey success-ward—one that will inspire you to renewed effort every time you look at it?

HOME SAVINGS BANK

Wilmington, N. C.

NEW FICTION

THE GOLDEN WOMAN ... by Ridgewell Cullum
JUST DAVID ... Bby Eleanor Porter
THE PROOF OF THE PUDDING ... by Meredith Nicholson
THE DAREDEVIL ... by Maria Thompson Daviess
THE GOLDEN HOPE ... by Grace Stanton Mason
INSTEAD OF THE THORN ... by Clara Louise Burnham
AND HUNDREDS THAT WE HAVEN'T SPACE TO MENTION.

Northam's Book and Stationery Store

'PHONE 651 101 PRINCESS ST

STACKS, TANKS, BOILERS, PUMPS.

GAS AND STEAM ENGINE REPAIRS.

REPAIRS FOR MILLS, HOTELS AND PUBLIC WORKS.

OUR FOUNDRY MAKES ALL KINDS of IRON, BRASS and ALUMINUM CASTINGS.

Cape Fear Machine Works

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FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

COTTON MARKET UNSETTLED

General List Closes Steady at Net Loss of 12 to 15 Points—Early Rallies Followed by Decline.

New York, June 26.—The cotton market was unsettled today, prices working lower, under more or less liquidation.

After selling at 13.41 early, October eased off to 13.22 and closed at 13.24, with the general list closing steady at a net loss of 12 to 15 points.

Liverpool was relatively steady, and the market reopened steady at an advance of three points to a decline of one point, but after selling about two to five points higher right after the call, prices turned easier. For the first time in a considerable period houses with Liverpool connections were active sellers here. This and weakness in the stock market and Mexican uncertainties, were considered partly responsible for a break to a net loss of seven to eleven points before the nd of the morning.

There were rallies to about Saturday's closing figures during the middle of the day on weather reports showing heavy rains in Oklahoma and the Carolinas. Prices weakened again in the afternoon under renewed Wall Street and scattering liquidation. July sold off to 13.06 and December to 13.38 or 13 to 18 points net lower and the close was within two or three points of the lowest on most positions. July led the decline as a result of scattering liquidation in preparation for the possibility of notices tomorrow.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
July	13.26	13.28	13.06	13.11
October	13.40	13.41	13.22	13.24
December	13.51	13.56	13.38	13.39
January	13.61	13.63	13.45	13.46
March	13.74	13.79	13.62	13.62

Spot cotton quiet middling uplands 13.30 no sales.

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

New Orleans—Middling, 13.06; receipts, 1,475; sales, 1,085; stock, 210,416.

Galveston—Middling, 13.75; receipts, 3,621; exports, 1,650; sales, 1,479; stock, 135,898.

Mobile—Middling, 12.94; receipts, 204; stock, 27,007.

Savannah — Middling, 13.00; receipts, 2,140; sales, 2,990; stock, 97,419.

Charleston—Middling, 12¾; stock, 37,-103.

Wilmington—Middling, 12⅝; receipts, 251; stock, 62,089.

Norfolk—Middling, 13.13; receipts, 1,-261; exports, 2,915; sales, 633; stock, 54,075.

Baltimore—Stock, 5,535.

Boston—Middling, 13.40; receipts, 281; stock, 9,800.

Philadelphia—Middling, 13.55; stock, 637.

New York—Middling, 13.30; exports, 7,157; stock, 170,965.

Minor Ports—Stock, 18,927.

Total today—Receipts, 9,233; exports, 11,722; stock, 829,931.

Total for week—Receipts, 18,981; exports, 44,255.

Total for season—Receipts, 7,330,181; exports, 5,414,083.

Interior Movement.

Houston—Middling, 13.65; receipts, 4,758; shipments, 5,104; sales, 72; stock, 14,513.

Memphis—Middling, 13.25; receipts, 343; shipments, 971; sales, 200; stock, 35,724.

Augusta — Middling, 12.94; receipts, 108; shipments, 271; sales, 272; stock, 78,594.

St. Louis — Middling, 13.00; receipts, 1,049; shipments, 3,049; stock, 12,681.

Cincinnati—Receipts, 982; shipments, 541; stock, 12,638.

Little Rock—Middling, 13.13; receipts, 217; shipments, 164; sales, 164; stock, 12,262.

Dallas—Middling, 13.15.

Montgomery—Middling, 12.62; sales, 5.

Total today — Receipts, 9,975; shipments, 10,100; stock, 246,142.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, June 26. — Cotton, spot, steady. Good middling, 8.42; middling, 8.26; low middling, 8.10. Sales, 5,000; for speculation and export, 500; receipts, 33,000. Futures barely steady. June, 8.01; June and July, 7.96; July and August, 7.93½; August and September, 7.89½; September and October, 7.85; October and November, 7.81; November and December, 7.77½; December and January, 7.75½; January and February, 7.74; February and March, 7.74; March and April, 7.74; April and May, 7.73; May and June, 7.72; June and July, 7.70.

SAVANNAH NAVAL STORES.

Savannah, Ga., June 26. — Turpentine, firm, 38. Sales, 570; receipts, 451; shipments, 7; stock, 14,729.

Rosin—Firm. Sales, 1,204; receipts, 1,438; shipments, 737; stock, 67,497. Quote: A, B, 5.10@5.15; C, D, E, 5.25; F, 5.22½@5.35; G, 5.25@5.35; H, 5.30@5.35; I, 5.35; K, 5.40@5.60; M, 5.45@5.75; N, 5.75@5.90; W G, 6.00; W W, 6.35.

NEW YORK PROVISIONS.

New York, June 26. — Sugar, raw, firm; centrifugal, 6.40; molasses, 5.63; refined, firm.

Butter—Weaker.

Cheese—Steady.

Coffee—Spot, dull and nominal; Rio, No. 7, 9¼; Santos, No. 4, 10⅜.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

Unfavorable Rumors as to Mexican Situation Causes Slump.

New Orleans, June 26.—After a period of steadiness around the opening today, the cotton market became heavy and late in the day unfavorable rumors regarding the Mexican situation resulted in a net loss of eight to fifteen points. The vlose was steady, eight to twelve down.

Around the opening prices were five to six points up. First July notices estimated at around $,500 bales, appeared to be promptly stopped and feeling was rather bullish on complaints of too much moisture in the belt over Sunday. Longs commenced to offer considerable cotton, however, and the market sagged.

Further declines in ocean freight rates were reported, but stimulated no buying. It was said that July notices were stopped chiefly for the account of exporters and Southern mills.

Closing July 12.95, October 15.11, December 13.23, January 13.33, March 13.49.

Spot cotton steady and unchanged. Sales on the spot 835; to arrive 250. Middling 13.06.

UPTURN IN WHEAT MARKET

Brought About by Increased Prospect of War and Reports of Black Rust in the Southwest.

Chicago, June 26. — Reports of black rust and other adverse crop conditions in the Southwest, together with increased prospects of war with the de facto government of Mexico, tended today to bring about an upturn in the wheat market. Largely as a result, closing quotations although unsettled, were one-half to five-eighths net higher, with July at 1.01½ and September, 1.03⅜.

Corn finished unchanged to ⅞ up, oats varying from ⅛ decline to ¼ advance and provisions at a rise of seven and a half to twenty cents.

Close:

Wheat — July, 1.01½; September, 1.04⅜.

Corn—July, 73½; September, 72¼.

Oats—July, 39⅝; September, 38⅝.

Pork—July, 24.75; September, 24.37.

Lard—July, 13.17; September, 13.30.

Ribs—July, 13.70; September, 13.77.

Cash grain:

Wheat—No. 2, red, nominal; No. 3, red, 1.00@1.01¼; No. 2, hard, 1.01⅝@1.02½; No. 3, hard, 96¼@1.01.

Corn—No. 2, yellow, 76@76¼; No. 4, yellow, 74½@74¾; No. 4, white, 73@74½.

MARINE.

Arrived.

Str. Cherokee, Bunnell, New York, C. J. Becker, agent.

Cleared.

Str. City of Memphis, 3,081 tons, Borun, Genoa, Italy, Alex. Sprunt & Son.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Nicaria (Ger.) 3,288 tons, Holtasch, Heide & Co.

Str. Kiel (Ger.), 2,872 tons, Lemke, Heide & Co.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

(Quoted Daily by the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce.)

STAR OFFICE, June 26.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—38¼c.

ROSIN—$4.75 and $4.60.

TAR—$2.30-10c.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—$3.50, $3.50, $2.50.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, 38½c.; rosin, $2.85; tar, $1.70-8c..; crude turpentine, $2.50, $2.50 and $1.50.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine .. ..(—)

Rosin ... ...(—)

Tar ... ...(—)

Crude Turpentine ... ...(—)

Receipts — Same day last year: Spirits turpentine, 1 cask; rosin, 4 barrels; tar, 24 barrels; crude turpentine, 9 barrels.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—12⅝c.; quotations same day last year, Nominal.

Receipts—251 bales; same day last year, 112 bales.

Total receipts since August 1st, to date, 201,743 bales.

Total receipts to same date last year, 274,548 bales.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at This Port Yesterday.

Wilmington, N. C., June 26.

Atlantic Coast Line—245 bales cotton.

Seaboard Air Line—6 bales cotton.

Total—251 bales cotton.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, June 26.)

SWEET POTATOES—Yams, 50c per bushel.

IRISH POTATOES—$1.00.

CORN—$1.90 to $1.95 per sack.

BEEF—Native dressed, 9c. to 11c.; good demand.

PORK—Small, 8@10c. per pound.

WOOL—Burry, 17c.; first class, 28c.

HIDES—Green salt, 13c. to 14c.; dry, flint, 17@20c per lb.; good demand.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON — Old hams, 18c.; sides and shoulders, 14c. to 15c. per pound, good demand.

BEESWAX—Firm, 25c per pound; good demand.

POULTRY—Chickens, grown, 50c. to 55c.; spring, 20c. to 30c. head. Geese, 55c to 60c per head. Ducks, 35c to 50c owing to quality. Turkeys, 18c per lb., alive.; 20c to 22c dressed.

EGGS—18c. and 19c. dozen.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, June 26.—North Carolina Peanuts—Market, steady. Fancy hand picked, 70c; No. 1 machine picked, 65c per bushel.

Virginia Peanuts—Market, steady. Jumbos, 60c; fancy hand picked, 55c; No. 1, machine picked, 50c per bushel.

Spanish Peanuts—Market steady; No. 1, small, machine picked, 80c; Jumbos, 75c per bushel.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, Plummer & Co., Inc.)

Petersburg, Va., June 26.—Spanish—Farmers' stock—Market firm. Cleaners offering, $1.05; holders asking, $1.10 per bushel.

Virginias—Farmers' stock—Market, firm. Jumbo, 4c per lb.; Fancy hand picked, 3¾c. per lb.; Extra Prime, 3½c. per lb.; Prime, 3¼c. per lb.; Shelling stock, 2½c. to 3c. per lb.

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.

New York, June 26. — Beeves, weak. Steers, 7.50@10.90; culls, 5.25@7.50; choice to extra, 7.75@10.75; cows, 3.75@7.50.

Calves—Weak. Veals, 9.50@13.00; culls, 8.00@9.00; skim milk calves, 7.00@8.00.

Sheep and Lambs—Firm. Sheep, 5.00@7.35; culls, 3.50@4.50; lambs, 10.50@12.00; culls, 9.75@10.25.

Hogs—Firm, 9.55@10.20; rough, 8.50@8.75.

NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

New York, June 26. — Mercantile paper, 3½@3¾; sterling, sixty day bills, 4.72¾; demand, 4.75¾; bar silver, 65¾; Mexican dollars, 50⅝; government bonds, steady; railroad bonds, heavy.

Time loans, easier; sixty and ninety days, 3½@3¾; six months, 3¾@4.

Call money, easier; ruling rate, 2½.

STOCK LIQUIDATION BROADER

Results in Almost Steady Decline, With Some Slight Recovery at the Close.

New York, June 26.—Last week's liquidation was resumed on a broader basis today, resulting in almost steady declines, with some slight recovery at the close. The Mexican situation was again the paramount factor, although other developments, such as the Federal Court order directing the dissolution of the Corn Products Refining Company and less optimism regarding crop prospects were influential.

Corn Products common, on an extraordinary large overturn, made an extreme decline of 5 3-4 to 13 1-2, with 11 for the preferred at 85. Mexicans averaged losses of 2 to 4 points, with 5 for Petroleum and motors and the war group were 2 and 3 points down, with 9 1-2 for Bethlehem Steel before it rebounded. United States Steel manifested actual heaviness for the first time in weeks, declining 1 1-4 to 82 3-4 with but little recovery.

Coppers and the zinc shares were heavy to weak, shipping issues were again adversely influenced by reductions in ocean going rates and specialties of less definite description yielded sympathetically. United States Industrial Alcohol added 3 1-2 to its 18 points depression of the preceding week.

The weakness of standard rails was perhaps the most disconcerting feature of the session. The most active issue at its worst showed a loss of 5 1-2 point. Other coalers, Canadian Pacific "Soo", Union Pacific, New Haven and Southern Railway preferred, receded 1 to 2 points. Total sales 670,000 shares.

Bonds were heavy. Total sales, par value, $2,270,000. United States bonds unchanged on call.

NEW YORK STOCK LIST.

Allis-Chalmers	23½
American Beet Sugar	84½
American Can	51½
American Car and Foundry	55
American Cotton Oil	53¾
American Locomotive	65¾
American Smelting	91½
American Sugar	108½
American Tel. and Tel	130
American Tobacco	204¼
American Zinc	40⅝
Anaconda Copper	77⅝
Atchison	103¾
Atlantic Coast Line	110
Baldwin Locomotive	77
Baltimore and Ohio	87½
Bethlehem Steel	442
Canadian Pacific	174½
Central Leather	55
Chesapeake and Ohio	60¼
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	96
Chicago, R. I. and Pac. Ry	22¼
Consolidated Gas	133¼
Corn Products	13¾
Crucible Steel	73¼
Erie	34⅝
Genefal Electric	164¾
Great Northern, pfd	119⅝
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	33—
Goodrich	73
Illinois Central	104½
Int. Mer. Marine, pfd., ctfs	87½
Kansas City Southern	24⅞
Lehigh Valley	76¾
Louisville and Nashville	131¾
Liggett and Meyers	248
Lorillard Co	216
Maxwell Motors	80¾
Missouri, Kansas and Texas, pfd	12½
Missouri Pacific	6⅝
Mexican Petroleum	93½
National Lead	64½
New York Central	103¾
N. Y., N. H. and Hartford	60⅝
Norfolk and Western	130½
Northern Pacific	112¾
Pennsylvania	57
Reading	94⅝
Rep. Iron and Steel	42¼
Seaboard Air Line	15½
Seaboard Air Line, pfd	37⅝
Sloss-Sheff. Steel and Iron	46½
Studebaker Corporation	135⅝
Southern Pacific	96¼
Southern Railway	21⅝
Southern Railway, pfd	65⅞
Tennessee Copper	33⅝
Texas Co	179
Texas and Pacific	12¾
Union Pacific	135¼
United Fruit	156¼
United States Rubber	52
United States Steel	83
United States Steel, pfd	117¼
Utah Copper	75
Virginia-Caro. Chem	39
Va. Iron, Coal and Coke	48
Wabash, pfd., "B" ctfs	26¼
Western Union	93¼
Westinghouse Electric	56⅝

COTTON SEED OIL.

New York, June 26. — Early firmness in the cotton seed oil market today induced by covering, due to the lard strength, was followed after midday by general reactions under profit-taking. The close therefore was no more than steady, at 5 points advance to 2 net declines; sales, 7,200 barrels.

Close, easy.

Spot and June, 10.90, nominal; July, 10.88@10.90; August, 10.82@10.83; September, 10.80@10.81; October, 9.83@9.84; November, 8.92@8.94; December(8.80@8.83; January, 8.81@8.84. Total sales, 7,200.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Chicago, June 26.—Hogs, weak, at 15 cents advance. Bulk, 9.70@9.95; light, 9.30@9.90; mixed, 9.50@10.00; heavy, 9.35@10.00; rough, 9.35@9.55; pigs, 7.60@9.20.

Cattle — Firm. Native beef cattle, 7.50@11.35; western steers, 8.30@9.40; stockers and feeders, 5.75@8.75; cows and heifers, 3.75@9.75; calves, 8.50@11.75.

Sheep—Steady. Wethers, 7.00@8.00; ewes, 4.60@7.50; lambs, 7.50@9.90; springs, 8.00@11.50.

LOW RATE EXCURSION
WILMINGTON
TO
FAYETTEVILLE
Via
ATLANTIC COAST LINE RAILROAD
Wednesday, July 5, 1916.

Round trip fare from Wilmington only $1.25. Corresponding low rates from intermediate points. Train leaves Union Station 7:30 A. M., and returning will leave Fayetteville at 11:00 P.M.

T. C. WHITE,
General Pass. Agent.
W. J. CRAIG,
Passenger Traffic Mngr.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

June 27, 1916.

Meteorological data for the day ending at 8 P. M.:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 76 degrees; at 8 P. M., 76 degrees; maximum, 82 degrees; minimum, 69 degrees; mean, 76 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .19 inch; rainfall for the month, to date, 5.29 inches.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M. yesterday, 12.1 feet.

THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina: Probably fair Tuesday and Wednesday.

The Port Calendar, June 27, 1916.

Sun rises ... ...5:02 A. M.

Sun sets ... ...7:27 P. M.

Day's length .. ..14 hrs. 25 min.

THE TIDES.

	High water. A.M.	High water. P.M.	Low water. A.M.	Low water. P.M.
Wilmington	7:25	7:58	2:31	2:36
Southport	5:32	6:11	11:39	11:53
Masonboro Inl	5:21	6:00	11:19	11:33

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS

June 26, 1916.

STATIONS:	Temperature: Weather at 8 P. M.	Highest today.	Lowest Last night.	Precipitation at 8 P.M.
Abilene	cldy	102	76	.0
Asheville	clear	84	62	.0
Atlanta	cldy	82	68	.0
Augusta	cldy	88	72	.0
Baltimore	clear	82	—	.04
Birmingh	pt cldy	90	68	.0
Boston	clear	82	62	.10
Charleston	cldy	84	72	.70
Charlotte	pt cldy	82	68	.0
Chicago	clear	82	66	.64
Galveston	clear	88	82	.0
Jacksonv.	rain	86	76	.48
Memphis	pt cldy	90	74	.0
Mobile	cldy	94	74	.0
Montgom'y	cldy	90	72	.70
New Orl.	pt cldy	90	76	.36
New York	cldy	80	66	.0
Oklahoma	clear	82	68	.22
Palestine	pt cldy	90	72	.0
Pittsburg	pt cldy	82	56	.0
Raleigh	pt cldy	84	64	.0
Savannah	cldy	86	70	.01
Shreveport	cldy	96	70	.02
St. Louis	pt cldy	88	68	.0
Washing'n	clear	86	68	.0

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, June 26. — Cotton goods were steady and quiet today, government bonds for additional quantities of army goods and materials have been received. Wool goods were firm. Raw silk was slightly irregular.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

The Progressive Railway of the South. Bulletin of Round-Trip Fares in Effect from Wilmington.

ROCK HILL, S. C. $8.90
On sale June 28, 29 and 30; limited returning midnight July 31st.

BALTIMORE, Md. $14.80
On sale July 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9th; limited returning midnight July 19th.

CHAPEL HILL STATION, N. C. ..$7.30
On sale July 3, 10th; limited returning midnight August 1st.

ASHEVILLE, N. C $14.05

BLACK MOUNTAIN, N. C. $14.05

HENDERSONVILLE, N. C. $14.05

HICKORY, N. C. $10.85

EDGEMONT, N. C. $12.85

PINEOLA, N. C. $19.30

LENOIR, N. C. $11.85
Tickets on sale Daily until October 15th, limited returning Midnight October 31st

LAKE JUNALUSKA, N. C. $12.55

WAYNESVILLE, N. C. $12.55
On sale July 9 to 14; July 19 to 24, inclusive; July 28 to August 1, inclusive; August 6 to 9, inclusive; limited returning midnight, July 26, August 18 and 28th.

LOUISVILLE, KY $23.00
On sale July 21, 23, 24 and 25; limited returning midnight, August 1st.

ATLANTA, GA $13.95
On sale July 11, 12; limited returning midnight, July 19th.

MONTEAGLE, TENN $20.70

SEWANEE, TENN $20.70
On sale July 1; limited returning midnight, July 30th.

NASHVILLE, TENN $20.30
On sale July 31, Aug. 1; limited returning midnight, August 9th.

BLACK MOUNTAIN, N. C. $9.90

RIDGE CREST, N. C. $9.90
On sale June 27, 29 and 30th; July 6, 7, 13, 14, 20, 21 and 28; August 1, 4, 14, 15 and 22nd; limited returning midnight 17 days after date of sale.

NASHVILLE, TENN $20.25
On sale July 20, 22 and 24th; limited returning 15 days from date of sale.

MONTEAGLE, TENN $20.70

SEWANEE, TENN $20.70
On sale July 1, 3, 10, 11, 27, 28; August 5, 7, 10, 11 and 12th; limited returning midnight, July 30, August 1, 8, 9; Sept. 5.

MOOSEHEART, ILL. $38.80
On sale July 15, 16, 17; limited returning midnight, July 27.

CINCINNATI, OHIO $30.50
On sale July 13, 14, 15, 16; limited returning midnight July 25.

NEW YORK, N. Y. $22.25
On sale June 29, 30; July 1; limited returning midnight, July 12.

KNOXVILLE, TENN $15.70
On sale July 1, 2, 3 and 15th; limited returning midnight 15 days following date of sale.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL $92.70
On sale July 22 to 29; limit, two months.

PORTLAND, ORE $94.05
On sale July 22 to 29, inclusive; limit, two months.

SAVANNAH, GA $10.90
On sale August 12, 13 and 14; limited returning midnight, August 31st.

BUFFALO, N. Y. $30.05
On sale July 8, 9 and 10; limited returning midnight July 23rd.

LYTLE, GA. $18.80
(Near Chattanooga), and return, account National Military Training Camp at Fort Oglethorpe. Tickets on sale during July and August. See ticket agent for limits and other information.

For further information call Phone 178, City Ticket Office, Orton Hotel Building.

H. E. PLEASANTS,
T. P. A., Wilmington, N. C.

JOHN T. WEST,
D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

mh23-tf

BIG EXCURSION
WILMINGTON TO LAKE WACCAMAW AND RETURN, VIA
ATLANTIC COAST LINE RAILROAD, THURSDAY, JULY 6, 1916.

Train leaves Wilmington 8:00 A. M., and leaves Lake Waccamaw, returning, 7:30 P. M.

Fare for the round trip, 75c.

W. J. CRAIG, Pass. Traf. Mgr. T. C. WHITE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

je23 to jy6

BRAY BROTHERS
STOCKS & BONDS
GREENSBORO, N. C.

WE OFFER

25 to 50 shares Cherryville Mfg. Co., Cherryville, N. C. This is a good cotton mill stock and getting better every day.

20 shares Southern Underwriters Insurance Co., of Greensboro, N. C.

Prices and Information On Application. Write Us a Line

WE BUY WHOLE ISSUES OF BONDS. WRITE US WHAT YOU HAVE FOR SALE.

HARPER LINE STEAMERS

SUMMER SCHEDULE.
Effective June 4th, 1916.
DAILY

Leaves Wilmington for Carolina Beach and Southport, 9 A. M. and 2:30 P. M.

Leaves Southport, 11:45 A. M. and 4:45 P. M.

SUNDAY SCHEDULE:

Leaves Carolina Beach Pier 6 P. M.

Leaves Southport, 11:30 A. M. and 4:45 P. M.

Leaves Carolina Beach Pier 12:30 and 6:00 P. M.

Please ship freight on 5:00 o'clock boat.

J. B. FOX, Agent.

je1-2mo.

Excursion Fares

FROM WILMINGTON

OPEN TO THE PUBLIC.

WASHINGTON	$16.00
BALTIMORE	$18.00
PHILADELPHIA	$22.50
NEW YORK	$26.00
BOSTON (Via Norfolk)	$30.50
ASHEVILLE, N. C.	$14.05
WAYNESVILLE, N. C.	$15.35
LAKE TOXAWAY, N. C.	$15.75
BREVARD, N. C.	$14.95
HENDERSONVILLE, N. C.	$14.05
SALUDA, N. C.	$13.50
TRYON, N. C.	$13.20

Tickets on sale every day until Sept. 30, good to stop over; limited returning until Oct. 31.

$22.25—New York City.

Account National Education Association. Tickets will be sold June 29, 30 and July 1, limited returning until July 12.

$20.70—Monteagle and Sewanee, Tenn.

Account Opening Week University of the South. Tickets will be sold July 1 and 3, limited returning until July 30 and August 1, respectively.

FOURTH of JULY EXCURSION FARES

('Phone 160 for Particulars.)

Tickets on sale July 2, 3 and 4, limited returning until July 8.

$7.30—Chapel Hill, N. C.,

Account Summer School University of N. C. College. Tickets on sale July 3 and 10; limited returning August 1.

$18.60—Chattanooga, Tenn., and Lytle, Ga.,

Account National Military Training sale and limited returning as follows: July 2, limited August 10; July 3, limited August 11; July 4, limited August 12; July 5, limited August 13; July 9, limited August 13; July 10, limited August 13; July 11, limited August 13.

$20.70—Monteagle and Sewanee, Tenn.

Account Missionary Week, University of the South. Tickets will be sold July 11, limited returning until August 9.

$14.80—Baltimore, Md.,

Account Grand Lodge Elks (B. P. O. E.). Tickets on sale July 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9; limited returning July 19.

$30.05—Buffalo, N. Y.,

Account Ancient Arabic Order, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, Imperial Council. Tickets on sale July 8, 9 and 10, limited returning until July 23.

$13.95—Atlanta, Ga.

Account All South Christian Endeavor Convention. Tickets on Sale July 11 and 12, limited returning until July 19.

$20.50—Cincinnati, O.,

Account International Rotary Clubs' Convention. Tickets on sale July 14, 15 and 16; limited returning until July 25.

$38.80—Mooseheart, Ill.

Account annual convention, Loyal Order of Moose of the World. Tickets will be sold July 15, 16 and 17, limited returning until July 27.

$20.25—Nashville, Tenn.,

Account Peabody College Summer School. Tickets on sale July 20, 22 and 24; limited returning until 15 days after date of sale.

$23.00—Louisville, Ky.

Account National Dental Association. Tickets will be sold July 21, 23, 24 and 25, limited returning until August 1.

$20.30—Nashville, Tenn.

Account Young People's Congress (Colored). Tickets will be sold July 31 and Aug. 1, limited returning until August 9.

$92.70—San Francisco, Cal.
$94.95—Portland, Oregon.

Tickets will be sold July 22 to 29, inclusive, limited returning until two months after date of sale.

$20.70—Monteagle and Sewanee, Tenn.

Account Monteagle Assembly and Music Festival. Tickets will be sold July 27 and 28 and August 5, 7, 10, 11 and 12, limited returning until Sept. 5.

$10.90—Savannah, Ga.,

Account Grand Aerie, Fraternal Order of Eagles. Tickets on sale August 12, 13 and 14; limited returning until August 31.

Proportionate Fares from Other Points on the
ATLANTIC COAST LINE,
"The Standard Railroad of the South."
'Phone 160.

FOURTH OF JULY EXCURSION FARES.

The Atlantic Coast Line announces reduced excursion fares from all stations on its lines to nearly all destinations within a radius of approximately 350 miles from starting point. Tickets will be sold for use on the going trip on all trains of July 2, 3 and 4; limited returning to reach original starting point by or before midnight of July 5, 1916.

For fares, schedules, tickets and any desired information,

'PHONE 160.
ATLANTIC COAST LINE,
The Standard Railroad of the South.

J.F.LEITNER
ARCHITECT
27, 28, 29 Carroll Building

Read Star Business Locals.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington. Effective June 18, 1916. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS
No. 90. 3:40 A.M. Daily except Sunday	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad.	No. 91. 1:15 A.M. Daily except Monday
No. 51. 5:30 A.M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, St. Petersburg, Ft Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive outbound passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied, inbound, until 7:00 A. M.	No. 50. 12:20 A.M. Daily.
No. 64. 8:15 A.M. Mon., Wed. and Fri. only	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations	No. 65. 6:15 P.M. Mon., Wed. and Fri. only.
No. 48. 7:40 A.M. Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. Parlor cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains having Pilman service.	Daily. No. 49. 6:05 P.M.
No. 53. 4:45 A.M. Daily.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford. Parlor cars between Wilmington and Greensboro.	No. 52. 8:00 P.M. Daily.
No. 62. 3:25 P.M. Daily. Except Sunday	Jacksonville, Newbern and intermediate stations.	No. 63. 12:50 P.M. Daily. Except Sunday
No. 55. 3:45 P.M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Florence, Columbia, Augusta, Atlanta and the West. Charleston, Savannah and all Florida points. All Steel Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington, Augusta and Atlanta. Sleeping cars daily between Wilmington and Asheville.	No. 54. 12:50 P. M. Daily.
No. 57 6:20 P. M. Sunday only	Chadbourn, Conway and intermediate points. Excursion train.	No. 58 9:15 A. M. Sunday only
No. 59. 6:30 P.M. Tues., Thurs. Sat. and Sunday only	Fayetteville and Intermediate stations.	No. 60. 10:15 A.M. Tues., Thurs. Sat. and Sunday only
No. 42. 6:45 P.M. Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains; also Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41 9:50 A.M. Daily.
No. 68 7:30 P. M. Sunday only	Newbern and Intermediate points. Excursion train.	No. 69 10:15 A. M. Sunday only

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager. T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

IN EFFECT SATURDAY, JUNE 3, 1916

WEEK-DAYS

Lv. "Electric Centre"	Lv. Beach.
6.15 A. M.	6.05 A. M.
6.55 A. M.	7.10 A. M.
7.25 A. M.	7.40 A. M.
8.00 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until	8.15 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until
5.30 P. M.	5.45 P. M.
6.10 P. M.	6.20 P. M.
6.30 P. M. and every half hour thereafter until	6.50 P. M. and every half hour thereafter until
11.00 P. M.	7.15 P. M.
12.10 A. M.	11.45 P. M.

Express trains stop at Winter Park Gardens, Sea Gate, Wrightsville and all stations on the Beach.

Lumina Specials will stop at 5th, 7th and 9th Sts., in Wilmington, and at Lumina.

BUSINESS MEN'S EXPRESS

Leaving Lumina daily, except Sunday, at 7:40 A. M., leaving Front and Princess streets daily, except Saturday and Sunday, at 6:10 P. M., stopping at Winter Park Gardens, Sea Gate, Wrightsville and all stations on the Beach.

FREIGHT

Lv. Wilmington	Lv. Beach.
6.00 A. M.	7.05 A. M.
9.30 A. M.	12.15 P. M.
3.30 P. M.	6.15 P. M.
7.00 P. M.	8.15 P. M.

Freight Depot open daily, except Sunday, from 8:00 A. M. until 1:00 P. M., and from 2:00 P. M. until 7:00 P. M.

Freight Depot Telephone, No. 96.

SUNDAYS

Lv. "Electric Centre"	Lv. Beach.
7.00 A. M.	6.40 A. M.
8.30 A.M. and every half hour thereafter until	7.45 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until
11.00 P. M.	9.15 A. M.
12.10 A. M.	11.45 P. M.

Express trains stop at Winter Park Gardens, Sea Gate, Wrightsville and all stations on the Beach.

Lumina Specials will stop at 5th, 7th and 9th Sts., in Wilmington and at Lumina.

FREIGHT

Lv. Wilmington	Lv. Beach.
11.00 A. M.	12.15 P. M.

Freight Depot open 10 to 11 A. M.

Freight Depot Telephone, No. 96.

J. B. McCABE & CO.,
Certified Public Accountants
Room 815 Murchison Bank Bldg.
'Phone: 996. WILMINGTON, N. C.

CLYDE LINE

TO NEW YORK
AND
GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.

Steamship Cherokee, Fri., June 23rd.
Steamship Cherokee, Tues., July 4th.

Wilmington to Georgetown.

Steamship Cherokee, Mon., June 26th.
Steamship Cherokee, Fri., June 26th.

Wilmington to New York.

Steamship Cherokee, Fri., June 30th.
Steamship Cherokee, Tues., July 11th.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO.,
C. J. BECKER, Agent,
Wilmington, N. C.

General Offices: Pier 36 N. R., New York

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

The Progressive Railway of the South.
Effective May 28th, 1916.

DEPARTURE OF TRAINS FROM WILMINGTON:

No. 13—3:55 P. M.—Train for Charlotte and Intermediate Points. PULLMAN PARLOR CAR, WILMINGTON TO CHARLOTTE.

THROUGH DAILY PULLMAN SERVICE WILMINGTON TO ATLANTA — ALL STEEL CARS. ON FRIDAYS, THROUGH SLEEPER TO BIRMINGHAM.

No. 19—5:00 A. M.—Train for Charlotte and Intermediate Points. SLEEPING CAR BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND CHARLOTTE. Open at 10:00 P. M. for Passengers.

**ARRIVAL OF TRAINS AT WILMIN

STEPS TAKEN TO HURRY BUILDING OF WARSHIPS

Sixteen Capital Ships to be Completed in Three Years.

Time Limit Shortened by Sub-Committee at Solicitation of President —Numerous Increases in Programme Adopted.

Washington, June 26.—A provision for completion within three years of the Navy General Board's building programme of 16 capital ships was written into the Naval bill by a Senate subcommittee today on the recommendation of President Wilson.

The sub-committee had previously agreed to accept the board's recommendation for completion by 1922, but reversed itself by a unanimous vote after Secretary Daniels had explained to the committeemen at today's meeting that the President, as well as Navy officials, was anxious that construction be speeded up as much as possible. It is understood information regarding the rate at which European nations are building played an important par in the decision.

Addition of ten destroyers to the building programme for the coming year also was decided on by the subcommittee. That would bring the total vessels of this type authorized for 1917 up to twenty. There were numerous other increases over the construction provisions in the bill as passed by the House, including substitution of eight capital ships next year, four battle cruisers and four dreadnoughts, for the House provision for five battle cruisers and no dreadnoughts. The administration is particularly anxious that at least two dreadnoughts be authorized.

The sub-committee which is composed of Senators Tillman, Swanson and Lodge, expects to report tomorrow to the full committee, which probably will place the bill before the Senate Wednesday.

SEASIDE ASSEMBLY IS CONVENED AT THE BEACH

(Continued from Page Five.)

11:50 A. M.—Biblical Chautauqua Address.

8 P. M.—Music, Special and Congregational.

8:30—Popular Chautauqua Address.

Dr. Hurt Speaks.

Dr. Hurt's address, abounding in apt illustrations of his points, was on the subject of, "The Sunday School, a Man's Job." He said in part:

"I wonder why stress is put on the fact that the Sunday school is a man's job. Is it because women have been on the job all these years and it is desired to awaken men to importance of this work? The women have been doing the work well, and they are the king's noblest workers. It should shame men that they have turned over this sublimely awful task to the already overburdened women. In that sublimely awful task of training the young people in the Sunday school, the men have laid upon the women a great burden. The ordinary layman is represented in the activities of the church by his wife. The Sunday school is a man's job, but it is a woman's job, too.

"This is peculiarly a day of organization, of combination. It is a day of broad view. It is a day when we are trying to get best out of every task we undertake. To get the best possible results from industrial efforts, men have concentrated their minds on the utilization of the by-products of industry until now the by-products are often sold for more than the main product was sold for years ago.

"In Sunday school work, the greatest of all businesses ever established a man will have plenty of opportunity to use his talents for organization for efficiency. All his faculties can be used to advantage. There is a place for every man, woman and child.

"The Sunday school is a school for individualistic development. It is a place where we seek to reach individuals in a direct and personal way. The greatest discovery of the age is the importance of the individual. Back yonder in past ages, they used to count by hundreds. God has always counted by ones. The crowd was never so big that our Saviour did not see it as made of separate and distinct individuals.

"We are coming to see the need of more attention to the development of the individual. In the Sunday school we have the opportunity by the right sort of training and inspiration to call out all that God has put in them. And the best way to do this is the definite, direct and individual teaching by small classes in the Sunday school and that by the 'question and answer' method. I sometimes wonder if we haven't had too much preaching.

"I like the organized classes of the Sunday school. I like the missionary spirit of the work of the Sunday school. I like the idea of the individual teacher having the glorious responsibility of being the pastor of a little flock, and giving direction and aim to their activities in life.

In the course of his very able address, Dr. Hurt took occasion to state that he had often availed of sounding the praises of President Woodrow Wilson, the son of a Presbyterian minister, from the public platform and even from the pulpit for his sterling Christian character, but that now he was sorely confused for the Republicans had confounded him by putting up Justice Charles E. Hughes, the son of a Baptist preacher. "Now what am I going to do next November?" he asked. Continuing, he said:

"There was a beautiful thing that happened when Justice Hughes joined the Cavalry Baptist church in Washington, D. C.; for as Justice Hughes came up one aisle asking for admission to the church and was greeted at the foot of the pulpit by the pastor, Dr. Green, a Chinese laundryman came up the other aisle asking for admission to the same church. In grasping the hand of both, Dr. Green made that wonderfully appropriate remark, 'the ground is level at the foot of the Cross.' And the great statesman turned and took the Chinese laundryman by the hand in Christian democracy."

In conclusion, Dr. Hurt said: "It is the Sunday school that gives us the big ideals. These ideals are fostered by its democracy. One of the finest things about the Sunday school is that when its members assemble, it is a silent confession of the democracy of ignorance. The grey-haired deacon and his little son are both going to the Sunday school 'to learn.' It is a silent confession of the democracy of ignorance. So, let us, both young and old, go into the Sunday school and learn after a while some of the thing that it is important for us to know."

Mr. Watts' Address.

Following his address, Dr. Hurt introduced Mr. T. J. Watts, who in the course of a very able address on the subject of "Class Activities" pointed out the advantages of class organization in that it gives a definitely defined task to the members of the class and its leaders. He declared that the standing committees for organized Bible classes have been done away with, because when a person was appointed to it they never "did anything."

He stated that now the first and second vice presidents of the Bible classes are doing very effective work, the first named in looking after absentees, and the latter in fellowship work—the showing of Christian hospitality to the members of the class and others in social and other ways.

To Organize Association.

Following the addresses at the opening meeting of the Assembly yesterday, a business session was held at which it was decided to provide for the organization of a State association of Baptist organized Bible classes, the details to be worked out by the Sunday school committee of the Baptist State Convention. Rev. Dr. B. W. Spilman, of Kinston, who introduced the resolution, which was adopted unanimously, suggested that possibly it would be best to have two gatherings of representative of organized Bible classes each year, one at the Seaside Assembly for the eastern part of the State and one at Ridgecrest for the western part of the State. He did not think it would be wise to have a State convention of the association for the reason that there are always enough conventions of this kind.

While the attendance was not large at the opening session of the Assembly, there was evidence of deep interest and the Assembly started off under most auspicious circumstances. The devotional exercises were conducted by Rev. L. McB. White, of Monroe, this being a very inspiring feature.

Rev. Dr. B. W. Spilman, field worker of the Sunday School Board, spoke particularly of the need of interesting adults in the Sunday school. He showed how fixed has become the custom for older people to stay away from the Sunday school and declared that it had even happened in many schools that commencement exercises were held, graduating young men and women out of the school. He explained the importance of the Sunday school as an adjunct of the church.

Prof. J. Edward Allen, of Warrenton, told of the wonderful growth of the Baraca and Philathea classes, not only in North Carolina but throughout the entire United States. He was of the opinion that these organized classes of men and women probably served the Sunday school, the church and the denomination better than any other single agency.

Rev. J. T. Watts, of Richmond, Va., who is Sunday school secretary of the Virginia Baptist Convention and who is recognized as one of the leading authorities in the South in the organized class movement, explained the necessity of having a business-like organization in order to do efficient work. There ought to be officers, each with specific duties to perform and all working under the general supervision of the president. He recommended that the first vice president should look after class enlargement, the second vice president after fellowship promotion, the third vice president after the spiritual life of the members of the class. He especially emphasized the necessity of having a competent teacher, not one who could make eloquent addresses but one who will really teach.

At the close of the session Secretary E. L. Middleton called attention to several important features including the splendid exhibit by the Sunday School Board of the Southern Baptist Convention, which is on display in front of the auditorium. This exhibit had been sent down from Asheville, he stated, where it had been on display at the annual meeting of the Baptist Convention in May. He also called attention to a number of books which had been placed on sale. The meeting was closed with the benediction by Rev. Dr. J. J. Hurt, president of the Assembly.

The headquarters of the Assembly are at the Oceanic Hotel near the auditorium. While many of the delegates in attendance are stopping at this hotel, others are being accommodated at other hotels and at the cottages on the beach and quite a few are stopping in the city.

WHEN FAGGED OUT
Take Horsford's Acid Phosphate
It restores energy and strengthens the nerves. With sugar or fruit syrups, is an ideal summer drink.

ELECTED BY PIG'S SQUEAL

Cummings Tells a Bit of History Concerning Andrew Jackson.

(From Washington Post.)

Homer S. Cummings, vice chairman of the Democratic National Committee and committeeman from Connecticut, is said to be an authority on political history. He declared that the greatest events of the nation have been decided by trivial things, and in support of this statement he said:

"A pig caused the election of Andrew Jackson to the Presidency. A farmer, who was on his way to vote for a member of the Legislature heard his pig squeal, and going back he found the pig had been caught in a gate. It took him some minutes to extricate the animal, and when he got to the polling place he found it closed and thus was unable to cast his ballot.

"The candidate for the Legislature for whom he intended to vote was beaten by just one vote. It was all due to the imprisoned pig. The man who was elected to the Legislature by a single vote voted for a certain candidate for United States Senator, who was elected by one vote. Afterward this Senator was called upon to vote on the question of declaring war against Great Britain. That proposition was carried by just one vote.

"War with Great Britain having been decided by just one vote in Congress, there came on, history tells us, the battle of New Orleans. The hero of the battle of New Orleans was Andrew Jackson. His victory over the British there made him the popular hero. As such he was elected to the Presidency. In this chain of events it is the logical deduction that but for the pig that got stuck in the gateway up in Rhode Island Andrew Jackson never would have been elected President of the United States."

New York, June 26.—Manager McGraw, of the New York Giants, has offered to trade Charles Tesreau, pitcher, t othe St. Louis Nationals for Harry Sallee, pitcher, it was announced here tonight. No reply has been received.

Kinston, N. C., June 26.—More than a hundred local militiamen attended a service especially for them in Gordon Street Christian church here yesterday. The pastor, Rev. B. P. Smith, preached an appropriate sermon. More than 500 civilians were present.

ORPET ON STAND TELLS OF THE GIRL'S DEATH

Did Not See Her Take Poison, But Saw Her in Convulsions.

Says "Medicine" He Gave Her Was Only Molasses and Water—Tells of the Two Alibi Letters He Wrote.

Waskegan, Ill., June 26.—Wm. H. Orpet, the 20-year-old University of Wisconsin student, charged with the murder of Marion Lambert, his school girl sweetheart, took the witness stand this afternoon at his trial here and told on direct examination of his meeting with Marion February 9 and of her death. His recital will be resumed tomorrow. He did not see her take poison nor have it about her, he testified, but he saw her dying convulsions.

He supported the theory that the cynaide of potassium which caused death was taken in powdered form and not in solution, as insisted by expert toxicologists called by the prosecution.

"I noticed a white powder on her face and one hand," he said. The "medicine" which he gave her to relieve a supposed delicate condition, he said, was simply molasses and water. He said he knew she could not be incinente, and adopted this subterfuge to relieve her mind, as she kept insisting in letters that she was alarmed over her condition.

Orpet gave an innocent interpretation of the alibi letters which he addressed to his mother and to Marion. In the hands of his friend Otto Peterson, he left the two missives, postdated February 9 to be mailed.

He explained that his own parents would have objected to his making the trip and that Marion's parents objected to him. In case he should be seen and stories carried to either household, he figured that the letters would be taken as proof positive to the contrary.

At the meeting in the woods February 9 he said Marion expressed alarm over her condition and he tried to persuade her that her fears were groundless. He offered her the molasses and water to relieve her supposed condition, but she refused it, saying it was useless.

He suggested that she would better catch her car, and started away, but she called him back and asked if he was going to write to her any more. He said he thought not and started away again.

"Something, I don't know what," made him turn around, he testified. Marion had taken the poison, he could see she was having a convulsion. He returned to her and she had two more tremors. The witness said that he became dazed and remembered oonly fleeing from the woods. He took a train back to Madison.

Orpet was the first witness called by the defense and took the stand immediately after James H. Wilkerson, chief of counsel for the defense, had concluded his opening statement.

INVISIBLE CROWNS

They Were in the Owner's Hearts, Not on Their Heads.

(From the Youth's Companion.)

King Albert of Belgium least of all sovereigns need doubt that he is the desired ruler of a devoted people. But before the tragic test of the great war he was not sure. To Mr. A. E. P. B. Weigall, who has published some interesting reminiscences of his association wit hthe Belgian King, Albert, once said:

"That is the worst of inheriting the throne; there is no telling whether you are the person you would really be chosen to be head of the state. I wish I could have won my throne, as you English say, 'off my own bat.'"

Naturally, feeling it his duty to be not merely a good king, but the king his people would have chosen, the royal democrat has always taken his kingship seriously. Mr. Weigall gives a pretty incident in illustration:

"My small son, on being presented to the king for the first time, stared for concertingly exclaimed, 'Why haven't some moments at him, and then dis you got a crown on your head?'

"The king lifted the boy to his knee, and, putting his hand on his shoulder, said: 'My little boy, I wear my crown in my heart.'

Queen Victoria, dutiful and wise old queen that she was, wore hers there, too, and nowhere else, also to the disappointment of a small child whose ideas of royalty were founded on the princes and princesses of fairy tales. The little girl was an American, whose father, finding that in the course of a coming "progress" the royal carriage must pass below their windows, promised her a sight at the Queen. She was much excited and at once sat down to tell the great news in an ink-spotted little letter to her best friend at home. But after the procession had passed she turned with trembling lips and reproachful eyes to her father.

"I don't mind being fooled, papa, when it's just between you and me," she declare, " but I don't think it was fair fooling to let me tell all the girls I was going to see a real queen when I wasn't. Oh, it's going to be just dreadful having to own up she was nothing but a nice old lady in a bonnet!"

MAY NOT HEAR WELL.

Child Who Appears Stupid May be Bright Enough.

(From Philadelphia Record.)

Children who appear to be stupid in school are in many instances bright enough and appear stupid because their hearing is imperfect. Disease of the nose and throat, as well as impacted wax in the ears, dulls the hearing and a child is unable to hear correctly what is said to him by the teacher.

Seeming stupidity in children is frequently changed by removal of adenoids or by removal of wax from the ears.

If children are deaf (incurably) they should have special training in schools for the deaf. If taken care of in such a place they develop into bright and happy children and become proficient in their studies.

It is well always when a child is believed to be mentally deficient, or even dull and stupid, to find out (by a medical examination) whether or not an inability to hear sounds is at the root of the trouble. It is criminal to deny a child the opportunity to become happy and useful.

London, June 26.—The Greek steamer Nitsa, which sailed from Norfolk on June 5 for Savona, Italy, has foundered in the Mediterranean. Her crew was saved. A Lloyd's despatch from Alicante, Spain, says that thme Nitsa was torpedoed and sank off Cape Palos.

Business Locals

Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words more than 25, One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amount being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge a Western Union Messenger to any address in the city, for advertisements in this department, upon request by 'phone to No. 51. Messengers will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, or advertisements for the Star, but a small charge for Strictly Messenger Service. Telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams and bills will be rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service call "Western Union," but for advertisements always call the Star office, No. 51. Advertisements cannot be taken over the telephone—but upon request messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them. Contract advertising inserted "till forbid" will be discontinued only on written notice from the advertiser.

ORANGES, ORANGES, WATERMELONS —Limes, lemons, spring chickens, fresh eggs and North Carolina country hams. Bear Produce Co. 'Phone 323. No. 19 Market street. je22-7t

"SERVICE FIRST"—FINE COMMERCIAL and job printing. Multigraph fac-simile typewritten letters; direct mail campaigns. "Let Harriss print it." Harriss Typewriting & Adv. Co. fe17-th,sa,tu-tf

WE ARE OFFERING SOME VERY DESIRABLE farms, large and small, for sale. Prices, eleven dollars per acre and upward. Located in growing section of Southside, Va. Victoria Land and Timber Co., Victoria, Va. je23-7t

RELIABLE BILLIARD ROOM MAN wanted. Good pay for the right party. Give references. Address "XML" Care Star. je23-7t

WANTED — TIRED, HOT, SWEATY feet, to be treated with E. Z Feet. Highly antiseptic and results guaranteed. At all drug stores, 15 cents. je25-tf

FOR SALE — CHEVROLET AUTOMObile. In perfect condition; only used six weeks. Apply Einstein Bros., Front and Grace. je27-tf

PEA GREEN ALFALFA HAY — CONceded to be the best in the world. Cheaper than timothy hay. Give it a trial and be convinced. Fly chaser will keep the flies off your stock. John S. McEachern, 211 Market st. je27-1t*

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Hanover Building and Loan Association will be held at the office of the Secretary and Treasurer, No. 207 Princess street, at 8 P. M., Tuesday, June 27th, 1916. je27-1t

BARGAIN — IN ONE HEAVY PAIR mules, suitable for logging. Are in good condition and will do good wok. Price, $240.00. Address "Bargain," care Star. je27-7t

WANTED — A FIRST CLASS SALESman traveling the Carolinas, to take a high grade 5c. Havana cigar as a side line, on commission. Thomas Warters, Rome, Ga. je27-15t

WANTED—TO MEET A YOUNG LADY, preferably one who speaks a little German. Object, matrimony. Address "Young Man," care Star. je27-1t*

REOPENED WEDNESDAY, JUNE 28— Chestnut Street Market Co. Full line of high grade Western and native meats. Fresh vegetables every morning. Country eggs and young chickens. Cut prices on all goods. 'Phone No. 194. G. E. Tilley, Mgr.; 809 Chestnut street. je27-tu,f,su-tf

POTOMAC ACADEMY OPEN FOR SUMmer boarders. Large, cool rooms, electric lights, bath rooms, hot and cold water. Excellent mountain climate, attractive scenery, good fare, reasonable rates. Address Box 12. Romney, W. Va. je27-10t*

ANY INTELLIGENT PERSON MAY earn a good, steady income corresponding for newspapers. We will suggest subjects. No experience required. Address Press Correspondents' Bureau, Washington, D. C. je27-11t*

FOUND — A BUNCH OF KEYS, NEAR 4th and Castle streets. Owner may get same at Star office upon identification and payment for this ad. je27-1t

ICE COLD WATERMELONS, 25 TO 35 cents. Extra choice peaches, fresh in every day. New Irish potatoes, 25 cents per peck; fancy tomatoes, cheap enough for all. All kinds of fancy fresh meats. Batson's Meat Market, 115 Market street. 'Phone No. 72. je27-tf

YOU CANNOT RENT IT, BUT YOU can buy it, and at a reasonable figure, with easy payments. The answer is to 'phone F. A. Lord, 766. je27-1t

WANTED — NEAT COLORED BOY, over eighteen years, with experience as porter. Apply between 6 and 7 P. M., office, 501 Murchison Building. je27-1t

ALL KINDS OF INSURANCE AND Bonds. Can't I serve you? F. A. Lord. je27-1t

LOST — ANN STREET, BETWEEN 2nd and 4th, gold medal and chain. On back is Rachael Grady; on face Improvement in Music. Finder please return to 314 Ann Street. Liberal reward given. je26-1t*

PALM BEACH SUITS CLEANED AND pressed, 35 cents; suits pressed, 25c.; Panama hats cleaned like new, 50c. American Practical Hatter, 128 Market st. je27-1t*

FOR SALE — ROADSTER; $160.00 — Part cash, balance easy terms, buys thoroughly first class roadster, equipped with electric lights, speedometer, clock. Just repainted. Address "C," care Star. je27-1t*

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN TYPEWRITers. Factory rebuilt and second hand. Supplies for all machines. Mail orders given prompt attention. Write for prices on anything you need in the typewriter line. Satisfaction guaranteed. E. W. Thacker, 814 Murchison Bank Building. je18-tf

WANTED — EVERYONE INTERESTed in tuberculosis to write for particulars of Southern Pines Sanitorium, an ideal camping place in the pine woods. Eighteen years successful operation. Located near the state Sanitorium for Tuberculosis. Patients waiting for admission there can be accommodated at our place until time for their admission. Address Edwin Gladmon, M. D., Southern Pines, North Carolina. je23-7t*

NOTICE — TO THE TRAVELING PUBlic, that we have the most complete line of leather suit cases and hand bags; also trunks, in the city, at Uncle Charles' Pawn Shop, No. 6 South Front st.; 'Phone 642. my10-tf

WANTED — TO BUY SOME CHEAP second hand bicycles. Queen City Cycle Co., 309 Market street. 'Phone 862. ap30-tf

SWEET CREAM AND MILK FOR SALE —Pine Grove Dairy Farm. Adolph G. Ahrens, proprietor. 'Phone 936. ma28-tf

QUALITY PRINTING; FACSIMILE EMbossing and engraving; multigraphing, typewriting; Notaries Public. Harriss Typewriting & Adv. Co. fe17-tf

TRUCKERS — WE HAVE CANTAloupe crates for sale. D. J. Hughes & Co., Tabor, N. C. je 24-3t

SEVERAL ROOMS FOR RENT — APply to 420 Walnut street, or 'phone 846-J. je21-7t

FOR RENT—ATTRACTIVE TWO-room apartment, non-housekeeping, in residential section, within one block of Cape Fear Club, at very moderate price; unfurnished; large, light, airy bedroom; cozy sitting room. Modern conveniences, unusual home-like proposition. Address "Moderate," care Star. je 17-tf

FOR SALE — SIX-ROOM COTTAGE AT Winter Park; water, sewerage and lights; located on highest spot in Park; just a hundred yards from station, between shell road and car line. Lot 99x240 feet. Has large barn, servants' quarters and fruit trees. Address "Cottage," care Star. mh33-tf

DID YOU READ "THREE WEEKS," by Eleanor Glyn? You should read her latest one: "The Career of Katherine Bush," now running in the Cosmopolitan Magazine. 'Phone your orders to 745. Gordon Bros. my24-tf

OLD NEWSPAPERS, SUITABLE FOR wrapping or placing under carpets, tied up in neat bundles and for sale at this office, 10 cents per hundred. mh23-tf

SPECIAL PRICES TODAY ON ALL cash purchases. Nice large spring chickens, 3 for $1.00; new Irish potatoes, 25 cents peck or 75 cents bushel; extra good beef roast, 20c pound; large size dressed hens, 65 to 75 cents each; choice native lamb roast, 20 to 25c; full line of fresh vegetables, etc. Cantaloupes, 10c, 3 for 25c. Batson's Meat Market, 115 Market street, phone 72. je 24-tf

CASH FOR OLD FALSE TEETH— Send us your old sets of artificial teeth. We will send $1 for each old set by return mail. Plates may be broken. Best references. Mazar Bros. 42 Mentor Bldg., 39 S. State St., Chicago, Ill. je 24-5t*

AT YOUR SERVICE — ALSO OPEN all day Friday. Never fail to stop in at May's Delicatessen, where you can always get all kinds of prepared meats, cheese, pickles, olives and salad. We also carry a full line of groceries and vegetables. Prompt delivery. 'Phone 1322. 24 No. Front. je22-7t

SHINGLES WANTED — FIVE CARS No. 1 heart juniper, 4x18. Send lowest cash price and state how soon you can ship. J. M. Cake, Godwin, N. C. je22-6t

OUT OF TOWN VISITORS, AUTOMObilists, you are cordially invited to visit the Radiator Hospital while in city. If your radiator leaks, or you smash your fenders, bring your car around. Dr. Klander, on the job. No. 8 So. 2nd st. je22-tf

FOR SALE — 1,000 TONS 7 1-2 PER cent prime cotton seed meal, at a very low price. Wire me, collect, if you are interested; I can sell you. V. B Sharpe, Maxton, N. C. mh9-tf

Vacationists— Do not depend on scratchy pens and muddy inkwells at summer places. Let us show you the NEW TYPE POCKET SELF-FILLING **Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pen** MAKES WRITING A PLEASURE. **C. W. Yates Co.** Books, Stationary and Office Supplies

COTTON All grades carefully handled **W. B. COOPER & CO.** Wilmington, N. C.

Life Insurance and A Bank Book

The American Bank and Trust Company looks with especial favor on the account of the man who has his life well insured. It bespeaks not only foresight and judgment, but also increases the stability of his financial position.

Men are prone to delay this important matter. The first premium is often a seeming obstacle. A special savings accountiat this bank for the purpose of accumulating premiums will remove the difficulties. Life Insurance in good companies will be a constant and growing asset. Periodical deposits in your savings account will provide your premiums without heavy drains on your income at one time.

American Bank & Trust Co.
Wilmington, N. C.

MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK

Capital and Surplus - $1,650,000.00
Resources - - - - - - 8,000,000.00

This Bank stands ready to furnish customers every facility and best possible service.

H. C. McQUEEN, President.
J. W. YATES, V. Prest. — J. V. GRAINGER, V. Prest.
C. S. GRAINGER, Cashier. — M. F. ALLEN, Asst. Cash.
W. S. JOHNSON, Asst. Cash. — J. V. GRAINGER, Jr., Asst. Cash.

"Hot Weather" Clothes That Fit

You'll not have to go far to find Cool Summer Suits—you see them most anywhere. If it was just coolness you were after, a nice white sheet would do.

You want style and fit, in addition to cool comfort—that's another way of saying buy "DAVID'S CLOTHES," made by Hart Schaffner & Marx and other famous makers.

PALM BEACH, COOL CLOTH, FLANNEL, MOHAIR, and DIXIE WEAVES—they're light, breezy, and made up into stylish, perfectly fitting suits. Ideal "hot weather" suits—$7.50 and up.

The A. David Co.
"MEN'S WEAR OF QUALITY"

"Custom" Window Screen Frames

This frame is made heavy and substantial, from selected white pine or basswood. Size of sticks, ⅞x1¾ inches. The side pieces are grooved in the outer edges. Slide-sticks for fastening to the window casings are furnished; also raised mouldings for covering the edge of the wire cloth; and all necessary nails, corner irons and lifts.

The construction is very simple and the frame is easily put together, and when made up looks like a regular custom or made to order screen. Directions with each one.

	Wide	High
No. 3642 Basswood	Size 36x42 in.	
No. 3648 Basswood	Size 36x48 in.	
No. 4242 Basswood	Size 42x42 in.	
No. 4848 Basswood	Size 48x48 in.	

(Packed two dozen in a crate.)

N. Jacobi Hardware Company
10 and 12 South Front Street

All Dealers and Others Using Weights and Measures
ARE HEREBY WARNED
To Have Their Weights and Measures Tested By the Governm't Inspector
G. C. SIMMONS

Liquid measures have been used in the past in the place of dry measures for dry stuff, the purchaser thereby being the loser. This practice is subject to a Fine under the Penalty of the Law.

The Law will be Enforced as to Weights and Measures, in New Hanover County, beginning

Saturday, June 17th, 1916